

LA POSTA: A JOURNAL OF AMERICAN POSTAL HISTORY

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COVER: The lovely illustration gracing our cover this issue is intended to call attention to Randy Stehle's fine article on Auxiliary Markings noting Snow Delays. It is by no means an effort to prognosticate the coming winter's weather. We hope the snow falls softly and in just the right amounts where you live.

AWARDS:

Gold Medal, COLOPEX 1987 Silver Medal, CAPEX 1987 Large Silver Medal, AMERIPEX 1986 Silver Medal, PHILA KOREA, 1984 Silver-bronze, AUSIPEX, 1984

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PUBLISHERS PAGE

Postal Branches & Stations

For the past several years I have been actively involved in publishing a set of post office checklists, which I hope, will eventually include volumes for each and every state. The basic information concerning post office dates of establishment and discontinuance contained in each of these volumes derives from a series of records available from the National Archives entitled "Records of Appointments of Postmasters". These records appear as microfilmed copies of ledger books with handwritten entries by postal employees recording the names of postmasters as they were appointed over the years. Errors of omission and commission are common throughout the series, but over all, the "Records of Appointments" gives us a fairly reliable building block upon which to assemble a listing of state post offices. Various students of postal history have taken advantage of this series over the past four or five decades, and today we have a set of volumes listing all the post offices for most -- but not quite all -- states. The contribution of our La Posta Checklist Series is to offer state post office listings in small, inexpensive booklets with the additional feature of a Scarcity Index to indicate the relative value of postmarks from each post office.

The first volume in our Checklist Series was published in 1988. In the seven intervening years and 16 additional volumes - I have received quite a lot of reader response. Far and away, the most common response received involves a question which goes, "I have a cover postmarked Somename, why doesn't your list include Somename?" Well, sometimes I have had to answer this question with an embarrassed "sorry, my mistake", but more often the reason for the omission is that the cover in question bears the postmark of a postal branch or station. When I explain that the Checklist Series lists only independent post offices, and not branches and stations, I usually receive the logical question, "Why not?" Here, the simple answer is that state by state listings of postal branches and stations have been compiled for only a small number of states. To compile such a list requires a laborious search through the Postal Bulletin, Official Postal Guides, and a variety of other sources. It is a very big job to assemble a listing of branches and stations, and we are fortunate to be able to show you just how big a job it can be by publishing **Dennis Pack**'s new listing of postal branches and stations for the State of Utah in this issue of our journal. Dennis not only provides details of Utah's postal branches and stations, but gives us a model and discusses his various data sources so that we might attempt to undertake a similar project in a state or smaller geographic area of our own choosing.

Dennis also demonstrates that compiling a listing of branches and stations for one's area of interest is very useful collecting aide. Branches and stations have used quite a wide variety of different postmark types, and obtaining examples of some of these markings can be very challenging. Indeed, in my opinion, some of the most difficult to find 20th century postmarks are those which originated at branches and stations. Generally speaking, such markings may not command high prices at a dealers bourse, but that bears little relationship to their true scarcity and is more a factor of how little emphasis they have received in the literature. Obviously, not all postmarks from branches and stations are scarce, but some are, and that is the point. Without a good listing of postal branches and stations to let us know what should exist in the way of postmarks, how can we know which markings are scarce and which are common?

In addition to Dennis' fine article, our November issue also contains another in Gus Spector's insightful pieces dealing with Philadelphia advertising covers; an exploration of snow delayed mail by Randy Stehle; a survey of W.W.II domestic Army forts, barracks, and related military reservations and their postal history; a continuation of Tom Clarke's study of Philadelphia fancy cancels; a glimpse of the postal past of Rolleg, Minnesota by Ron Olin; and a continuation of the Navy Mail Service manual reprint by Bob Munshower.

The third part of **Dan Meschter**'s ground breaking study of "The First Trans-Mountain Mail Route Contracts" will appear in our January issue. Two maps, which should have appeared in the September issue with Part II of Dans study will be found on pages 5 and 6 of this issue.

Richard W. Helbock

POSTAL HISTORIANS ON LINE

The following individuals have expressed an interest in corresponding with other collectors via e-mail. Names are followed by specific interest (where known) and complete e-mail address. If you would like to join this list in future issues of *La Posta*, send us a note via e-mail at laposub@aol.com.

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- rwankel@aol.com

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Mike Wiedemann [Florida p.h. & Cutley Advertising] -- ursula@digital.net

Chuck Yaunk - chuck.yaunk@piney.woodybbs.com

TRACKIMOWICZ LAUNCHES AT-TEMPT TO FORM POSTAL HISTORY NEWSGROUP ON THE INTERNET

Bob Trackimowicz {ak45@cityscape.co.uk] emails the following:

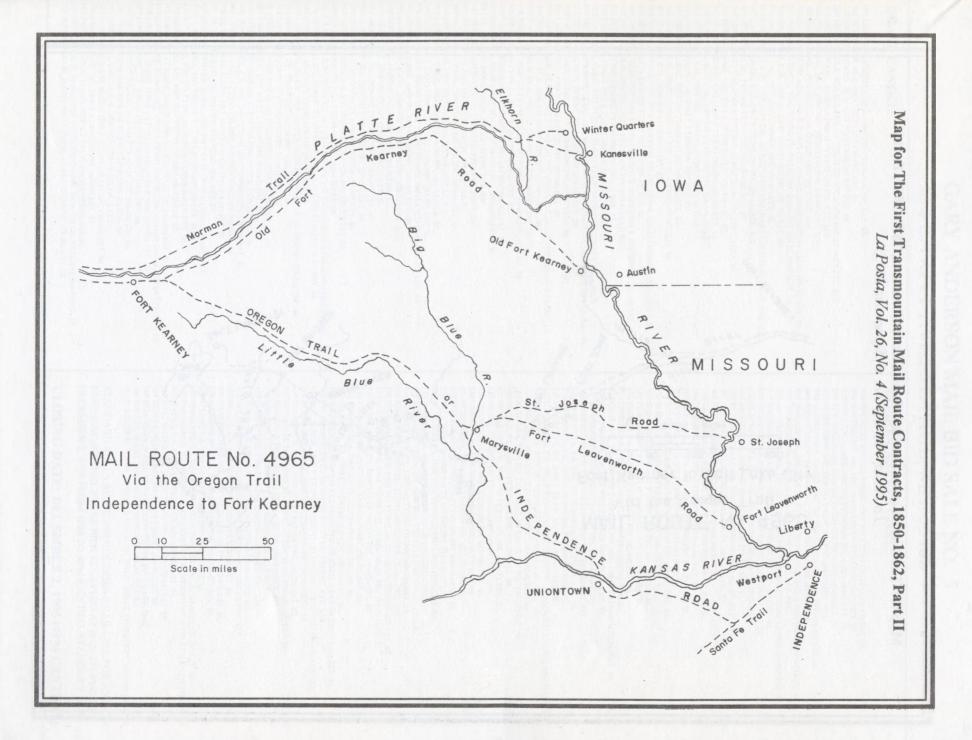
Hello readers of La Posta!!

As some of you might be aware, I have been working on the formation of a postal history newsgroup for the Internet. My plans are finally coming together. The formal Request For Discussion, or RFD, for the postal history newsgroup has been approved by the Usenet moderators and has been posted to the appropriate newsgroups for discussion, the first step in the approval process.

As a reader of *La Posta*, I am pleased to see that Richard has decided to list those of us who are postal historians and users of the Internet in a conspicuous location in his journal.

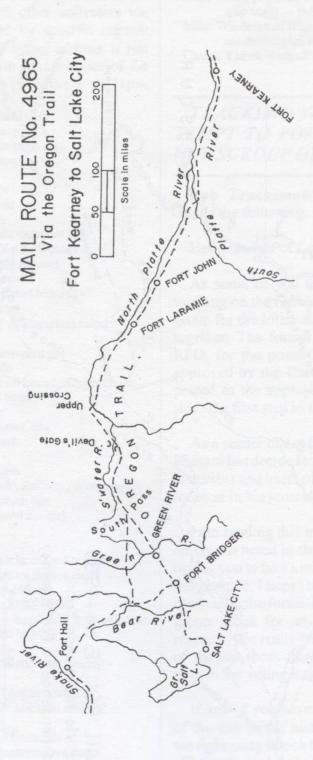
I am sending this message to each of you who is on the list noted in the September 1995 issue. I am urging you to take a minute and post your comments (all positive, I hope) to the newsgroup news.groups concerningthe formation of the postal history newsgroup. Look for an article authored by me and respond. We really need a good showing and a lot of support, both now in the discussion stage and later in the voting stage.

If any of you have any questions on the subject of the new postal history newsgroup, please email me right away. I look forward to your support in this effort to further the hobby that we all enjoy so much.



Map for The First Transmountain Mail Route Contracts, 1850-1862, Part II

La Posta, Vol. 26, No. 4 (September 1995)



GARY ANDERSON MAIL BID SALE NO. 5 698 E. HOYT AVE., ST. PAUL, MN. 55106

DOANE CANCELS

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001 LOWER PEACHTREE, ALA. 1908 VG TY3/#4 ON PPC EST. $5.
 002 MONTROSE, ALA. 1907 VG TY2/#2 ON PPC EST. $5
 003 SAINT BERNARD, ALA. 1913 VG TY3/#4 ON PPC EST. $5
004 METLAKATLA, ALASKA 1908 G+ TY2#1 ON PPC (DAMAGE STAMP) EST. $15.
005 SAINT MICHAEL, ALASKA 1908 G+ TY2#5 ON PPC EST. $15.
006 GRANDVIEW. ARIZ. 1907 VG+ TY2#1 ON PPC (03-08) EST. $35.
 007 MAYER, ARIZ. 1904 VG TY2/#3 ON REG RECIEPT EST. $12
008 GRANDOLAISE, ARK. 1913 G TY2#1 ON COVER (REDUCED AT LEFT) (87/76) EST. $6
009 WHELEN SPRINGS, ARK. 1907 G TY3/#2 ON PPC (ARK O'S ON STAMP) EST. $4.
010 BECKWITH, CAL. 1909 G LIGHT TY2/#5 ON PPC (70-32) EST. $6.
011 BETHANY, CAL. 1907 VG TY2/#4 ON GPC (79/40) EST. $8.
012 CAHUENGA, CAL. 1907 G TY2/#1 AS REC'D ON PPC (BARS OFF CARD) (04-07) EST. $20
 013 CASA VERDUGO, CAL. 1907 F TY3/#1 ON PPC (06-13) EST. $15.
014 DELROSA, CAL. 1907 VG TY2#1 ON PPC (93/58) EST 55.
015 DENVERTON, CAL. 1908 VG TY2#1 AS REC'D ON PPC (58-11) EST. $8.
016 FOREST HOME, CAL. 1924 F TY3/#1 ON PPC (06-60) EST. $5.
017 MOUNT WILSON, CAL. 1909 F TY3/#3 ON PPC (04-65) EST. $5. 018 PLAYA DEL REY, CAL. 1909 VG TY2/#1 ON PPC (04-14) EST. $5. 019 PITTVILLE, CAL. 1907 VG+ TY3/#2 ON PPC (73/61) EST. $5.
020 SOULSBYVILLE, CAL. 1908 F TY3#5 ON PPC EST. $5.
021 TERMINAL. CAL. 1905 VG TY2#5 ON PPC (98-24) EST. $6.
022 VERONA, CAL. 1908 G TY2#2 ON PPC (CAL LIGHT) (97-41) EST. $6.
 023 VINEBURG, CAL. 1908 VG TY1/#2 ON PPC EST. $5
024 WARM SPRINGS, CAL. 1911 VG TY3#3 ON PPC (INGS O/S ON STAMP) (85/60) EST. $6.
025 ARROW, COLO. 1909 VG TY3/#5 ON PPC (05-15) EST. $8.
026 CALCITE, COLO. 1905 VG+ TY2/#1 ON COVER (REDUCED & REPAIRED) (04-30) EST. $15.
 027 DOVER, COLO. 1909 VG LIGHT TY3/#1 ON PPC (05-31) EST. $6
028 ELDORA, COLO. 1909 VG TY2/#6 ON PPC (97-67) EST. $5
029 HALFWAY, COLO. 1906 F TY2/#1 ON PPC (03-17) EST. $5
 030 MATTISON, COLO. 1911 VG(DOUBLED) TY3/#1 ON PPC (89/15) EST. $8.
031 SULPHUR SPRINGS, COLO. 1908 VG TY3/#5 ON PPC (INGS O/S ON STAMP) (94-12) EST. $6
032 TOLLAND. COLO. 1905 VG TY2/#1 ON PPC (04-44) EST. $8.
 033 VIRGINIADALE, COLO. 1910 F TY2/#1 ON PPC (68 67) EST. $6.
034 EMPORIA, FLA. 1908 VG TY3/#1 ON PPC (82-54) EST. $5.
035 HAWKS PARK, FLA. G 1905 TY2 #2 ON PPC (PARK O'S ON STAMP) (84-24) EST. $6.
036 HOLLY HILL, FLA. 1906 VG TY3 #2 ON PPC (77-49) EST. $6.
037 PORT ORANGE. FLA. 1906 VG TY3:#5 ON PPC (67:88) EST. $6.
038 SVEA. FLA. 1906 VG TY3:#3 ON PPC (0:S BY REC MARK.) (97:10) EST. $8.
039 BEAR. IDAHO 1908 G+ TY2:#2 ON PPC (92-63) EST. $6.
040 CABINET, IDAHO 1910 G LIGHT TY2:#1 ON PPC (04-54) EST. $5. 041 MINIDOKA, IDAHO 1908 VG+ TY3:#10 ON PPC (1883/1986) EST. $6.
 042 OLA, IDAHO 1909 G LIGHT TY1/#2 ON PPC EST. $5
043 OREANA, IDAHO 1908 VG TY2:#2 ON PPC (85-82) EST. $6. 044 BOYD, KANS, 1910 VG TY2:#2 ON PPC (04-37) EST. $6.
 045 CLEBURNE, KANS. 1910 VG TY3 #5 ON PPC (86-60) EST. $6.
045 CEBURNE, KANS. 1910 VG 1Y3 **5 ON PPC (86-60) EST, $6.
046 LOCO, KANS. 1909 VG TY2 **1 ON PPC (01-10) EST. $15.
047 MONTANA, KANS. 1911 VG TY3 **2 ON PPC (66-18) EST. $8.
048 MOREHEAD, KANS 1908 VG+ TY2 /* 3 ON PPC (97-54) EST. $6.
049 OTEGO, KANS. 1910 G LIGHT TY2 /**3 ON PPC (ROTATED DIAL) (87-54) EST. $5.
050 PETROLA, KANS. 1909 VG TY3 #1 ON PPC (05-53) EST. $6.
051 POINT VIEW, KANS. 1909 VG TY1 #1 ON PPC (79-12) EST. $15.
 052 BOGGS, KY. 1909 VG TY2/#1 ON PPC (05-14) EST. $12
053 BRADY, KY. 1908 VG TY3 #1 ON PPC (05-35) EST. $6.
054 BRASHEAR, KY. 1909 VG TY2 #1 ON PPC (95-31) EST. $7.
055 COSTELOW, KY. 1909 VG TY3 #1 ON PPC (85-33) EST. $6
055 COSTELOW, KY, 1909 VG TY3#1 ON PPC (85-33) EST, $6
055 DORENA, KY, 1919 VG+ TY 3#1 ON COVER (06\(^{1}\)0) EST, $6.
057 DRENNON SPRINGS, KY, 1906 G TY2\(^{1}\)1 PO PPC (85\(^{1}\)14) EST, $8.
058 FACTORY, KY, 1911 VG TY2\(^{1}\)1 ON PPC (86\(^{1}\)13) EST, $8.
059 GLASGOW JUNCTION, KY, G TY2\(^{1}\)2\(^{1}\)5 ON PPC (NCTION O\(^{1}\)5 ON STAMP) (63\(^{3}\)38) EST, $6.
060 HOPEWELL, KY, 1908 G- TY3\(^{1}\)1 ON PPC (ELL O\(^{1}\)5 ON STAMP) (74\(^{5}\)7) EST, $5.
061 JOPPA, KY, 1912 VG+ TY2\(^{1}\)1 ON PPC (94\(^{4}\)1) EST, $6.
062 LAYTONSVILLE, KY, 1908 VG TY3\(^{1}\)2\(^{1}\)2 ON PPC (ILE O\(^{1}\)5 ON STAMP) (90\(^{1}\)1) EST, $8.
063 MANITOU, KY, 1910 F TY3\(^{1}\)2 ON PPC (82\(^{4}\)1) EST, $6.
064 MYFERS, KY, 1907 VG TY2\(^{1}\)1 ON PPC (82\(^{4}\)1) EST, $6.
 065 NED, KY. 1930 F TY2 #1 ON PHIL ATELIC COVER (86-84) EST. $6.
066 SAMUELS, KY. 1909 VG TY2 #2 ON PPC (94-87) EST. $5.
067 SPEIGHT, KY. 1936 VG TY2 #1 ON PHILATELIC COVER EST. $6.
068 TEMPLE HILL, KY. 1911 VG+ TY2 #1 ON STAINED PPC (58/34) EST. $6.
069 UCUM, KY. 1931 G TY2 #1 ON PHILATELIC COVER(98-34) EST. $6
070 BEACHWOOD, MAINE 1911 VG TY3 #2 ON PPC (95 18) EST. $8
 071 BURKET IVILLE, -ME. 1913 VG TY1 #2 ON PPC EST. $7
072 BUXTON CENTER, MAINE 1909 VG TY3#2 ON PPC (1824-1923) EST. $7. 073 CLARKS MILL, ME. 1904 VF TY1#2 ON GPC (89-08) EST. $15. 074 EGYPT. ME. 1905 VG TY1#1 AS B/S ON COVER (84-20) EST. $6.
074 GETTEL ME. 1900 VG TTF#1 AS BS ON COVER (84-20) EST. $6.
075 GREENLAKE, ME. 1909 VG+TY2 #2 ON GPC (90-72) EST. $7.
076 HAMPDEN CORNER, MAINE 1908 VG TY3:#5 ON PPC (53-09) EST. $6.
077 KENNEBUNK BEACH, ME. 1905 G TY2:#5 ON PPC (BEACH O'S ON STAMP)(83-72) EST. $5.
078 LOOKOUT, MAINE 1936 F TY3:#1 ON PHILATELIC GPC (94-76) EST. $6.
079 MARANCOOK, ME. 1907 G TY2 #3 ON PPC (91-42) EST. $6.
080 MEDFORD CENTER, ME. 1913 VG TY1 #2 ON PPC (60-40) EST. $8.
081 MEREPOINT, MAINE 1908 VG TY3:#1 ON PPC (95-73) EST. $6.
082 NEW PORTLAND. MAINE 1908 VG+ TY1/#3 ON PPC EST. $5.
083 NORTH BALDWIN, MAINE 1955 F TY3/#2 ON LD GPC (59-55) EST. $6.
084 PARKERHEAD, ME. 1909 F TY2/#2 ON PPC (43-34) EST. $7.
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085 PATTAGUMPUS, MAINE 1909 VG TY1/#1 ON PPC (53/35) EST.\$8

086 PROUTS NECK, MAINE 1906 VG TY2/#5 ON PPC (ECK O'S ON STAMP) (73-67) EST. \$5. 087 SOUTH HOLLIS, MAINE 1907 F TY3/#1 AS REC'D ON PPC (78-08) EST. \$8.

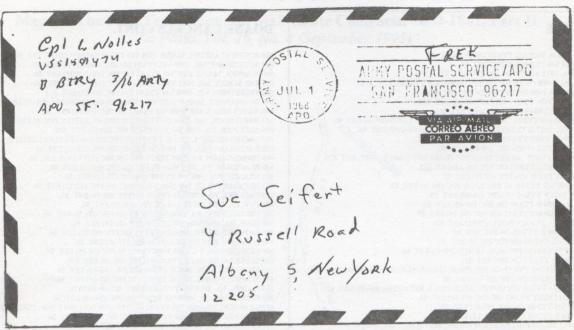
DOANE CANCELS CONT.

088 SOUTH STANDISH, MAINE 1908 VG TY3/#1 ON PPC (32/17) EST. \$8 089 SOUTHPORT, ME. 1907 VG TY1/#1 ON PPC (1851/1975) EST. \$7 090 SUMNER, MAINE 1909 VG TY3/#2 ON PPC (1811-1935) EST. \$6. 091 THE FORKS, ME. 1911 VG TY2/#3 ON PPC (1831-1966) EST. \$6. 092 TREFETHEN, ME. 1908 VG TY2/#1 ON PPC (04-13) EST. \$12. 093 WEBHANNET, MAINE 1907 VG TY3/#2 AS REC'D ON PPC (93-63) EST. \$5. 094 WESTS MILLS, ME. 1909 VG TY1/#2 ON PPC (93-34) EST. \$8 095 WHITEROCK, ME. 1906 G+ TY2/#1 ON PPC (SLIGHTLY BOUBLED) (60-17) EST. \$7 096 ANDOVER, PA. 1909 VG TY1/#1 ON PPC (03/41) EST. \$10. 097 ARCHSPRING. PA. 1911 G TY2/#2 ON PPC (SOME LETTERS LIGHT) (95-16) EST. \$5. 098 BACHMANVILLE, PA. 1906 G+ TY1/#2 ON PPC (72-42) EST. \$8. 099 BIRMINGHAM, PA. 1908 VG TY3/#2 ON PPC (1817-1963) EST. \$6. 100 BLACKGAP, PA. 1911 VG+ TY1/#2 ON PPC (95-30) EST. \$8. 101 BRANDT, PA. 1908 VG TY3/#3 ON PPC (75-32) EST. \$6 102 BUCKMANVILLE, PA. 1906 VG TY3/#2 ON PPC (62-22) EST. \$6. 103 CALVERT, PA. 1907 VG TY3/#1 ON PPC (98-35) EST. \$7. 104 CLY, PA. 1906 VG TY2/#4 ON PPC (98-38) EST. \$6. 105 CROSS CREEK, PA. 1906 VG TY2 #1 ON PPC (00-72) EST. \$6 106 DIME, PA. 1909 VG+ TY2/#2 ON PPC (81-14) EST. \$6. 107 EATONVILLE, PA. 1911 G+ TY2.#2 ON PPC (92-22) EST. \$6. 108 ECHO, PA. 1911 VG TY3/#2 ON PPC (57-40) EST. \$6. 109 EIGHTYFOUR, PA. 1910 VG TY3/#5 ON PPC (98-65) EST. \$5 110 ELBERTA, PA 1912 F TY3:#1 ON PPC (06-15) EST. \$12. 111 EMMAVILLE, PA. 1911 F TY3#1 ON PPC (62-33) EST. \$8. 112 FLAGSTONE, PA. 1911 G TY2#3 ON PPC (83-09) EST. \$8 113 FLORIN, PA. 1913 VG TY3/#5 ON PPC (82-68) EST. \$6. 114 FREESTONE, PA. 1907 VG TY2#? ON PPC (89-54) EST. \$6 115 GRAFTON, PA. 1909 VG TY2#2 ON PPC (ON O/S ON STAMP) (73-25) EST. \$6. 116 GREENBRIER, PA. 1908 VG TY3/#1 ON PPC (37-34) EST. \$6. 117 GUMBLES, PA. 1911 VG TY3.#1 ON PPC (00-14) EST.\$10. 118 HAMILINTON, PA. 1908 VG TY2/#3 ON PPC (29-09) EST. \$12. 119 HENRIETTA. PA. 1911 VG TY3/#2 ON PPC (72-35) EST. \$6. 120 HICKS RUN, PA. 1907 G TY3 #1 ON PPC (05-12) EST. \$12. 121 IRISHTOWN, PA. 1907 F TY2#1 ON PPC (86-14) EST. \$8. 122 KAUFFMAN, PA. 1906 F TY1/#2 AS REC'D ON PPC (DAMAGED STAMP) (89-15) EST. \$5. 123 KILMER, PA. 1909 VG TY2/#2 ON PPC (90-34) EST. \$6. 124 KIRBY, PA. 1910 VG+ TY2 #2 ON PPC (1837-1954) EST. \$6 125 KUHN, PA. 1910 VG TY3.#1 O'S AS REC'D ON PPC (84-16) EST. \$6. 126 MANCE, PA. 1908 G TY2.#1 ON PPC (92-28) EST. \$6. 127 MOSGROVE, PA. 1911 VG TY3#5 ON PPC (82-28) EST. \$5. 128 NEALE, PA. 1907 VG TY3#3 ON PPC (89-08) EST. \$5. 128 OREGEN, PA. 1907 VG TY2#3 ON PPC (83-56) EST. \$5. 130 OREGON, PA. 1906 VG TY1/#2 ON PPC (83-56) EST. \$5. 131 PENMAR, PA. 1908 VG TY2#3 ON PPC (83-67) EST. \$6. 132 PLOWVILLE, PA. 1908 VG TY2 =1 ON PPC (94-11) EST. \$8. 133 PROCTOR, PA. 1910 VG TY3:#2 ON PPC (85-53) EST. \$6 134 RUTLAND, PA. 1908 VG TY2 #3 ON PPC (1828-1957) EST. \$6 135 SCHOENECK, PA. 1908 VG TY2.#2 ON PPC (1837-1973) EST. \$6. 136 SMITHS STATION, PA. 1906 VG+ TY2.#1 ON PPC (94-42) EST. \$6. 137 SPRINGVALE, PA. 1907 VG TY2 #1 ON PPC (79-18) EST. \$7. 138 SPRUCE, PA. 1905 VG+ TY2 #1 ON COVER (70-06) EST. \$25. 139 STOKESDALE, PA. 1907 VG TY3 #3 AS REC'D ON PPC (77-09) EST. \$8. 140 SUEDEBERG, PA. 1908 VG TY2:#2 AS REC'D ON PPC (84-34) EST. \$5. 141 TWIN LAKES, PA. 1910 VG TY3 #1 ON PPC (06-65) EST. \$5. 142 VINTAGE, PA. 1907 VG+ TY2:#2 ON PPC (89-41) EST. \$6. 143 WADDLE, PA. 1907 VG TY2 #2 ON PPC (92-25) EST. \$6. 144 WARWICK, PA. 1935 F TY2#2 ON LD GPC (68-35) EST. \$8. 145 WRIGHTS, PA. 1907 VG TY2#2 ON PPC (SLIGHTLY DOUBLED) (74-63) EST. \$5. 146 CULEBRA, PUERTO RICO 1910 VG TY3/#2 ON PPC. EST. \$20. 147 BOZ, S. DAK. 1909 F TY3 #1 AS REC'D ON PPC (STAMP GONE) (86-09) EST. \$15. 148 BURDETTE, S. DAK. 1908 VG TY3/#3 ON PPC (83-20) EST. \$8. 149 MANILLA, S. DAK. 1907 VG TY2 #2 ON PPC (98-28) EST. \$8 150 NOWLIN, S. DAK. 1908 VG TY2.#1 AS REC'D ON PPC (90-63) EST. \$6. 151 ORMAN, S. DAK. 1912 G TY3.#1 ON PPC (06-14) EST. \$15. 152 RIDGE, S. DAK. 1909 F TY2.#1 ON PPC (86-10) EST. \$12. 153 OLMUS, TEX. 1904 F TY2 #1 ON COVER (79-05) EST. \$25 154 ZORN, TEX. 1905 VG + TY2/#2 ON COVER (91-06) EST. \$25. 155 GOLD SPRINGS, UTAH 1907 VG TY3/#1 ON PPC (06-12) EST. \$35. 156 BEACH, VA. 1908 VG+ TY2/42 ON PPC (90-54) EST. \$6 157 CRABBOTTOM, VA. 1908 VG TY2.#2 ON PPC (82-45) EST. \$6. 158 GAINESBORO, VA. 1909 VG TY1.#2 ON PPC (93-67) EST. \$8. 159 MAJOR, VA. 1911 VG TY3.#1 ON PPC (84-32) EST. \$6. 160 OPEQUON, VA. 1908 VG TY2:#1 ON PPC(ON O/S ON STAMP) (76-48) EST. \$6. 160 OPEQUON, VA. 1908 VG 112*1 ON PPC (ON O'S ON STAMP) (76-48) EST. 86. 161 PARNASSUS, VA. 1911 VG BLUE TY2*#1 ON COVER (SUS O'S ON STAMP) (39-58) EST. \$6. 162 WADES, VA. 1909 VG+ TY2*#1 ON PPC (94-10) EST. \$8. 163 WELLWATER, VA. 1906 F TY2/81 ON COVER (58-44) EST. \$8 164 DOWNS, WASH. 1911 VG TY2 #1 ON PPC (02-30) EST. \$8. 165 ELECTRON, WASH. 1910 VG TY2 #1 ON PPC (03-43) EST. \$6. 166 FOREST, WASH. 1909 VG TY3 #5 ON PPC (86-34) EST. \$6 167 PLAINVIEW, WASH, 1908 G O S TY3 #1 ON PPC (SOME LETTERS LIGHT) (05-10) EST, \$15.

STANDARD RULES APPLY. PHOTOCOPIES AVAILABLE FOR AN SASE MINIMUM BID \$3.00. PHONE BIDS ACCEPTED AT (612) 771-9142 ON DECEMBER 2, 1995 FROM 1PM TO 9PM (CENTRAL STANDARD TIME).

CLOSING DATE: DECEMBER 2, 1995 (9PM CENTRAL)

"In The Bars"



During the Vietnam War, to many veterans, being "in the bars" often had a meaning quite different than the one that is being explored here. In this case, it refers to the only recorded example of a combat zone machine cancel that has the APO number, a slogan, or other information contained within the bars of the cancel.

APO 96217 was the number assigned to U.S. Forces stationed in and around Duc Pho, Quang Ngai Province, Republic of South vietnam. Prior to 1967, this area, infamous as a VC/NVA haven, had been the responsibility of the U.S. Marine Corps. In early 1967 the corps turned operational control of this area over to elements of the 101st Airborne, the 196th Light Infantry Brigade, parts of the 173 rd Airborne, and the 3rd Brigade of the 25th Infantry Division as well as the corresponding combat support units. What emerged from this composite force was the ill-starred and misfortune plagued 23rd Infantry Division, better known to American television viewers as the Americal Division. It was during this, the transition period, that APO 96217 was established at Duc Pho. The APO remained in support of the Americal Division Intil the division departed the Republic of Vietnam in both November and December, 1971.

This particular cover, mailed three and a half months after the infamous massacre occurred at the Viet Cong controlled village of My Lai 4 had been posted by an artilleryman assigned to the 3rd Battalion, 16th Artillery, one of six such battalions (and one battery) assigned to the "Metrecal." Two days prior to the mailing, the 3rd of the 16th had concluded its part in *Operation Chattahoochie* a successful large scale combined search and destroy operation in the Ha Thanh, Base Area 121, and the Duc Pho Area.

As noted earlier, no other examples of cancels with APO numbers in the bars have been recorded. I would appreciate if any of our readers have information on, or examples of, "in the bars" type cancels used by units in the combat zone. I have been told that similar cancels were used by both the 9th and 25th Infantry Divisions. I can be reached at: R. Munshower, P.O. Box 3484 Boulder, Colorado 80307.

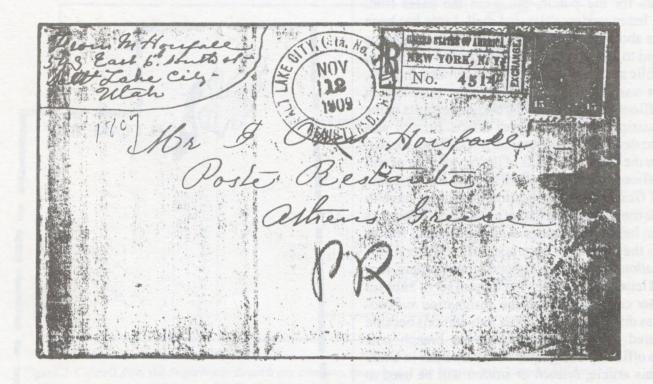


Figure 1. Station No. 1 of the Salt Lake City Post Office operated 1900-59. The above cover was sent registered to Greece.

THE BRANCH POST OFFICES OF UTAH

by Dennis H. Pack

Most people who live in large or medium-size communities take branch post offices for granted. They visit them to buy stamps or mail packages, and think of them as "the post office". They stop at customer service counters in supermarkets without realizing that the sign "post office" often means there is a branch post office at the store. Without branch post offices, mail service would be a lot less convenient. Mailing a package or picking up insured mail would involve a lot more time and travel than it does today.

Studying branch post offices can tell about settlement patterns in a state or community, how commerce developed and what military installations and communities sprang up during times of war. Branch post offices have been around as long as most people can remember, but they are often overlooked by postal historians, and their cancels are not particularly popular with collectors.

This article considers the development of branch post offices in the State of Utah, lists the units and

their dates of existence, and starts a listing of the designs of the postmarks of these branches. It also mentions the collecting of Utah branch post office postmarks and sources of information. To keep the topic manageable, the article will not include rural branches, rural stations, community post offices, money order branches, COD units, retail store service counter postal units not listed in the *The Postal Bulletin*, *Postal Guide*, *Directory of Post Offices*, or *National Zip Code Directory*, and temporary stations established at philatelic or other events.

At the outset, it is useful to understand some terms. Branch post office is used in this article in its broadest sense to refer to any postal unit, named or numbered, which supplies services to the public and reported to or is currently under a post office. The terms branch, station and sub-station have been used to describe the units discussed in this article. Initially, station was used to describe all branch post offices. Most sold stamps, received parcels, issued money orders, and registered letters and parcels. A few, referred to as carrier stations, did not provide

services for the public, but were the bases from which letter carriers delivered mail. Little has been written about these. In the late 1890s, the emphasis changed to full stations, which provided services to the public and were bases for letter carriers. In 1908, station was narrowed to refer to only those branch post offices located inside the corporate limits of the city housing their parent post office. Branch was used to designate those branch post offices located outside the corporate limits of the city of their parent post office. Branches were listed separately in the Postal Guide and their postmarks did not have to include the name of the parent post office. This was done to help communities with branches to feel as though they had their own post office. After 1897, sub-stations sold stamps, issued money orders, registered letters and parcels, but did not serve as bases for letter carriers. Use of the designation sub-station was discontinued in 1902. Sub-stations became numbered stations. There were no branch post offices officially designated as sub-stations in Utah.

In this article, branch or station will be used to refer to particular offices. Branch post office will be used in a broad sense to include both branches and stations

Starting about 1910, the terms contract and classified were used to describe branches and stations. A classified branch or station is one which is staffed by career post office or postal service personnel. Contract branches or stations are staffed by non-post office or non-postal service personnel. Most are located in businesses, colleges and universities or state government units.

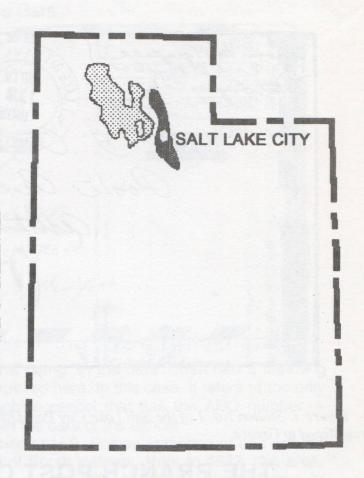
There have been seven basic motives for establishing branch post offices:

1) providing additional window service for the receipt and dispatch of mail, and selling stamps and other postal supplies,

2) consolidating small post offices with adjacent larger post offices, often to extend carrier delivery service into areas where it would not otherwise be authorized, outside the previous boundaries of a city,

3) providing postal service to the armed services or other facilities during time of war or mobilization,

4) providing seasonal service to resorts or hotels during the vacation season, or businesses during the Christmas holiday season,



Map 1. The highest population density in Utah is along the front of the Wasatch Mountains in the dark shaded area on the above map. It is here that most of Utah's branch post offices have been located

5) providing temporary service at fairs, aviation shows or philatelic and other events,

6) providing convenient service in businesses and buildings where large quantities of mail are handled, and

7) facilitating the transfer of money between federal reserve banks.

Branch post offices were established in Utah for five of these:

1) to establish additional window service in larger cities,

2) to consolidate small post offices with those in larger cities and establishing carrier delivery service,

3) to provide postal service to the armed services or others during time of war or mobilization,

4) to provide temporary service at fairs, aviation shows or philatelic and other events, and

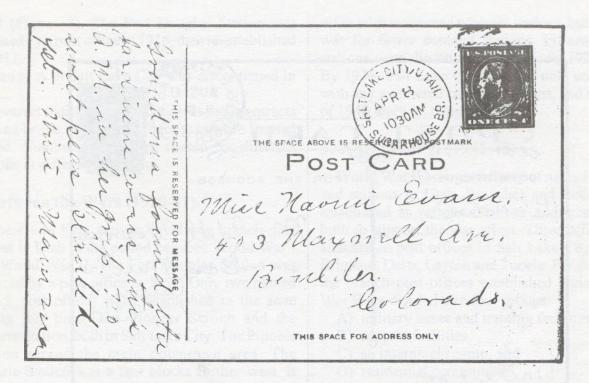


Figure 2. Cancels from the Sugarhouse Branch are common, even though the branch only lasted a little over two years. The name was changed from and to the Sugarhouse Station.

5) to provide convenient service in businesses.

In reviewing the development of branch post offices in Utah, it is useful to break the study into four time periods:

- 1. Before the end of World War I (1899-1919).
- 2. Between the wars (1919-1941).
- 3. World War II (1941-1946).
- 4. Since World War II (1946-date).

There was no need for branch post offices in Utah until just before the turn of the century. The population of Utah had grown from the original 147 pioneers in 1847 to more than 210,000 people in 1890, 93,000 of whom were clustered along the front of the Wasatch Mountains. (See Map 1.) The 1900 census recorded a population of 277, 000, with 120,000 settled along the Wasatch front, which reaches from Ogden to Provo. In the 1910 census, 373,000 people were found in Utah, with 187,000 of them living along the Wasatch front. It was here that the first Utah branch post offices were established.

1. Before the end of World War I (1899-1919).

Branch post offices were established in four Utah communities before the end of World War I: Logan, Ogden, Provo and Salt Lake City. Named stations replaced post offices in three small communities adjacent to Salt Lake City and a military post: Sugar (Sugarhouse Station) and Calderpark in 1899, Fort Douglas in 1900 and Murray in 1901. Classified stations designated by the letter A were established in both Ogden and Salt Lake City, and a total of 43 numbered contract stations were established in the four cities

The most important motive for the establishment of these branch post offices was to make available additional window service, although city delivery could have been extended into Sugar, since known as Sugarhouse, and Murray. Calder's Park was an amusement park located at the present site of the Nibley Park golf course.

When the Post Office Department distinguished between branches and stations in 1908, the Calderpark, Murray and Sugarhouse stations all became branches because they were outside the corporate boundaries of Salt Lake City. The Sugarhouse Branch was redesignated a station in 1910, after the area was incorporated into Salt Lake City (Figure 2). The Calderpark Branch was discontinued in

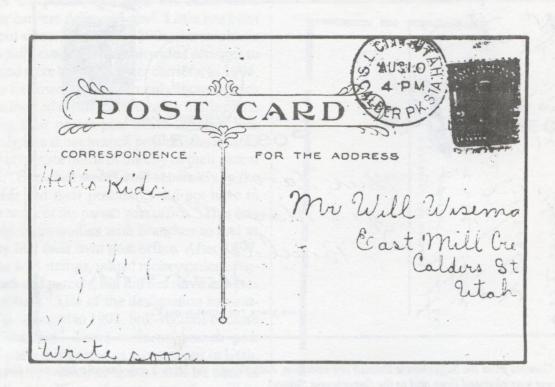


Figure 3. The Calderpark Station was the second branch post office in Utah. It replaced the Calderpark Post Office which had only been open six months.

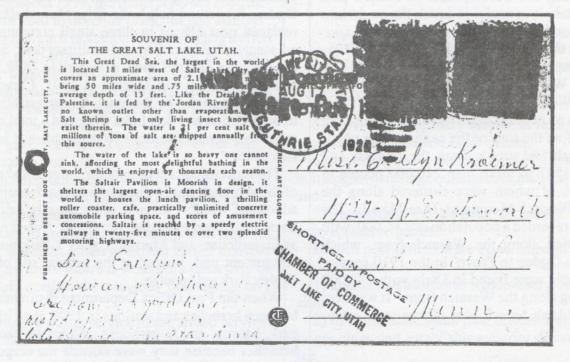


Figure 4. Close scutiny of this card reveals that it bears two Guthrie Station postmarks dated a day a part. Visitors to Salt Lake City often sent home post cards with a bag of salt attached. They sometimes paid one penny in postage, not realizing that the bag required an extra penny. The Salt Lake City Chamber of Commerce arranged to pay the extra penny, so the addresse would not have to pay postage due. The above card bears a "held for postage" marking and a notation that the Chamber had paid the extra postage. They stopped doing this in the 1950s.

1914 (Figure 3). The Fort Douglas Station was replaced by a post office in 1916, then re-established in 1917.

Station A in Salt Lake City was discontinued in 1913.

Contract stations came and went as their contracts expired or the businesses where they were located folded. Numbers were often reused for different stations in different locations.

2. Between the Wars (1919-41).

There was little activity involving branch post offices in Utah in the period between World War I and World War II. The Fort Douglas Station was replaced by a post office in 1921. Only two named branch post offices were established in the state during this time: The Pioneer Station and the Guthrie Station, both in Salt Lake City. The Pioneer Station served the main downtown area. The Guthrie Station was a few blocks further west. It came into existence in 1923, then was discontinued in 1933 when a new main Salt Lake City post office building opened (Figure 4).

Salt Lake City was still the only community with named stations. Station A continued in Ogden, and Bingham Canyon was added to the list of communities with numbered contract stations, but the trend was for fewer contract stations. Fifteen contract stations were discontinued in March, 1929, alone. By 1936, Salt Lake City was the only community with any numbered contract stations, and at the end of 1940, only 12 remained.

3. World War II (1941-45)

World War II brought a flurry of named branches and stations to Utah. Branches and stations were established at various facilities and communities built to support the war effort. These offices were attached to post offices in Salt Lake City, Ogden, Brigham, Delta, Layton and Tooele. For discussion, the branch post offices established during World War II are divided into four groups:

- A) military bases and training facilities,
- B) support facilities,
- C) an internment camp, and
- D) residential communities.

A. Military bases and training facilities.

The branch post offices at military bases in Utah were established starting in 1942 as the country mobilized for war. The Army Air Corps had built

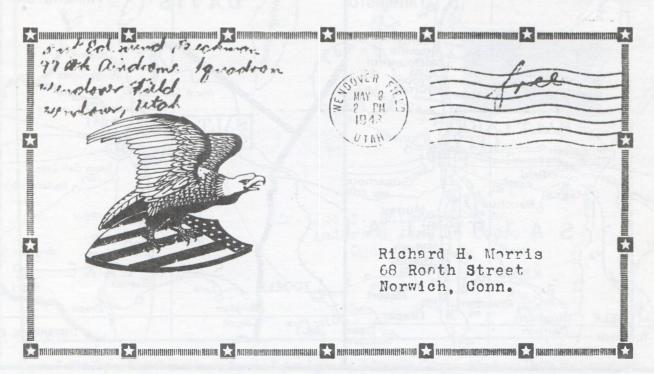


Figure 5. Patriotic envelopes are often seen from branch post offices during World War II. The above cover was franked "free" and mailed from the Wendover Field Branch. Bomber crews were trained at Wendover Field.

Hill Field south of Ogden in 1939 to be an in-land air base which would be secure from enemy attack. Hill Field greatly expanded during World War II. The Hill Field Branch was attached to the Ogden Post Office.

The Army Air Base Station was established at the Salt Lake City airport. It was to have been designated the Army Air Base Branch, but this was changed to the Army Air Base Station before it opened. The name was changed to the Air Base Station five months later.

The Fort Douglas Post Office was once again replaced by the Fort Douglas Station. One of the functions of Fort Douglas was the housing of German prisoners of war, as it was during World War I

The Kearns Branch was established to serve the Kearns Army Air Field Facility. The Kearns facility was used to train air corps personnel. It housed up to 40,000 airmen.

The Wendover Field Branch was also attached to the Salt Lake City Post Office, even though it was located more than 100 miles west of Salt Lake City near the Utah-Nevada border. Wendover Field, the largest military reservation in the state, was used for training bomber crews, including those which dropped the atomic bombs on Japan. During the war, the Wendover Post Office was replaced by the Wendover Field Branch (Figure 5).

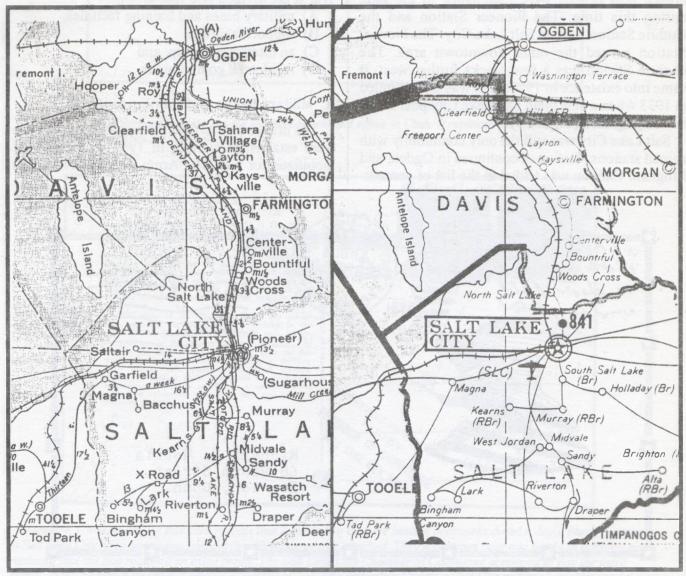


Figure 6. Sections of the 1944 (left) and 1970 (right) Utah State Postal Maps showing some branch post offices of the Ogden, Clearfield, Layton, Salt Lake City and Tooele post offices. The 1944 map does not show branch post offices at military installations. The 1970 map mislabels Kearns, Murray and TAD Park as rural branches. They were branches.

B) Support facilities.

Most support facilities in Utah were concerned with providing materiel for the war in the Pacific, but one rehabilitated wounded personnel. A number of installations were built near Ogden because of excellent rail and other transportation facilities.

The Bushnell General Hospital Station was established with Brigham, now Brigham City, as its parent post office. It served as a surgical and rehabilitative center 1942-46.

The Clearfield Naval Supply Depot was built in 1942. It was originally served by NPO 10295 which later became the Naval Supply Depot Branch of Ogden.

The Utah General Depot provided war materiel to the Pacific, but also manufactured and repaired transportation and other items. The Quartermaster Depot Station, attached to Ogden, was located there.

C) internment camp.

The Topaz Japanese Relocation Camp was established in a windswept area northwest of Delta. Sections of the 1944 (left) and 1970 (right) *Utah State Postal Maps* showing some branch post offices of the Ogden, Clearfield, Layton, Salt Lake City and Tooele post offices (Figure 6). The 1944 map does

not show branch post offices at military installations. The 1970 map mislabels Kearns, Murray and TAD Park as rural branches. They were branches.

The Topaz Japanese Relocation Camp was built in a windswept ancient lake bottom northwest of Delta. Residents of Japanese descent from the west coast were brought to Topaz because they were thought to be a threat to national security. Many were families with children who had been taken from their homes to live in this bleak, barren place. The Topaz Branch of the Delta Post Office was located at the camp (Figure 7).

D) Residential communities.

As the number of military bases and facilities in Utah grew, so did the need for housing for workers and their families. Several new communities were served by branch post offices.

Sahara Village was built to house workers at the bases and facilities south of Ogden. The Sahara Village Branch was attached to the Layton Post Office.

Washington Terrace is just south of Ogden. The Washington Terrace Branch opened in 1944.

The Tooele Ordinance Depot started in 1942 to provide war materiel and ordinance repair service

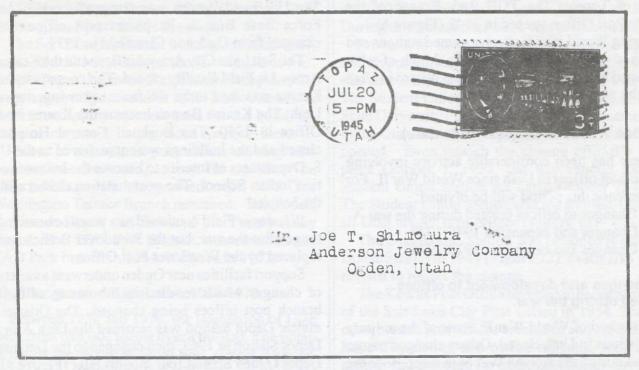


Figure 7. The Topaz Branch was located at the Topaz Japanese Relocation Camp northwest of Delta, the parent post office for the branch.

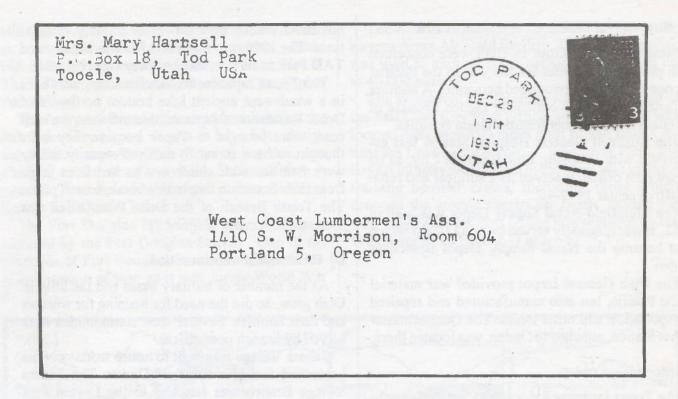


Figure 8. TOD Park was a residential community for the Tooele Ordinance Depot south of Tooele. The postmark is from the TOD Park Branch of the Tooele Post Office.

support to the Pacific Theater. TOD Park was a small community located just outside the depot and south of Tooele. The TOD Park Branch of the Tooele Post Office opened in 1943 (Figure 8).

During World War II, twelve named stations and branches were established in Utah. Much of what happened with regard to branch post offices in Utah after the war involved these units.

4. Since World War II (1946 to date).

There has been considerable activity involving branch post offices in Utah since World War II. For convenience this period will be divided:

- A) Changes to offices created during the war.
- B) Changes and expansion 1946-1970.
- C) Changes and expansion 1970-1995.

A) Changes and development to offices created during the war.

At the end of World War II, some of the military installations in Utah closed. Others changed names or roles during the Korean War or in response to the Cold War.

When the U. S. Army Air Corps became the U. S. Air Force, Hill Field became Hill Air Force Base. The Hill Field Branch was renamed the Hill Air Force Base Branch. Its parent post office was changed from Ogden to Clearfield in 1979.

The Salt Lake City Army Air Base and the Kearns Army Air Field Facility closed. The community of Kearns was said to be the fastest growing city in Utah. The Kearns Branch became the Kearns Post Office in 1950. The Bushnell General Hospital closed and the buildings were transferred to the U. S. Department of Interior to become the Intermountain Indian School. The postal station closed with the hospital.

Wendover Field continued as a practice bombing range after the war, but the Wendover Branch was replaced by the Wendover Post Office.

Support facilities near Ogden underwent a variety of changes which resulted in the names of their branch post offices being changed. The Quartermaster Depot Station was renamed the Utah Army Depot Station in 1963, then changed to the Defense Depot Ogden Station four months later (Figure 9).

The Clearfield Naval Supply Depot was converted to the Freeport Center, a privately owned

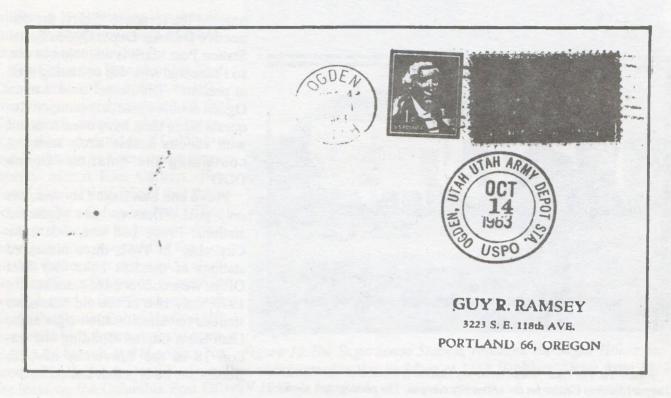


Figure 9. The Utah Army Depot Station existed for less than four months in 1963 after the name was changed from the Quartermaster Depot Station, and before it was changed to the Defense Depot Station.

facility where goods in-transit can be stored. The Naval Supply Depot Branch of Ogden closed, and the Freeport Center Branch of the Clearfield Post Office opened just outside the center.

The Fort Douglas Station was discontinued 1967, as the role of the military at the fort wound down.

The Topaz Japanese Relocation Camp and its branch post office closed in 1945. Little remains at the site except the concrete pads for the buildings and a monument honoring those confined there.

Most of the branch post offices serving new communities continued, at least for a while. The Sahara Village Branch survived until 1955. The Washington Terrace Branch remained. The Tooele Ordinance Depot was renamed the Tooele Army Depot. The TOD Park Branch was renamed the TAD Park branch in 1964. It closed in 1972.

B) Changes and Expansion 1946-1970.

Between 1950 and 1970, the population of Utah went from 688,000 to just over a million. The population of the Wasatch Front area almost doubled, going from 406,000 to 709,000. Again, this was the area with the greatest number of new branch post offices.

Ogden gained two new stations and one branch: the Gorder Station in 1952, the Ben Lomond Station in 1962 and the South Ogden Branch in 1958. During this period Station A was discontinued.

Provo and Logan received their first named branch post offices. The University Station replaced station number one at Brigham Young University. The Student Union Station was established at Utah State University in Logan (Figure 10). Its name was to the Utah State University Station a month after it opened. Even though the change officially took place October 1, 1957, last day cancels for the Student Union Station are dated October 7, 1957. The Student Union Station was the shortest-lived of all Utah branch post offices (Figure 11).

The Sugarhouse Station was renamed the Sugar House Station in 1949 (Figure 12). Postmarks were revised to reflect the change.

The Kearns Post Office reverted to being a branch of the Salt Lake City Post Office in 1954. The six other branch post offices created in and around Salt Lake City during this period reflected population growth and the need for additional postal service.

The Fairgrounds and Foothill stations provided new service within the city limits, while the Cotton-



Figure 10. The Utah State University Station is located in the Glen L. Taggart Student Center on the university campus. The photograph shows the station's customer service windows in 1993.

wood, Granger-Hunter, Holladay and Millcreek branches served nearby communities.

Two other changes affected military installations. The Deseret Depot Branch of the Tooele Post Office served the Deseret Chemical Depot in Rush Valley 1955-59. The depot was a storage and shipment point for chemical warfare gases and muni-

tions. The classified station at the Defense Depot Ogden was "deleted" in Postal Bulletin 20719, dated September 11, 1969. A contract station was established which was not listed in the Postal Bulletin. and which has not been listed in the Directory of Post Offices or the National Zip Code Directory. A request for a post-1970 mark in

brought the response "Sorry, the distinctive Defense Depot Ogden Postal Station Post Mark is no longer in use, so I canceled with this one being used at present." The cancel used was an Ogden double circle date stamper. Requests since then have been honored with various double circle stampers containing the notation "Ogden DDO".

Provo and Salt Lake City were the only post offices to have numbered stations. Provo had one, Salt Lake City nine. In 1962, three numbered stations of the Salt Lake City Post Office were converted to branches. By 1970, only two of the old numbered stations remained: station eight at the Utah State Capitol Building and station 18 in the University of Utah Bookstore, both in Salt Lake City.

C) Changes and expansion 1970-1995.

The population of Utah has increased rapidly, going from slightly more than a million in 1970 to almost a million and a half in 1980 to 1.8 million in 1992. The population of the Wasatch Front grew from 709,000 in 1970 to 936,000 in 1980 to 1.16

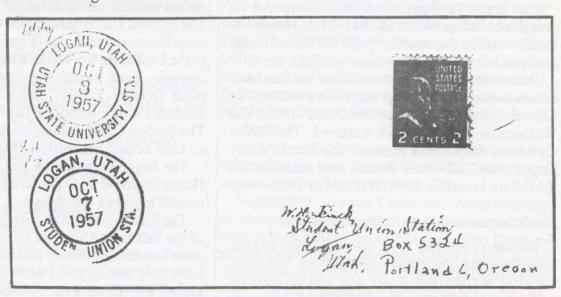
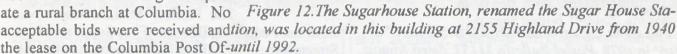


Figure 11. The Student Union Station of the Logan Post Office existed for a month before the name was changed to the Utah State University Station. The above card shows last and first day cancels for the stations.

million in 1992, making the area almost one continuous strip of cities, towns and communities.

The Columbia Branch of the East Carbon Post Office opened in 1973 after the sudden resignation of the Columbia Postmaster and the merging of the communities of Columbia and Dragerton to form a new community named East Carbon. The Postal Service determined that there could not be a Columbia Post Office because there was no longer a community by that name. After the Columbia Postmaster resigned, a clerk was sent from Dragerton to provide window service for a few hours each day in the former Columbia Post Office while bids were sought to oper-



fice building expired, so the Colum-

bia Post Office was officially discontinued in 1975. Covers sent for last day postmarks received the Columbia Branch cancel. The Columbia Branch was not listed in the *Postal Bulletin* or *Directory of Post Offices*. ¹⁰

Bountiful, Midvale and Park City received their first named branch post offices, and Layton received

ONITIO STATE POST STATE

its first since 1955. North Salt Lake and Woods Cross were both converted from post offices to branches of the Bountiful Post Office. Their postal markings do not indicate they are branches. The Harmon's Branch of the Midvale Post Office was established in a supermarket. It existed until about 1986, when it was probably replaced by a contract post office not listed in the *The National Five-Digit*

Zip Code and Post Office Directory.

Park City, an important winter sports area, has two branch post offices: the Emporium Station, opened in 1994, and the Snyderville Branch, established in 1995. No doubt these will receive considerable use during the 2002 Winter Olympics.

The Layton Hills Station of the Layton Post Office was established in 1989. It is located in the Layton Hills Shopping Center.

A new station of the Logan Post Office, the North Logan Station, is scheduled to open in 1995.

In Ogden, the Gorder Station and the South Ogden Branch were discontinued, the Downtown Station was established in 1974 and renamed the Town Station three years later.

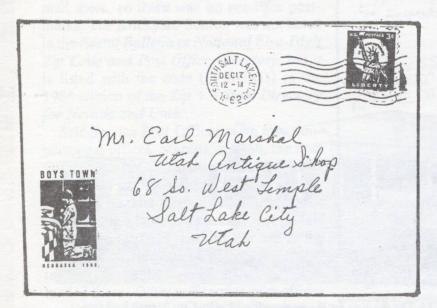


Figure 13. South Salt Lake cannot be identified as a branch of the Salt Lake City Post Office in this postmark



Figure 14. The North Ogden Branch of the Ogden, Utah, Post Office was housed here with the Ellison Cleaners when this photo was taken in 1987, nine years after the North Ogden had been "deleted" from post office listings.

Two other Ogden branch Post Offices were "deleted" in 1978. *Postal Bulletin 21153*, dated August 24, 1978, reported that the Washington Terrace Branch and the North Ogden Branch, both contract units, would be deleted. The Washington Terrace Branch continues to serve the public at 156 E 4600 South St., and until recently, the North Ogden

Branch was housed with the Ellison Cleaners at 2599 N 400 East Street (Figure 14). Recent postmarks from both no longer include the word branch.

The East Bay Station of the Provo Post Office was established in 1987. The next year, the East Bay Mail Processing Facility was dedicated. Postal markings read "East Bay GMF". Mail with Provo machine cancels containing the Zip Code 84605 has been processed there.

Changes in Salt Lake City branch post offices reflect population growth and settlement patterns. In 1977, the Granger-Hunter Branch was renamed the Hunter Branch. It was renamed the West Valley City Branch in 1982, two years after Granger, Hunter, Redwood and Chesterfield had merged

to form West Valley City (Figure 15). In 1986, the Fairgrounds Station was moved and renamed the Northwest Station.

The Downtown Station was established in the old main post office building in 1977 after a new main post office opened on 2100 South St. The Downtown Station later moved to the Expo Mart at 200 West and 200 South Streets.

The Sugar House Station is now called the Sugarhouse Station even though no official action appears to have been taken to make the change. The designation was changed in the Zip Code directories starting in 1988, and the name on the new facility occupied in 1991, is written as one word.

The Pioneer Station was moved from the Federal Building at First South and State Streets into the ZCMI Mall and renamed the Pioneer Postal Store in 1994.

The Custer Annex Station was established to serve an industrial park along 2100 South Street in September 1991.



Figure 15. The the sign for the modern West Valley City Branch building does not reveal it is a branch post office in this 1991 photograph.



Figure 16. The Brickyard Station, photographed in 1985, was a non-personnel branch post office in Salt Lake City.

Non-personnel branch post offices.

The branch post offices discussed above have all been staffed either by post office or non-post office personnel. A few branch post offices are not staffed. The Brickyard Station shown in the photograph was a non-personnel station in Salt Lake City's Brick-

yard Plaza shopping center. It contained post office boxes, vending machines and mail slots, but offered no window service. It was not possible to mail insured or registered mail there, so there was no need for postmarks. The Brickyard Station was not listed in the Postal Bulletin or National Five-Digit Zip Code and Post Office Directory, but it is listed with the code (DLBU)(D) in the 1984 edition of the Zip + 4 State Directory for Nevada and Utah.

Self Service Post Offices were also nonpersonnel offices. Starting in 1966, the Post Office Department permitted insurance fees to be paid at self service post offices by buying a booklet from a vending machine and affixing a label to a package. Some self service post offices, such as the one at the Cottonwood Mall, used a straight line marking to indicate the insured matter had been mailed there. Other self service post offices were located in the Utah Mall in Provo and the Downtown Station in Salt Lake City. Insured mail posted at these stations did not receive any distinctive marking. This type of insurance has not been available since the early 1980s

Collecting Utah branch postmarks

The demand for postmarks from Utah branch postmarks is not high. Still, collecting them requires patience. Older markings range from plentiful to rare. The Calderpark CDS shown on the postmark design chart is probably the rarest Utah branch post office marking. The example shown can be identified as a branch marking by its date. or the most part, markings used during the post card period 1900-20 are read-

ably available, although markings from the early 1900s are scarcer than those from after 1908. The Cottonwood Mall Self Service marking is probably rare because it was used on insured third and fourth class mail (Figure 17).

Some markings are scarce or non-existent. Postmarks from the Army Air Base and Air Base sta-

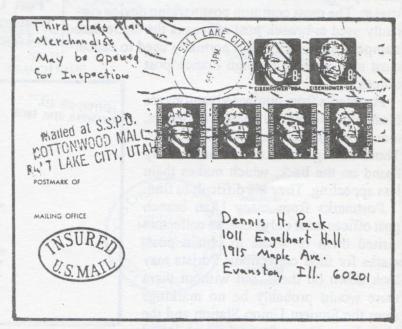


Figure 17. Only insured third or fourth class mail can be identified as having been mailed at the Cottonwood Mall Self Service Post Office. The insurance fee was paid by purchasing a booklet from a vending machine and attaching a sticker to the package.

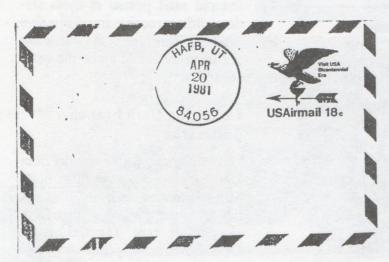


Figure 18. The above cancel is from the Hill Air Force Branch of the Clearfield Post Office. It was a branch of the Ogden Post Office 1949-79.

tions, and NPO 10295 are difficult to find. Harmon's Station and the Layton Hills Station appear to have used postmarks from their parent post offices, which cannot be identified as coming from the stations.

Recent postmarks can be elusive. Even though the number of branch post offices is increasing, it is not easy to find their postmarks on mail. Mail is centrally postmarked and sorted, and branch post office postmarks are not often found in the mail stream. The most common postmarking device currently used at branch post offices is the circle date stamper, one which is not normally used to cancel most mail passing through branch post

Postmarks from numbered stations are most often found on registered letters, money order stubs and COD receipts. Those on registered covers are usually found on the back, which makes them less appealing. They are difficult to find.

offices

Postmarks from many Utah branch post offices exist only because collectors visited them or wrote to obtain postmarks for their collections. Purists may look down on these, but without them there would probably be no markings from the Student Union Station and the Utah Army Depot Station, which lasted short periods of time.

Listings and charts.

Information in the listing of Utah branch post offices is from the Postal Bulletin. The Directory of Post Offices and National Zip Code Directory were used to estimate dates missing from the bulletin. Local USPS sources were consulted when the information was not available from other sources.

The postmark design charts show the different postmark designs used at Utah branch post offices. The author will appreciate receiving photo copies of designs which are not in the charts.

Sources of information.

It is easier to obtain information about the establishment and discontinuation of post offices which existed almost a century ago than it is those which operate today. The Postal Bulletin provided important, though incomplete, listings of the dates branch post offices were established, relocated and discontinued. It also printed Orders from the Postmaster General which affected all aspects of postal operations, including those relating to branch post offices. Over the last several years, Postal Bulletin listings for branch post offices in "Post Office Changes" have been inadequate. Changes to branch post offices, their establishment and discontinuation have not always been reported.

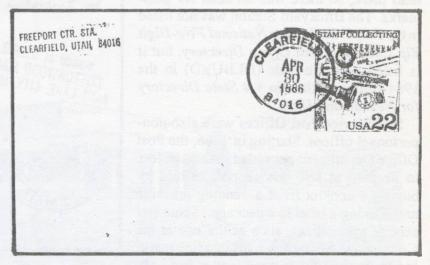


Figure 19. Some branch post office postmarks are only identifiable by their Zip Code or return address. The cover above was mailed from the Freeport Center Station of the Clearfield Post Office. The Zip Code for the station is 84016.

DESIGNS OF UTAH BRANCH POST OFFICE POSTMARKS

Circular Date Stamps



BRANCH NAME & STATE
NO PARENT PO NAME



PARENT PO NAME & STATE
BRANCH NAME



PARENT PO NAME, STATE & REC'D BRANCH NAME



PARENT PO NAME & STATE
BRANCH ZIP CODE
NO BRANCH NAME

Barrel Duplex Cancels (date between dial and killer)



BRANCH NAME & STATE NO PARENT PO NAME

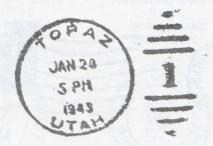


PARENT PO NAME ABBREVIATED & STATE BRANCH NAME



PARENT PO NAME & STATE BRANCH NAME

Number Duplex Cancels (date in dial)



BRANCH NAME & STATE NO PARENT PO NAME



PARENT PO NAME & STATE BRANCH NAME

DESIGNS OF UTAH BRANCH POST OFFICE POSTMARKS (CON'T.)

4-Bar Cancels



BRANCH NAME & STATE NO PARENT PO NAME



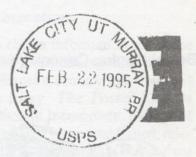
PARENT PO NAME & STATE BRANCH NAME



PARENT PO NAME, STATE & ZIP CODE BRANCH NAME



BRANCH NAME, STATE &
ZIP CODE
NO PARENT PO NAME



PARENT PO NAME & STATE BRANCH NAME USPS (SELF-INKING)

Machine Cancels - Circular Postmark with Parallel Wavy Lines





BRANCH NAME & STATE NO PARENT PO NAME

PARENT PO NAME & STATE, BRANCH NAME ---> (ALSO USED WITH SLOGAN IN PLACE OF CANCEL)









STATE & ZIP CODE NO PARENT PO NAME

DESIGNS OF UTAH BRANCH POST OFFICE POSTMARKS (CON'T.)

Machine Cancels - Circular Postmark with Flag Cancel

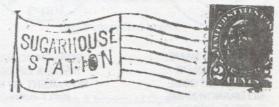




<---- BRANCH NAME & STATE - NO PARENT PO NAME

PARENT PO NAME & STATE IN POSTMARK ---BRANCH NAME IN FLAG





Double Circle Date Stamps



BRANCH NAME, STATE & USPS
NO PARENT PO NAME



BRANCH NAME, STATE & REGISTERED NO PARENT PO NAME



PARENT PO NAME & STATE
BRANCH NAME



PARENT PO NAME & STATE
BRANCH NAME IN PARENTHESES



PARENT PO NAME, STATE & REGISTERED BRANCH NAME IN PARENTHESES



PARENT PO NAME & STATE BRANCH NAME LARGE USPO



PARENT PO NAME & STATE BRANCH NAME SMALL USPO



PARENT PO NAME & STATE BRANCH NAME LARGE USPS



PARENT PO NAME & STATE BRANCH NAME SMALL USPS



PARENT PO NAME & STATE BRANCH NAME ZIP CODE



PARENT PO NAME & STATE BRANCH NAME USPS (SELF-INKING)



BRANCH NAME, PARENT PO & STATE ZIP CODE, USPS CLERK NO. (SELF-INK)

DESIGNS OF UTAH BRANCH POST OFFICE POSTMARKS (CON'T.)

Double Circle Date Stamps (con't.)



PARENT PO NAME, STATE & USPS BRANCH ZIP CODE NO BRANCH NAME (SELF-INKING)



BRANCH PO NAME, STATE & ZIP CODE NO PARENT PO NAME (SELF-INKING)



PARENT PO NAME, STATE & USPS BRANCH NAME ABBREVIATED



PARENT PO NAME, STATE SPELLED OUT & USPS BRANCH NAME ABBREVIATED



BRANCH NAME ABBREVIATED PARENT PO NAME, STATE, ZIP CODE & USPS (SELF-INKING)



PARENT PO NAME, STATE & USPO BRANCH NAME ABBREVIATED & "POST OFFICE"

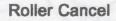


PARENT PO NAME &
STATE
BRANCH NAME
USPS
INNER CIRCLE OPEN AT
SIDES (SELF-INKING)



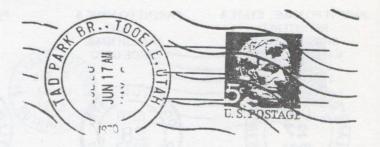
PARENT PO NAME & STATE BRANCH NAME IN LOWER CASE LETTERS

Triple Circle Date Stamper





PARENT PO NAME & STATE BRANCH NAME



BRANCH NAME, PARENT PO & STATE

Some of the postmarks on these pages are from the microfilm record of Willett-Thompson Section collection, Margie Pfund Memorial Post Mark Museum,

Bingham Canyon

Station No. 01 (contract)

estab 16-Jun-1920 disc 31-Mar-1929

Bountiful

North Salt Lake Branch (classified)

estab 17-Aug-1973 operating cha fr North Salt Lake PO

Woods Cross Branch (classified)

estab 08-Nov-1975 chg fr Woods Cross PO operating

Brigham

Bushnell General Hospital Station (classified)

chg 16-May-1946 estab 21-Sep-1942 chg to contract branch

Bushnell General Hospital Station (contract)

chq 16-May-1946 disc 30-Jun-1946 chg fr classified branch

Clearfield

Freeport Center Branch (classified)

operating estab 25-May-1963

Hill Air Force Base Branch (classified)

chg 01-Jan-1979 chg fr branch of Ogden PO operating

Delta

Topaz Branch (classified)

estab 01-Sep-1942 disc 30-Nov-1945

East Carbon

Columbia Branch (classified)

estab 19-Feb-1973 disc 25-Apr-1975 see note a

Layton

Layton Hills Station (classified)

estab Feb-1989 operating

Sahara Village Branch (classified)

estab 02-Aug-1943 chg 01-Apr-1950

Sahara Village Branch (contract) disc 31-Dec-1955

chg 01-Apr-1950

Logan

North Logan Station (classified)

estab 01-Oct-94

Student Union Station (contract)

estab 01 Sep 1957 chg 01-Oct-1957

Utah State University Station (contract)

chg 01-Oct-57 operating

Station No 01 (contract)

estab 01-Dec-1914 disc 31-Mar-1929

Station No 02 (contract)

disc 04-Jul-1917 estab 16-Aug-1916 loc: 67 N Main

disc 03-Oct-1981

estab 01-Oct-1957 operating

Midvale

Harmon's Branch (contract)

disc 1986 estab 01-Sep-1977

Oaden

Ben Lomond Station (classified)

estab 16-Jul-1962 operating

Defense Depot Station (classified)

chg 01-Jan-1964 disc 30-Sep-1969c

Downtown Station (classified)

chg 09-Sep-1977 estab 01-Nov-1974 Gorder Station (classified)

estab 01-Jul-1952

Hill Air Force Base Branch (classified)

chg 01-Oct-1949 chg 01-Jan-1979

Hill Field Branch (classified) estab 01-Sep-1942 chg 01-Oct-1949 chg fr Utah Army Depot Station

chg to contract branch

chg fr classified branch

loc:b 67 N Main

scheduled to open Oct-Nov 1995

chg to Utah State University Sta.

chg to Town Station

chg fr Hill Field Branch

cha to branch of Clearfield PO

chg to Hill Air Force Base Branch

Ogden (Cont.) Main Office Station (classified) estab 1987 [1977]d operating Naval Supply Depot Station (classified) replaced NPO 10295 estab 16-Jul-1945 disc 24-May-1963 North Ogden Branch (contract) estab 01-Nov-1961 disc 23-Sep-1978e NPO 10295 estab 21-Mar-1944 disc 14-Jul-1945 loc: Naval Supply Depot Quartermaster Depot Station (classified) estab 01-Mar-1943 South Ogden Branch (contract) disc 30-Jun-1973 estab 01-Sep-1958 Town Station (classified) chg fr Downtown Station chg 09-Sep-1977 operating Utah Army Depot Station (classified) chg fr Quartermaster Depot Sta. chg 25-Sep-1963 chg 01-Jan-1964 chg to Defense Depot Station Washington Terrace Branch (classified) estab 01-Feb-1944 chg 01-Jul-1956 chg to contract branch Washington Terrace Branch (contract) chg fr classified branch chg 01-Jul-1956 disc 23-Sep-1978f Station A (classified) estab 02-Feb-1903 disc 06-Aug-1962 loc: Five Points - Washington Ave & 2nd St Station No 01 (contract) disc 15-Apr-1935 estab Station No 02 (contract) estab 16-Oct-1907 disc 30-Nov-1936 loc: 2421 Washington Ave. Station No. 03 (contract) disc 30-Jun-1918 loc: 3100 Washington Ave estab 01-Nov-1911 estab 01-May-1929 disc 31-Dec-1929 loc: 2435 Washington Ave Station No 04 (contract) disc 30-Jun-1918 loc: 1012 22nd St estab 01-Nov-1911 Station No 05 (contract) estab 01-Mar-1915 disc 31-Mar-1929 loc: 111 25th St **Park City Emporium Station (classified)** estab 1994 operating Synderville Branch (classified) estab 01-Sep-1995 Provo East Bay Station (classified) estab 01-Jan-1987 operating University Station (classified) chg 16-Sep-1963 operating loc: BYU Ernest Wilkinson Center Station No. 01 (contract) disc 23-Feb-1915 loc: 466 W Center St estab 01-May-1907 estab 16-Feb-1916 disc 30-Jun-1917 loc: 498 N Academy Ave estab 09-Feb-1947 chg 16-Sep-1963 chg to University Station Station No 02 (contract) estab 16-Jan-1911 disc 30-Jun-1917 loc: Brigham Young University disc 31-Mar-1929 estab 16-Jun-1921 Station No 03 (contract) estab 01-Jul-1911 disc 19-Apr-1924 loc: 104 W Center St Station No. 04 (contract) estab 01-Oct-1912 disc 30-Jun-1915 loc: 301 S 7th East St Salt Lake City Air Base Station (contract) chg 16-Sep-1942 disc 31-Jan-1946 chg fr Army Air Base Station

Salt Lake City (Cont.)

Army Air Base Station (contract)

chg 16-Apr-1942

chg 16-Sep-1942

chg fr Army Air Base Branch before being established chg to Air Base Station

Airport Mail Facility (classified)

operating

Calderpark Branch chg 01-Jul-1908 Calderpark Station

disc 30-Jun-1914

chg fr Calderpark Station

chg 01-Jul-1908

chq fr Calderpark PO chg to Calderpark Branch

Cottonwood Branch (classified)

estab 01-Nov-1899

estab 28-Nov-1966 **Custer Annex Station** open [Sep-1991]q

Downtown Station (classified) estab 01-Sep-1977

Fairgrounds Station (classified) estab 01-Jun-1957 Foothill Station (classified) estab 01-Apr-1957

Fort Douglas Station (classified) estab 03-Jul-1900 estab 01-Aug-1917 estab 16-Aug-1942 Granger-Hunter Branch (classified)

estab 15-Feb-1963 Guthrie Station (classified) estab 27-Nov-1923 Holladay Branch (classified) estab 29-Sep-1959 Hunter Branch (classified) chg 13-Jan-1977

Kearns Branch (classified) estab 01-Aug-1942 estab 08-Dec-1954 Millcreek Branch (classified) estab 01-Sep-1970 Murray Branch (classified) chg 01-Jul-1908 Murray Station

estab 01-Aug-1901 Northwest Station (classified) chg 21-Jun-1986 Pioneer Postal Store (classified) opened 31-May-1994 Pioneer Station (classified) estab 20-Apr-1920 South Salt Lake Branch (classified) estab 01-Nov-1949 Sugar House Station (classified) chg 02-May-1949 Sugarhouse Branch (classified)

chg 01-Jul-1908

Sugarhouse Station (classified) estab 01-Sep-1899

operating

operating

operating

chg 21-Jun-1986

operating

disc 31-Jul-1916 disc 30-Nov-1921 disc 01-Mar-1967

chq 13-Jan-1977 disc 15-Jan-1933

operating

chg 28-Aug-1982

disc 31-Aug-1950 operating

operating operating

chg 01-Jul-1908

operating

operating

chg 27-May-1994

operating

1987h

chq 15-Sep-1910

chg 01-Jul-1908

chg to Northwest Station

chg fr/to Fort Douglas PO chg fr/to Fort Douglas PO chg fr Fort Douglas PO

chg to Hunter Branch

cha fr Granger-Hunter Branch chg to West Valley City Branch

chg to Keams PO chg fr Kearns PO

chg fr Murray Br

cha fr Murray PO chg to Murray Branch

chg fr Pioneer Station

cha to Pioneer Postal Store

chg fr/to Sugarhouse Station

chg fr Sugar PO chg to Sugarhouse Branch

Salt Lake City (Cont.) Sugarhouse Station (Classified) (Cont.) chg 15-Sep-1910

cha 02-May-1949

chg fr Sugarhouse Branch cha to Sugar House Station chg fr Sugar House Station

chg 1987h Wendover Field Branch (classified) estab 01-Dec-1942

disc 31-Oct-1947

chg fr/to Wendover PO

West Valley City Branch (classified) cha 28-Aug-1982

Station A (classified)

operating

operating

cha fr Hunter Branch

estab 15-Jul-1904 Branch No. 02 (contract) disc 31-Mar-1913

loc: 2nd South and 8th East Sts

cha 31-Aug-1962 Branch No. 03 (contract)

disc 01-May-1963

cha from Station No. 02

chg 31-Aug-1962

disc 1964

chg fr Station No. 03

Branch No. 05 (contract) chq 31-Aug-1962

disc 31-Jul-1964

chg fr Station No. 05

Station No. 01 (contract) estab 03-Jul-1900

disc 30-Sep-1959

loc: 11-15 Main St

other loc: 6 Main St (01-Nov-1905)

Station No. 02 (contract)

chg 31-Aug-1962

loc: First and N Sts

estab 03-Jul-1900 estab 16-Nov-1964

disc

estab in lieu of Glendale Station

Station No. 03 (contract) estab 03-Jul-1900

cha 31-Aug-1962

loc: 7th South and 7th East Sts

chg to Branch No. 03

Station No. 04 (contract)

estab 03-Jul-1900 disc 26-Feb-1935 other loc: 1st South & 4th West Sts (26-Jul-1904)

loc: 111 S 5th West St

Station No. 05 (contract)

disc 30-Sep-1959 estab 01-Aug-1901 estab 01-Sep-1961 chg 31-Aug-1962

loc: 242 W South Temple St chg to Branch No. 05

Station No. 06 (contract)

estab 01-Aug-1901 disc 31-Jul-1903 estab 01-Feb-1906 disc 31-Jul-1943

loc: 8th South and 8th West Sts loc: 630 S 1st West St

other loc: 4th South & State Sts (15-Aug-1906)

Station No. 07 (contract)

disc 26-Feb-1935 estab 01-Aug-1901

loc: 537 N 1st West St

other loc: 324 S Main St (27-Jul-1904)

Station No. 08 (contract)

estab 01-Aug-1901 operating loc: 252 S 9th East St

other loc: 9th East & 10th South Sts (19-Oct-1903)

currently located in Utah State Capitol Building

Station No. 09 (contract)

estab 01-Aug-1901 disc 30-Jun-1959 loc: 740 E 4th South St

Station No. 10 (contract) estab 01-Oct-1901

disc 31-Dec-1942

loc: 380 W 3rd North St

Station No. 11 (contract)

estab 01-Jul-1902 disc 30-Sep-1959 loc: 669 W South Temple St

Station No. 12 (contract)

disc 31-Mar-1929 estab 01-Sep-1902

other loc: 7th South & 3rd West Sts (02-Jun-1904)

loc: 176 Meade St

other loc: 679 S 3rd West St (Nov-1905) other loc: 49 W 2nd South St (26-Feb-1906)

Station No. 13 (contract)

estab 01-Sep-1902 disc 31-Mar-1929

loc: 1401 Indiana Ave

Station No. 14 (contact) estab 01-Jul-1903

disc 31-Mar-1929

loc: 535 Post St

other loc: 842 W 3rd South St (19-Aug-1904) other loc: 854 W 3rd South St (28-Mar-1905)

	III BITANOITI OOT O	111000
Salt Lake City (con't.)		
Station No. 15 (contract)	diag 24 May 4054	loc: 370 W 7th South St
estab 01-Jul-1903	disc 31-May-1954	ioc. 370 vv /th South St
other loc: 876 W 8th South St		
other loc: 8th South & 8th We		
other loc: 876 W 8th South Station No. 16 (contract)	(01-1404-1905)	
	disc 31-Dec-1929	loc: 3rd East and 6th South Sts
estab 01-Jul-1903 other loc: State & 11th South		loc. Sid East and our South Sts
	Sts (19-0ct-1903)	
Station No. 17 (contract) estab 01-Jul-1907	disc 31-Jul-1943	loc: E and South Temple Sts
Station No. 18 (contract)	disc 31-341-1943	loc. E and South Temple Sts
estab 01-Oct-1907	operating	loc: University of Utah
estab 01-0ct-1907	operating	currently located in University of
		Utah Bookstore
Station No. 19 (contract)		Otali Dookstore
estab 01-Jul-1909	disc 31-Mar-1929	loc: 679 S State St
Station No. 20 (contract)	disc 01-Mai-1023	100. 070 0 01410 01
estab 16-Jul-1909	disc 31-Mar-1929	loc: 101 S Main St
Station No. 21 (contract)	disc 01-Mai-1025	100. 101 0 Main of
estab 01-Oct-1909	disc 31-Dec-1929	loc: 1045 S 7th East St
Station No. 22 (contract)	4100 01 000 1020	100. 10 10 10 11 2201 01
estab 16 May 1910	disc 31-Dec-1916	loc: SW corner of 7th North and
ostas 10 may 10 to	4,50 01 500 1010	2nd West Sts
estab 01-Oct-1917	disc 31-Mar-1929	loc: 602 W North Temple St
Station No. 23 (contract)		
estab 01-Mar-1911	disc 31-Mar-1929	loc: 215 S Main St
Station No. 24 (contract)		
estab 01-May-1911	disc 31-Mar-1929	loc: 9th East and 10th South Sts
Station No. 25 (contract)		
estab 16-Dec-1911	disc 31-Mar-1929	loc: 11th East and 11th South Sts
Station No. 26 (contract)		
estab 01-Feb-1912	disc 31-Dec-1940	loc: 14th South and State Sts
Station No. 27 (contract)		
estab 16-Dec-1912	disc 31-Mar-1929	loc: 435 W 2nd South St
Station No. 28 (contract)		
estab 16-Dec-1912	disc 30-Apr-1915	loc: 301 S State St
estab 16-Mar-1916	disc 31-Jan-1917	loc: 2046 S 5th East St
Station No. 29 (contract)		
estab 16-Feb-1913	disc 31-Mar-1929	loc: 275 S State St
Station No. 30 (contract)		
estab 01-Apr-1913	disc 31-Mar-1917	loc: 775 E 2nd South St
Station No. 31 (contract)		
estab 16-Mar-1913	disc 15-Mar-1917	loc: 600 N West Temple St [?]
Station No. 32 (contract)		
estab 01-Aug-1914	disc 31-Mar-1916	loc: 3509 S 7th East St
Tooele		
Deseret Depot Branch (contract)		
estab 01-Oct-1955	disc 30-Sep-1959	
TAD Park Branch (classified)		
chg 01-Aug-1964	disc 30-Jun-1972	chg fr TOD Park Branch
TOD Park Branch (classified)		
estab 15-Sep-1943	disc 01-Aug-1964	

NOTES

a The Columbia Branch was not listed in the Postal Bulletin or Directory of Post Offices. For more information, see Dennis H. Pack, "The Columbia, Utah, Branch Post Office: Branch that Never Was," *La Posta*, Vol. XIV, No. 1 (Feb. 1983), pp. 11-13.

b Locations are from the initial listing in the *Postal Bulletin*. Contract stations moved frequently since in the period 1911-16 contracts were only good for one year, and 1916-58 for two years. Locations in parentheses are from the Record or Register of Stations, in the National Archives.

assed. --

UTAH BRANCH POST OFFICES

c Postal Bulletin 20719, p. 6, informs that the Defense Depot (classified) Station should be deleted because it has been discontinued as a classified station. It has continues as a contract station not listed in the National Five-Digit Zip Code and Post Office Directory.

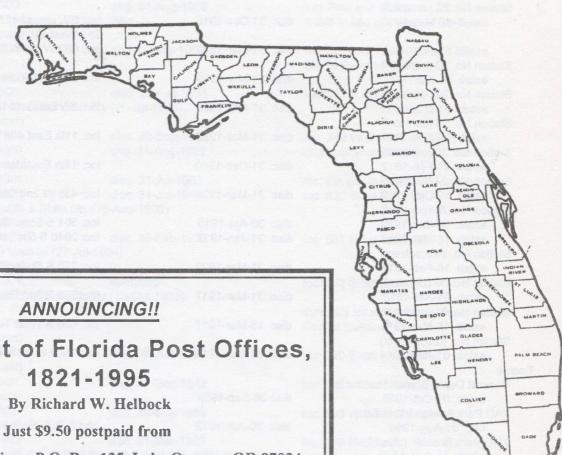
d An inquiry to Ogden's Main Post Office Station brought the reply that the station was established in 1977. It first appeared in the National Zip Code Directory in 1987.

e The North Ogden Branch was listed as "deleted" in Postal Bulletin 21153, dated Aug. 24, 1978. It continued to operate as a contract station at 2599 N 400 East Street in Ogden.

f The Washington Terrace Branch was listed as "deleted" in Postal Bulletin 21153, dated Aug. 24, 1978. It continues to operate as a contract station at 156 E 4600 South Street in Ogden.

g An inquiry to the Custer Annex Station brought the reply that it was established in September, 1991.

h The Customer Relations Coordinator of the Sugarhouse Station reports the records do not indicate exactly when Sugar House changed to Sugarhouse. Sugarhouse first replaced Sugar House in the 1987 National Five-Digit Zip Code and Post Office Directory.



A Checklist of Florida Post Offices,

La Posta Publications, P.O. Box 135, Lake Oswego, OR 97034

The establishment of several current Utah branch post offices and changes to others since 1986 have not been reported. When changes are listed, the date of establishment given is sometimes months before the office actually opens. This may be necessary for administrative purposes, but it makes it difficult to know the exact dates of operation.

The National Five-Digit Zip Code and Post Office Directory is not often helpful. From 1991-94 no stations were listed for the Ogden or Salt Lake City post offices. Branches were also not listed for 1993-94. In 1995, branches and stations are both listed.

Inquiries to branch post offices and their parent offices bring incomplete or even inaccurate information. Most USPS personnel make an honest effort to answer questions about the current status of their units or when they were established or discontinued, but the information they provide is often incomplete or vague. The author believes that the dates are probably not readily available to them. Other inquiries are simply ignored, especially when they relate to a change which occurred in the past. The USPS as a whole seems to pay less attention to disseminating this type of information than did the Post Office Department of a century ago. The quantity of mail and the number of branch post offices have grown astronomically over the last hundred years, and this alone probably makes it impossible for one office to keep track of all the changes. In any event, the result is that it is currently impossible, or at best very difficult, to gather accurate information about new branch post offices and changes to old ones.

Surprisingly, the author has learned of the existence of several new branch post offices from the government listings in telephone books. Telephone books usually provide street addresses for branch post offices, which are useful in finding the offices, and for writing for postmarks.

Conclusion.

There have been more than 110 branch post offices in Utah, according to the listing in this article. Sixty-five of them have been named and 47 designated by numbers. Fifteen have been located at military installations. Salt Lake City has had the greatest number with 29 named branch post offices and 32 numbered. Ogden is second with 16 named and five numbered.

Studying Utah branch post offices shows that the demand for postal services changes as communities grow and shrink, and that communities have grown together to form urban areas. At a time when the USPS does not often create new post offices, some communities have maintained their identity through branch post offices. Study also shows that military installations and support facilities in Utah have changed over the years. If the current rate of population growth in Utah continues, it is likely that additional branch post offices will be needed to serve growing urban areas, including some which do not currently have branch post offices.

Research by its nature is always incomplete. The information in this article is the best the author has available. Fortunately, new sources of information are found and holes in the record are filled. This article is more complete that it would have been a year ago, but certainly less complete than it might be in the future. Hopefully, sharing the results of this research adds to what has been learned and provides a base to which others can add their own research. The author invites comments, additional information and photo copies of new postmark designs used by Utah branch post offices.

END NOTES

- ¹ PMG Order 1890, in *Postal Bulletin 8907*, May 21, 1908.
 - ² PMG Report, 1908, p. 23.
- ³ PMG Order 595, in *Postal Bulletin 5401*, November 15, 1897.
- ⁴ PMG Order 349, in *Postal Bulletin 6731*, April 2, 1902.
- ⁵ See Pack, "The Development of Branch Post Offices," *La Posta*, Vol. 23, No. 5, pp. 7-15.
 - ⁶ Greer, et.al., Atlas of Utah, p. 110.
 - ⁷ *Ibid.*, p. 108.
 - ⁸ *Ibid.*, p. 110.
- ⁹ 1970 and 1980 figures from *Atlas of Utah* p. 110; 1992 figures from U.S., Department of Commerce, *County and City Data Book*, 1994, p. 564.
- See Pack, "The Columbia, Utah, Branch Post
 Office: A Branch That Never Was," *La Posta*, Vol. 14, No. 1, pp. 11-13.

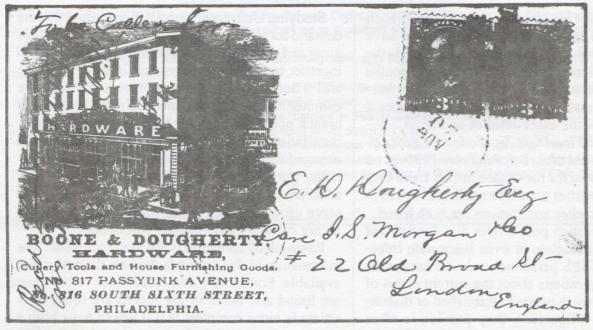




Figure 1 (above) and 2 (below) illustrate Philadelphia advertising covers with an interesting similarity.

THE SAME, BUT DIFFERENT

... a bit of Americana chicanery in the advertising cover industry.

by Gus Spector

Before penning this article I felt that I possessed an incredibly detailed collection of advertising covers, precisely depicting the life and times of various pre-1900 Philadelphia buildings. Then I began to notice obvious flaws in the cover designs. While researching an article dealing with a particular geographic area in Philadelphia, I realized that several of my covers bore different addresses and letterheads, but sported the same engraving (Fig. 1 and 2).

Copyright 1995 by Gus Spector, M.D.



Figure 3 (above) and 4 (below) illustrate advertising covers of T. Myers Produce Commission House at No. 258 North Water Street

I recently purchased two advertising covers, both bearing the logo of the same Philadelphia merchant, T. Myers. Although the originating address was 258 N. Water Street on both covers, the architectural designs were radically dissimilar (Fig. 3 and 4). Scanning my collection, and to my surprise, I was quickly able to set aside small piles of covers with different addresses but with the same printers designs.

The cover depicting MacDonald and Company, located only three of four blocks from T. Myers, bore an identical imprint to figure 4, but the Mac-

Donald companys name was neatly blocked into the illustration (Fig. 5).

The most common store facade found was that similar to figure 3. The work cannot be attributed to any printer in particular, since no markings are apparent. For the sake of brevity, I have included only the advertising vignettes (Fig. 6) referable to the following list of Philadelphia merchants:

R.P. Stewart and Company, 300-302 N. Delaware Avenue

Hutchinson and Gibson, 108 Spruce Street

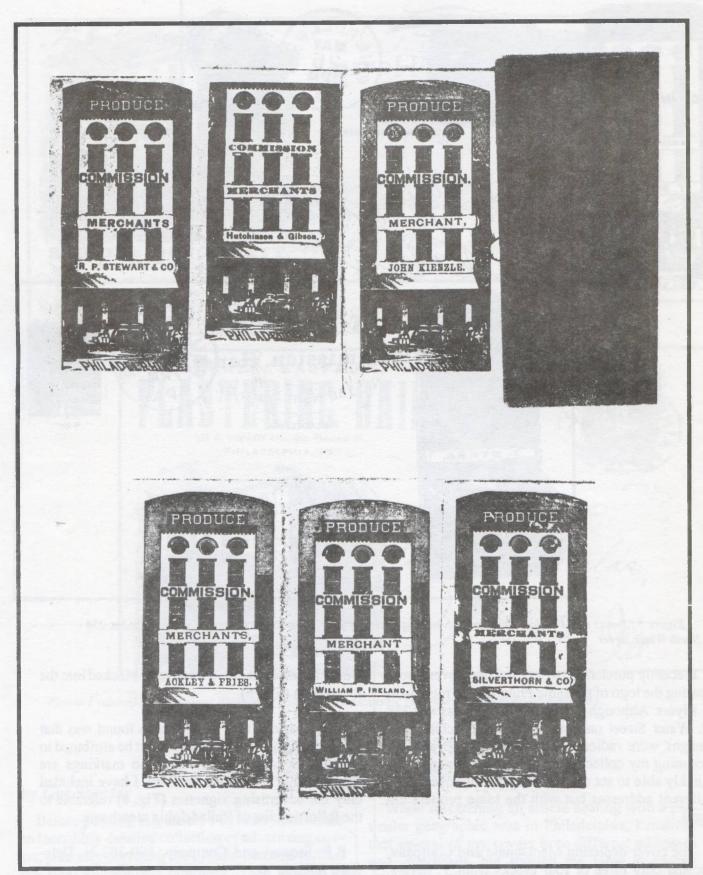


Figure 6

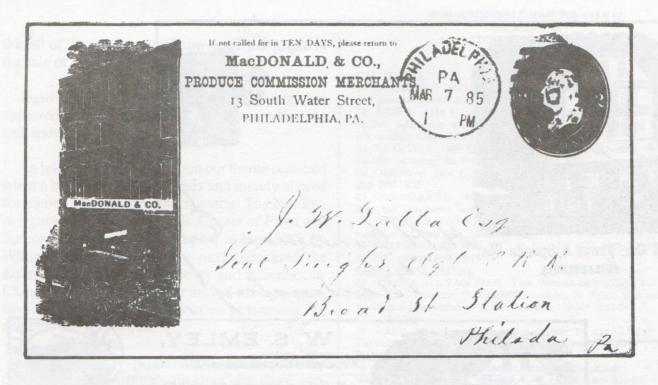


Figure 5

John Kienzle, 315 N. Front Street P.S. Scott, 323 S. Front Street (nearly across the street from Kienzle!)

Ackley and Fries, 331 N. Front Street William P. Ireland, 121 Callowhill Street

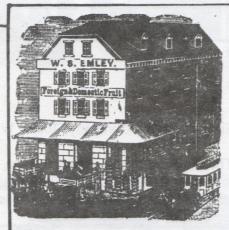
Silverthorn and Company, 302 S. Water Street

These addresses were localized to a particular section of Philadelphia noted for its large number of wholesale food merchants. It is interesting to note



Figure 7.





W. S. EMLEY.

Produce & Commission & Merchant,

S. E. Cor. Front & Spruce Sts.,

Opposite Delaware Ave. Market,

PHILADELPHIA,



A. J. Silsbee



Figure 8

that all of the vendors listed above were engaged in the sale of produce.

Figure 7, a rather pretty little engraving, has appeared under many guises at various addresses and, indeed different cities.

An interesting variation upon our theme occurred when a business changed hands and merely altered the name on the advertising vignette. The building in figure 8, located at the S.E. Corner of Front and Spruce Streets was first occupied in the 1870s by William Maag. W.S. Emley next purchased the establishment, and lastly Christy and Rittenhouse. Christy and Rittenhouse later moved to larger quarters, as seen on another cover in my possession, but not shown in this article

While many covers accurately and decoratively depicted actual existing structures, the more economically conscious consumer was able to utilize the printers art and airbrush, choosing from a number of possible pre-existing designs. Although not acknowledged as such at the time, this was flagrant visual misrepresentation! I am sure that the printer never dreamed that he would be "caught" more than one hundred years later by a collector assembling an entire run of his advertising material.

Editors note: all covers are from authors collection

PUBLIC AUCTIONS NET PRICE LISTS WANT LIST SERVICE (Catalogs Upon Request) DAVID G.PHILLIPS CO.,INC. Publisher of American Stampless Cover Catalog P.O. Box 611388 · North Miami, Florida 33161 Phone (305) 895-0470

BOB SUMMERELL MAIL BID SALE 17 P.O. BOX 39597 DOWNEY, CA 90239

CALIFORNIA

01 ENTERPRISE 1907 (AUG 8) VG-F cds (BUT-1020); Sc. 300; PPC (mnr ink blotch) E15-20

02 JUDSON 1914 (APR 9) VG-F 4-B (SBE-1595);

Sc. 398; light brown SANTA FE (RR) logo cc opened rough @ R just touching stamp E20-25

03 KINGRIVER 1909 Light D. 3/2 (FRE-1725)-killer portion unreadable on stamp; Sc. 300; VG PPC (crease) E12

04 ORIENTAL 1908 (JUL 27) F D. 3/1 (GLE-335); Sc. 300; F gtgs PPC E25

05 OWENSMOUTH 1919 VG 4-B (LOS-5255; killer bars off @ R/last half town-name "weak" on stamp; F viewcard E20

06 PINE HILLS 1915 F 4-B (SAN-2860); 1 ct. green Washington; F viewcard (...Pine Hills, Julian...") E15

07 PORT HARFORD 1906 (OCT 9) F D. 3/3 (SAL-856); Sc. 300; VF PPC (Sutter's Fort) E15

CANAL ZONE - NAVAL

08 BALBOA, C.Z./PAQUEBOT Year Unstruck-early 1920's VG Duplex (P-1 Entwistle; "PAQUEBOT" readable, bit light); 2 ct. red Washington; r/a-member of "U.S.S. Buchanan/U.S.N." E18-20

09 WARD 1895 F cds w/ "smudge" (Frajola Ty. 6); U311; ptl Fort Collins b/s; pre-RR use on clean/unreduced env. E20-25 HAWAII (terr.)

10 MAKAWELI 1911 VG Duplex (runoff@R); 2 ct. red Washington; Honolulu f.c. trans. mk.; ave. opening tears E25-35
11 PUUNENE 1920 VG-F Duplex; 2 ct. red Washington; printed r/a w/ "HAWAIIAN COMMERCIAL & SUGAR COMPANY" corner on min. weathered env. E40

INDIANA

12 INDIANAPOLIS 1877 VF purple cds w/ fancy cut cork; U163 w/ printed r/a E10-12

IDAHO

13 CHESLEY 1909 F cds on F unfranked viewcard ("The Loop, Culdesac to Grangeville") -mess. "climbing mountain near C..." E15

14 UNDERDAHL 1922 (FEB 6) Neat 2-line black provisional pen ms. pmk w/ptl. target; 1 ct Washington; VF gtgs PPC E40-50 NEW MEXICO

15 LOS VIGILES 1919 VG ("N. MEX." unstruck) 4-B (Ty. B); UX27 w/ 1 ct. a/a war tax, mess. in Spanish w/ state abbrev. in dateline; Scarce E25-30

OREGON

16 AURORA MILLS 1892 VF cds (in the clear) w/ bit smudged target; U311; purple (vertical) comm. h/s r/a E20-30 PENNSYLVANIA

17 NED 1904 VF cds (ink oxidized) w/target; Sc. 319; Env. sh weathered/trim sh @ L; two b/s incl. Littleton, W. Va. E15 SOUTH DAKOTA

18 EVARTS 1906 U395 Duplex w/ just discernible town-name; pse has ptd town r/a & Sc. 319 for dble-rated use; Ephrata . Pa b/s E30 WYOMING

19 HAT CREEK 1905 F cds w/target; PPC; Sc. 300 E8
20 RED CANON 1894 VG cds w/target; U311; Readdr. & fwd
fm S. Royalton, Vt. to Volo, Ill.-various b/s; Scarce E80-100
MACHINE CANCELS

21 HAMPDEN Ty. B-8 WOONSOCKET, RI 1900 (May 25); 2 ct. red Washington; slt reduced env. w/ just clipped UL corner E25 RPO/RR

22 ASHFORK & LOS ANG. R.P.O. W.D./TR.7/JAN/1/1929 VG 964-P-1; 2 α Washington; F blue RR α "Los Angeles Limited/ CHICAGO & NORTH WESTERN RY./ UNION PACIFIC SYSTEM" E20

La Posta Subscriber's Mail-Bid Sale rules apply. Minimum 50% bid applies unless a specific minimum bid is indicated. Photocopies for SASE Phone bids accepted @ (310) 920-0914 until 1 hour before close. Thank You.

CLOSING DATE: DECEMBER 10, 1995 (MIDNIGHT, PACIFIC)

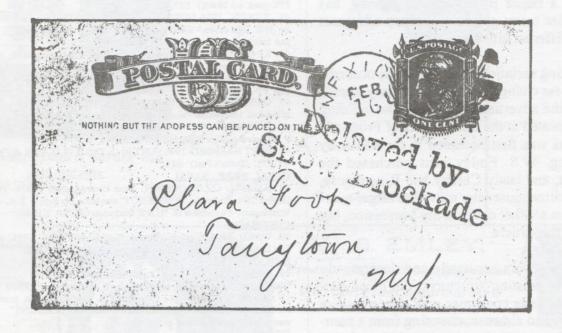


Figure 1. Postmarked MEXICO, NY in February 1885, this postal card displays the marking "Delayed by/ Snow Blockade" and therein lies a story.

AUXILIARY MARKINGS - SNOW DELAYS

By Randy Stehle

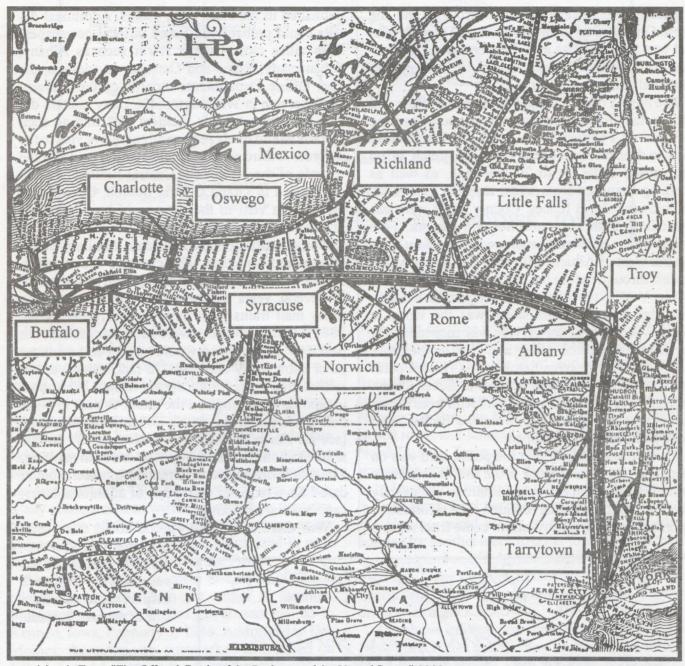
This article will deal with auxiliary markings that were used to explain one type of delay in the delivery of the mails. Whereas damaged mail (overviewed in the September 1995 issue of *La Posta*) most likely was delayed to some extent, the markings examined here specifically refer to some sort of delay. There is obviously some overlap in all this, but the intent here is to categorize the markings by what they say. The two pieces of mail examined here show no evidence of damage.

The first marking to be discussed is illustrated in Figure 1. The postal card was postmarked at Mexico, NY, at the eastern end of Lake Ontario, on Feb. 16, 1885. Addressed to Tarrytown, NY, it received the auxiliary marking "Delayed by/Snow Blockade". The story behind the use of this marking bears telling.

The snow storm started on the day the postal card was canceled. It turned out to be one of the worst storms in over fifty tears, affecting the nation from Denver to New England. Temperatures dropped to four degrees at Chicago, ten degrees at Omaha, five degrees at Des Moines, and minus twenty degrees in the Dakotas.

The card could have been transported to its destination on either the New York Central Railroad (Map 1) or the Delaware, Lackawana & Western Railroad. The latter railroad did not experience anything greater than a four hour delay, while the New York Central had major problems. Therefore, it is safe to say that the snow blockade marking indicates that the card was carried on the New York Central.

We can assume that after leaving Mexico, NY, the mail train would have gone east to Richland and then southeast to Rome on the main trunk line. It is possible that the train could have gone due south to Syracuse, or even to Oswego and then on to Syracuse, but in any case it would have ended up on the main line heading toward Albany. The real



Map 1. From "The Official Guide of the Railways of the United States" 1902.

question is, where did the train carrying the card become blockaded? By February 17, the day after the card departed Mexico, the line between Oswego and Richland was closed. To the west of Oswego conditions were even worse -- all of the trains from Oswego to Charlotte had been abandoned. The track was also blockaded between Oswego and Norwich. We could expect that by February 17th, the card should have been carried well beyond these trouble areas.

The main line west of Albany was shut down on Tuesday, February 17th. One of the largest and most important mail trains into New York City was the Chicago Through Special on the New York Central road. It normally arrived at New Yorks Grand Central Station at 5:45 A.M. The train carried late

dispatches from Canada, the Northwest and the West, On February 17th the Chicago Through Special was 21 hours late and it never arrived on February 18th. On that date it was stuck in the snow near Little Falls, due east of Rome.

The New York Central line between Buffalo and Schenectady had two to three feet of snow covering the rails on February 16th and 17th. Trains were stuck in deep drifts along the 270-mile stretch. Wind had caused drifts up to 20 feet high, as well as breaking branches from trees, toppling chimneys, and blowing down fences. County roads were impassable to both stage coaches and wagons. Five hundred extra men were employed by the New York Central west of Albany with shovels. Trains which made it through before the worst weather hit arrived in New York City with two foot long icicles hanging from them. In Troy the storm was the worst in twenty years. Street car service was suspended for the first time since 1866 and the temperature dropped to five degrees below zero. The temperature was only one degree warmer in Schenectady. This city was isolated for 24 hours with trees blown down, shutters blown off, windows broken, and many telegraph lines snapped.

It would seem likely that the postal card was on board one of the trains stuck in the snow somewhere west of Albany, but it would be hard to say exactly where without additional research. The information reported here on the snow storm came from reports

published in the New York Times. Additional details could probably be found in local newspapers from cities closer to the storm such as Albany, Schenectady, Rome and Oswego. In addition, the Post Office Departments records of the Railway Mail Service in Washington, DC, may contain details pertaining to this incident, but finding such records would likely require an extensive visit to the records. A third source of information could be the records of the New York Central Railroad, which are housed in Grand Central Station. Once again, however, a visit to the site would be required to uncover pertinent information.

The scarcity of snow blockade auxiliary markings is another issue. The example illustrated in Figure 1 is the only such marking seen by the author in several years of collecting. Considering how many mail trains must have been affected by the 1885 storm -- or other severe snow storms over the past 160 years -- one would expect to encounter other snow delay markings. In fact, other weather related mail delays rarely appear to have been noted in auxiliary markings on the mails. A case in point was discussed in my article on hurricane markings (see La Posta, Vol. 23, No. 5 Nov. 1992). In that article I wrote that I had only seen one such marking. The article drew several letters from readers, but to date I have received no reports of additional hurricane auxiliary markings.

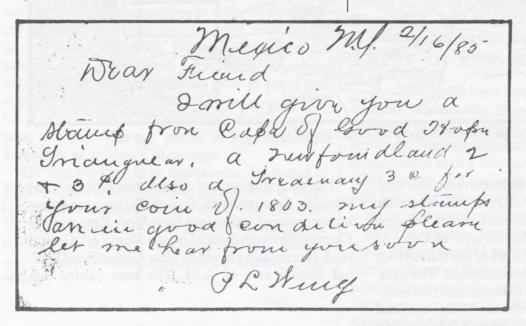
Was there something special about this postal

card that helped it survive 110 years? The answer is yes! Figure 2 displays the message side of the card. It reads,

Dear Friend

I will give you a stamp from Cape of Good Hope Triangulars, a Newfoundland 2 and 3 c, also a Treasury 3c for your coin of 1803. My stamps are in good condition. Please let me hear from you soon.

P.L. Wing



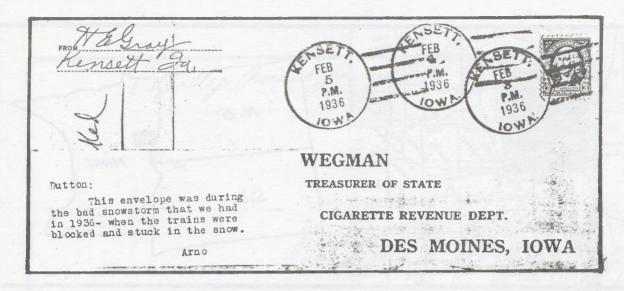


Figure 3

It appears that the addressee was a stamp collector and he saved this card as it must have seemed like something a bit different (or maybe to have a record of his trade). The card must have been with his stamp collection and was passed down to successive generations until it ended up in the auction of an East Coast house. It would be fun to calculate todays values of the stamps and coin involved in the swap. My vague memory from earlier coin collecting days is that the 1803 silver dollar is very scarce. If any readers care to write me with their thoughts on the value of the trade, direct them to me at the address listed at the end of this article and Ill pass them along in a future issue of *La Posta*.

There is one other example of a snow blockade related cover with which the author id familiar. Illustrated in Figure 3, this cover was mailed in Kennett, Iowa, February 3, 1936. Addressed to Des Moines, the cover was postmarked in Kennett on Feb. 3, 4, and 5. Though the cover bears no official explanatory postal markings, some non-postal employee attached a note to his friend which reads, "Dutton:/This envelope was during/the bad snowstorm that we had/in 1936 - when the trains were/blocked and stuck in the snow./Arno "

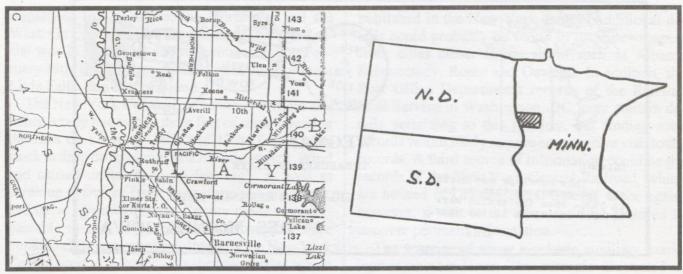
This snow storm was part of a larger system that wrecked havoc with most of the eastern section of the country. Flooding occurred in northern Alabama and eastern Mississippi. A dam burst in Ashville, NC, killing two people. There were 40 mile per hour winds over the Great Lakes and a 70 mph gale at Buffalo. Temperatures dropped 25 to 40 degrees

over night creating an acute coal shortage in half a dozen states. The Potomac River froze, snow drifts blocked highways in the West, and ice coated roads from the Rockies to the Atlantic. The mercury hit eight below at Amarillo, 11 below at Chicago and 38 below at Bimidji, MN. Snow drifts ten feet high closed roads and schools in Minneapolis and across North Dakota. Train and bus service was curtained across the northern Great Plains.

In Iowa the temperature dropped to three below in Davenport. Coal supplies got so low that Governor Herring asked mines to forgo their Saturday holiday for another week in order to supply his states desperate fuel needs. Motor traffic was hopelessly tried up. Three through passenger trains and three interurbans out of Des Moines were stalled in snow drifts over night.

The above information came from reports in the New York Times and the San Francisco Chronicle. More detailed reports were no doubt published in newspapers of Des Moines and midwestern cities, but, as always, it is a matter of individual judgment as to how much time and effort should be put into researching a piece of postal history.

Please send any comments to the author at 16 Iris Court, San Mateo, CA 94401.



Map 1. Rollag, Clay County, Minnesota.

Some Postal Markings of Rollag, Minn. 1880-1929

By Ronald Olin

The postcard views and postmarks of Clay County Minnesota are one of the author's special interests. Clay County is located in west-central Minnesota bordering on The Red River of the North ('Old Ruby'). The hamlet of Rollag, in south-east-ern Clay County is approximately 30 miles, as the crow flies, from Moorhead, the county seat (Map 1).

Rollag was established about 1876 by Scandinavian farmers. The township soil favored potatoes. The hamlet had two churches, a blacksmith shop, a grocery store and a post office. Early postcard views are scarce and there are none in the author's collection

The Rollag post office was established about 1880 as a fourth class. A rural free delivery (R.F.D.) route of 31 miles existed during the early 1900's.

By the turn of the century Rollag had grown into a busy little hamlet with a population of 50. Polk's Directory for 1901 showed the following information for the community:

The population in 1920 was about 100, but afterard began a slow decline so that the post office closed on October 15, 1929.

For the past 40 years, Rollag has been the host of a major local event called The Western Minnesota Steam Thresher's Reunion every Labor Day weekend. Six different postal markings have been recorded by the author from Rollag datingfrom 1882 to 1929. Figures 2 and 3 illustrate the two earliest types.

ROLLAG. First settled in 1870, he Parke township, Clay county, about 250 miles n w of St Paul, and 32 se of Morbead, the county seat, 12 from Hawler, its usual shipping place, on the N P Ry, and the most convenient banking point. It has saw and feed mills and 2 Luthern churches. Stage with mail to Hawler and Pelican Rapids daily. Wm Middag, Manderson Andrew, blksmith.

Arneson T, peddler and tombstone agt. Bjergaard R H, peddler.
Haavig Nels H, blksmith.
Halvorsen Bros, threshers.
Hanson H, carp.
Lee Iver G, carp.
Lee Knut, carp.
Lee S N, feed mill.
Lien Tosten P, fruit tree agt.
Middagh E H & Co, gen store.
MIDDAGH WM, Hotel, Commission
Notary and Justice.
Nelson C C, thresher.
Nelson C C & Bro, saw and feed mile.
Ness Peter, blksmith.
Olson H O, thresher.
Olson O H, notary.
Robinson J E, vet surgeon.
Solum & Steffenson, feed mill and threshers.
Steffenson Bros, well drilling.
Tollum H A, carp.

Source: Polk's Directory, 1901

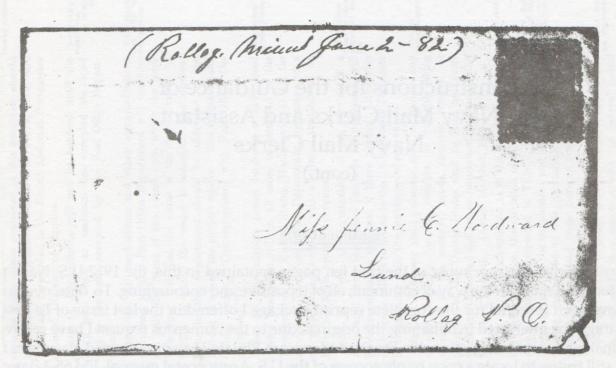


Figure 2: Manuscript postmark, dated June 2, 1882. Pen - cancel. One-cent Franklin stamp (Scott #145). ressed to Lund (Clay Co.), p.o. 1879-1881

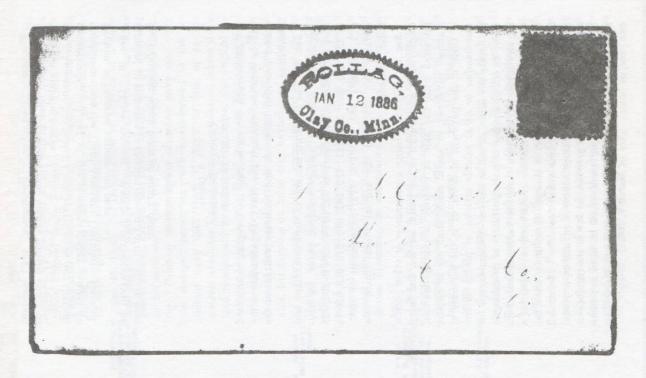


Figure 3: Fancy, black, oval, saw-toothed postmark, dated Jan. 12, 1886. Serified letters. 4-ring killer. 2-cent hington stamp (Scott #210).

Instructions for the Guidance of Navy Mail Clerks and Assistant Navy Mail Clerks (cont.)

Edition of 1912

Much to my surprise, the reprinting of the first ten pages contained in this, the 1912 U.S. Navy postal clerk's has received much in the way of comment, all of it positive and encouraging. To date, over a dozen requests have been received for the complete reprint package I offered in the last issue of La Posta. For those who might be interested in obtaining the original, due to the numerous request I have received for it, the original manual is being offered in the Bear Mountain Philatelic auction carried elsewhere in this issue. I am still trying to locate a copy or photocopy of the U.S. Army postal manual, FM 65-1 dated 1967 or 1968. Any suggestions in regard to obtaining one is greatly appreciated. Please send information to: Bob Munshower, P.O. Box 3484 Boulder, Colorado, 80307

sections 330, 339: also the annual Postal Guide (see

to 335, 340, 360, 397, 411, 412, 562, 614, 616, 618, 620 to ance and redemption: Sections 132 to 140, 204 to 206, 328

623, 632, 684, 690, 702, 706, 772: Supplement of 1907

Regulations relate to postage stamped paper, its issu-stamps and ance and redemption. Section 100

will be returned through the Navy Department to

Undeliverable letters bearing the foregoing return card

Care Navy Department,

WASHINGTON, D. C. S. S. Oregon

sender provided his name and rank are written on

cards otherwise than as provided by law or the regulations Office Department for like quantities: * larger or less sum than is charged therefor by the Post stamped envelopes, or postal cards, shall use or dispose employed in any branch of the postal service, and being of samps. than five hundred of the Post Office Department, shall be fined not more or dispose of postage stamps, stamped envelopes, or postal their faces; or sell or dispose of stamped envelopes for a for any larger or less sum than the values indicated on cash; or sell or dispose of postage stamps or postal cards pothecate the same, or sell or dispose of them except for merchandise or other salable articles, or pledge or hyof them in the payment of debts, or in the purchase of index, "Stamps"). dollars or imprisoned not more than *

supplied in response to requisitions on Form 3202, to bear velopes. and "Assistant Navy Mail Clerk" written in lieu thereof, with pen and the words "U.S.S.," "Navy Mail Clerk," requisition upon the Third Assistant Postmaster General respectively. (A list of the stamped paper subject to Postmaster" on the requisition blanks will be canceled Division of Stamps, appears on page 34.) The words "Post office," "Postmaster," and "Assistant After.....days return to

Stamp account.

Sec. 39. Navy mail clerks shall keep an account, in a suitable book, of their postage-stamp transactions. This account will be closed at the end of each quarter and a report thereof made promptly to the Third Assistant Postmaster General, Division of Stamps. Such reports should be signed and countersigned as provided in sec. 35 as to signatures to requisitions.

supplies of Sec. 40. Upon the termination of service of a navy mination of mail clerk all postage-stamped paper, records, and other clerk service. postal effects, except the postal funds, will be delivered to his successor, who will give itemized receipts therefor. Pending the qualifying of a new navy mail clerk the stamped paper, etc., will be delivered to the assistant navy mail clerk, if there be one, or to the nearest available United States postmaster, whose itemized receipt will be taken in duplicate, the original receipt to be sent to the Third Assistant Postmaster General with the navy mail clerk's final account. If an assistant navy mail clerk or a postmaster be not available, the supplies on hand may be delivered temporarily to a paymaster or other commissioned officer of the United States Navy, designated by the commanding officer, whose receipt should be taken; but credit will not be allowed in settlement of the navy mail clerk's account until the stamp supplies are delivered to a postal official and the funds remitted to the United States Treasurer, in accordance with the provisions of sec. 47.

Disposition of supplies when vessel out of when when commission,

Sec. 41. When a vessel is placed out of commission or of the navy mail service discontinued thereon, the postagestamped paper, records, etc., will be delivered to the most available postmaster, who will give itemized receipts therefor.

Maln taining of supplies.

Sec. 42. It is the duty of every navy mail clerk and assistants to maintain a stock of supplies sufficient for the proper conduct of the postal business. See paragraph 3, section 892, Postal Laws and Regulations. A list of supplies subject to requisition upon the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, Division of Supplies, appears on page 34. Do not make use of letterheads, facing slips, or miscellaneous scraps of paper as requisition forms. Orders, no matter how small, should be submitted on the regular requisition form covering the class of supplies requested.

- Sec. 43. Requisition for supplies enumerated in the Requisition for registry instructions contained in this pamphlet should be made on requisition Forms Nos. 1567a, 1579, and 1580B and forwarded to the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, Division of Supplies.
- Sec. 44. Requisitions will not be honored until the Honoring of navy mail clerk or assistant has executed his bond requisitions. and it has been accepted by the Post Office Department.
- Sec. 45. All requisitions and other communications Correspond addressed to the Post Office Department will mention Department. not only the name of the vessel upon which the clerk is serving, but also the name of the fleet, division, or flotilla to which the vessel is attached. Communications to the department should be addressed to the Bureau to which the subject relates. (See annual Postal Guide; Index, "Correspondence with Post Office Department.")
- Sec. 46. The surplus postal funds in a navy mail Disposition of clerk's possession will in all cases be remitted to the Treasurer of the United States, Washington, D. C., for service of the Post Office Department, by means of a navy paymaster's check, with a letter of transmittal on Form No. 3044, properly prepared.

Sec. 47. Upon the termination of the service of a Disposition of funds on terminavy mail clerk the postal funds in his possession will nation of servbe delivered to the assistant if there be one. Otherwise such funds will be remitted to the United States Treasurer in accordance with the provisions of sec. 46.

Sec. 48. Whoever shall embezzle, steal, or purloin any Penalty for money, property, record, voucher, or valuable thing whatever of the moneys, goods, chattels, records, or property of the United States shall be fined not more than five thousand dollars, or imprisoned not more than five years, or both. (Act of March 3, 1875.)

Sec. 49. For information as to the general conduct of mail. the registry service, the attention of all navy mail clerks and assistants is directed to Title V, Postal Laws and Title V, Postal Laws and Report Regulations, and the supplement and other amendments ations and thereto (secs. 796 to 964, inclusive), as well as the instructions printed from time to time in the current Postal Guides.

Sec. 50. When in doubt as to any detail of the registry When in doubt business, either in connection with the general postal

service or any branch thereof, navy mail clerks should communicate immediately with the Third Assistant Postmaster General, Division of Registered Mails, as required by sections 806 and 904 of the Postal Laws and Regulations, stating fully and clearly the question to be decided.

Special registry OFTOR

Sec. 51. Registry books and forms of a special character and not known as standard forms may be furnished to naval vessels upon authority of the Third Assistant Postmaster General only, and by "special allowance," when the volume of registry business transacted warrants it, or when for other reasons the registry business would be benefited by the use of such forms. Special conditions of this character should be reported to the Third Assistant Postmaster General with a full statement of the facts. with application for any of the special books or forms needed.

tration.

Registration of mail matter. Sec. 52. Before receiving matter for registration the Preparation of sender must be required to have the matter fully, legibly, matter for regis and correctly addressed, and the name and address of the sender written or printed upon the envelope or wrapper, and the necessary stamps to pay postage and registry fee (See sec. 807, P. L. and R.)

Sec. 53. Letters must be placed in a firmly sealed en-

First class mat-

velope strong enough to safely carry inclosures in the mail. Parcels prepaid at the letter rate of postage should Third and be sealed before acceptance for registration. Third and fourth class matter for registration must be so wrapped that it will safely bear transportation and easily admit of examination, which should be made before the matter is registered to ascertain if it is mailable or contains matter Letters up subject to a higher rate of postage. No letter should be not to be accepted for registration the condition of which is doubt-

ful or which bears the appearance of having been opened and resealed. Navy mail clerks are forbidden to address registered matter, place the contents in an envelope, seal it, or affix the stamp. (See sec. 807, P. L. and R.)

Imperfectly sealed envelopes.

Sec. 54. Navy mail clerks and assistants accepting for registration letters in unsealed or imperfectly sealed envelopes, or letters or parcels without cover or in envelopes or wrappers which are manifestly not strong enough to safely carry inclosures, or letters or parcels without cover, will be held responsible in cases where their neglect causes loss or depredation which can not be traced to another person.

15

Sec. 55. Matter vaguely or indefinitely addressed, or Yare addressed to fictitious names other than legitimate trade names, to initials, or to box numbers simply, or with lead pencil when for delivery in foreign countries, must not be accepted for registration. (See secs. 807 and 942, P. L. and R.)

Sec. 56. Whenever the sender desires a return receipt turn receipt for any registered article, he should indorse the envelope or wrapper "Receipt desired" or with words of similar import. When such request is made for registered mail addressed for delivery in the United States, Hawaii, Porto Rico, Guam, Canal Zone, the Philippine Islands, Shanghai in China, Pago Pago and Tau in Samoa, and on board United States naval vessels, the domestic form of return receipt (card Form 1548) must be filled out and accompany every such registered letter or parcel. When return receipts are desired for registered mail addressed for delivery in foreign countries, such receipt will be supplied at the United States exchange office of dispatch.

Sec. 57. If the article when presented for registration Record of regisis mailable and properly prepared, a receipt must be filled up from the window registration book, Form 1549-B, giving the name and address of the sender, name of addressee, and destination of the letter or parcel, registration number and date of mailing, and the class of the article, whether "first class," "second class," "third class," or "fourth class," if domestic, and "letter," "postal card," "prints," "commercial papers," "samples of merchandise," or "parcel post," if addressed to foreign countries. The following abbreviations may be used in recording the several classes of mail accepted for registration:

Classification.

Domestic classification.		D 41.	
First class	Class abbreviation.	Domestic sification.	C153-
Second class	2d.		
Third class	3d.		
Fourth class	4th.		
Foreign classification.			
	Class abbreviation.		classi-
Letters		fication.	
Postal cards	P. C.		
Commercial papers	Com. P.		
Printed matter	Pta.		
Samples of merchandise	Smple.		

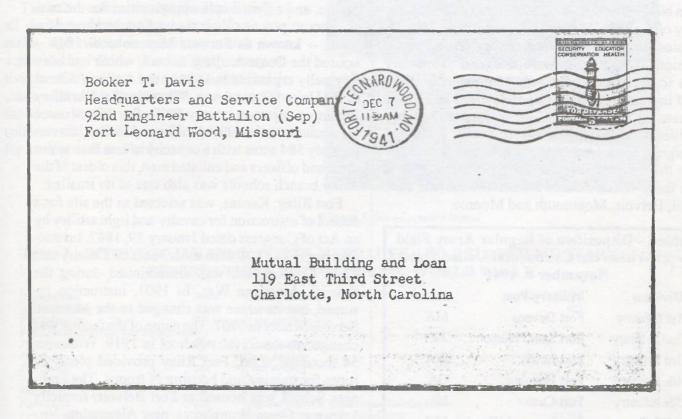


Figure 1. This cover was postmarked at Fort Leonard Wood, Missouri, on the date Pearl Harbor was attacked. Mail from America's WWII era domestic forts represents a exciting opportunity to build a postal history specialty collection at little cost.

POSTAL FACILITIES OF UNITED STATES DOMESTIC MILITARY INSTALLATIONS IN WORLD WAR II

Part IV. Forts, Barracks and Related Military Reservations, except Coast Artillery Installations

By Richard W. Helbock and Rod Crossley

Forts, as opposed to camps and cantonments, were typically seen as more permanent military installations. Of course, the degree of permanence has varied tremendously over the years with changing political realities, the attitudes of politicians and the public, and the nature of military technology. Cavalry posts, once seen as vital in protecting the nation's interest along the Western frontier, quickly became obsolete as trucks and tanks replaced horses and mules in the early decades of this century. As the United States stood poised on the bring of war in early 1941, the Army's roster of forts, barracks, and related military reservations included a sizeable number of Coast Artillery posts devoted to the

harbor defense of the nation's major ports; a collection of antique barracks sheltered within the confines of selected American cities; a scattering of cavalry forts and Indian War posts mostly strewn across the Great Plains from the Dakotas to Texas: and a small group of "modern" forts which had been selected by Secretary of War John Weeks in 1921 as either training centers for the nine corps areas or educational centers for the five combat arms branches. The purpose of the current installment of our series is to examine more closely this roster of Army forts, barracks and related military reservations which saw the United States through World War II, and to explore the postal services available to the men and women who occupied these posts. Given the relatively large number and special character of the Coast Artillery harbor defense posts, we will delay a detailed consideration of this particular group until a future installment.

On November 8, 1941, field forces of the Regular Army of the United States consisted of nine Infantry Divisions, two Cavalry Divisions and five Armored Divisions. These units were assigned to military posts scattered throughout the continental U. S. as listed in Table 1 below. The forts listed in Table 1 represented the largest, most up to date, military facilities available in the United States. Most had undergone considerable expansion and renovation since the early 1930s. The only other major forts were those which housed the service schools such as Sill, Belvoir, Monmouth and Monroe.

Table 1 - Disposition of Regular Army Field Forces Within the Continental United States, November 8, 1941

Division	Military Post	State	
1st Infantry	Fort Devens	MA	
2nd Intantry	Fort Sam Houston	TX	
3rd Infantry	Fort Lewis	WA	
4th Infantry	Fort Benning	GA	
5th Infantry	Fort Custer	MI	
6th Infantry	Fort Leonard Wood	МО	
7th Infantry	Fort Ord	CA	
8th Infantry	Fort Jackson	SC	
9th Infantry	Fort Bragg	NC	
1st Cavalry	Fort Bliss	TX	
2nd Cavalry	Fort Riley	KS	
1st Armored	Fort Knox	KY	
2nd Armored	Fort Benning	GA	
3rd Armored	Camp Polk	LA	
4th Armored	Pine Camp	NY	
5th Armored	Fort Knox	KY	

Fort Benning, a huge 98,000 acre tract in southern Georgia, was selected as the home of the Infantry School in 1919 when the former Infantry School of Arms at Fort Sill was combined with the Small Arms Firing School from Camp Perry and the Machine Gun School from Camp Hancock. The Field Artillery School was founded on June 5, 1911 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma, after the United States Artillery was divided into Coast and Field Artillery. Fort Sill consists of over 70,000 arces of quiet Oklahoma

prairie, and offers ample opportunities for the cannoneers to practice their trade. Fort Monroe, Virginia, — known as Fortress Monroe until 1941 — housed the Coast Artillery School, which had been originally organized in 1824 as the Artillery School of the United States Army. When the Field Artillery became a separate arm in 1907, the Fort Monroe curriculum was confined to Coast Artillery. Covering only 584 acres with a capacity of less than seven thousand officers and enlisted men, this oldest of the Army branch schools was also one of its smallest.

Fort Riley, Kansas, was selected as the site for a school of instruction for cavalry and light artilley by an Act of Congress dated January 29, 1887. Instruction began in 1891 with subschools of Cavalry and Field Artillery, but was discontinued during the Spanish American War. In 1901, instruction resumed, but its name was changed to the Mounted Service School in 1907. The name of the facility was changed to the Cavalry School in 1919. With over 54 thousand acres, Fort Riley provided plenty of room for training and housing of troops. The Engineer School was housed at Fort Belvoir, formerly known as Camp Humphreys, near Alexandria, Virginia. Although the post itself consisted of just over nine thousand acreas, the school also controlled a training area in Shenandoah National Park with 180 thousand acres. Fort Monmouth, a 1,700 acre post near Red Bank, New Jersey, was the home of the Signal School.

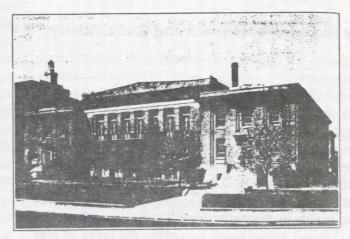


Figure 2. Fort Monroe, VA, was the home of the Coast Artillery School.

Table 2 displays an alphabetical listing of all domestic United States Army forts, barracks, and related installations which were active during World War II. The primary activities of the posts have been identified in cases where they were known, and, except for the Coast Artillery forts, the troop capacity (officers and enlisted) as of June 1944 is listed for each post if available.

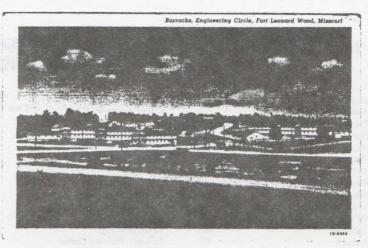


Figure 3. Fort Leonard Wood

Table 2 - DOMESTIC U.S.ARMY FORTS, BARRACKS AND RELATED MILITARY RESERVATIONS ACTIVE DURING WORLD WAR II

Name of Post	State	Primary Activity	Troop Capacity
A.P. Hill Military Reservation	VA	Maneuver Area	932
Fort Adams	RI	Coast Artillery	
Fort Allen, Eathan (See Fort Eathan	,		
Fort Andrews	MA	Coast Artillery	
Fort Baker	CA	Coast Artillery	
Fort Banks	MA	Coast Artillery	
Fort Barrancas	FL	Coast Artillery	
Fort Barry	CA	Coast Artillery	
Fort Belvoir	VA	Engineer School & Replacement Training Center	24,137
Fort Benjamin Harrison	IN	Finance Replacement Training Center	14,368
Fort Benning	GA	Infantry School & Ground Forces Training Center	98,843
Fort Bliss	TX.	Antiaircraft Artillery Replacement Training Center	49,163
Boise Barracks	ID^1	Training Center	1,480
Fort Brady	MI ²	Military Reservation	4,806
Fort Bragg	NC	Field Artillery Replacement Training Center	80,486
Fort Brown	TX	Cavalry Post	1,300
Fort Burnside	RI	Coast Artillery	
Fort Canby	WA	Coast Artillery	
Carlisle Barracks	PA	Medical Field Service Training School	3,496
Fort Casev	WA	Coast Artillery	
Fort Church	RI	Coast Artillery	
Fort Clark	TX ³	Cavalry Post	8.71
Fort Columbia	WA	Coast Artillery	
Fort Constitution	NH	Coast Artillery	
Fort Crockett	TX	Coast Artillery	
Fort Cronkhite	CA	Coast Artillery	
Fort Crook	NE	Coust Artificity	
Fort Custer	MI	Military Police Replacement Training Center	28.832
Fort D.A. Russell	TX	Cavalry Training Center	2,392
Fort Davis DC	10	Cavany training Center	Legal Pa
Fort Dawes	MA	Coast Artillery	
Fort Dearborn	NH	Coast Artitlery Coast Artillery	
Fort Delaware	DE		
		Coast Artillery	8.01:
Fort Des Moines	IA	Women's Army Corps Replacement Training Center	,
Fort Devens	MA	Military Reservation	35,298
Fort Dix	NJ	Training & Pre-staging Area	53,423
Fort Douglas	UT		
Fort DuPont	DE VT ⁴	Coast Artillery	
Fort Eathan Allen		Field Artillery Camp	
Fort Ebey	WA	Coast Artillery	
Fort Emory	CA	Coast Artillery	40.00
Fort Eustis	VA	Antiaircraft Artillery Replacement Training Center	18,08
Fort Fisher	NC	Antiaircraft Artillery Firing Point	6,487
Fort Flagler	WA	Coast Artillery	
Fort Foster	NH	Coast Artillery	
Fort Francis E. Warren	WY	Army Service Forces Training Center	17, 18
Fort Funston	CA	Coast Artillery	
Fort George G. Meade	MD	Army Ground Forces Replacement Center	37,15
Fort Getty	RI	Coast Artillery	
Fort Greble	RI	Coast Artillery	

Table 2 - DOMESTIC U.S.ARMY FORTS, BARRACKS AND RELATED MILITARY RESERVATIONS ACTIVE DURING WORLD WAR II

Name of Post	State	Primary Activity	Troop Capacity
Fort Hancock	NJ	Coast Artillery	
Fort Harrison, Benjamin (See Fort Benj			
Fort Harrison, William Henry (See Fort		Henry Harrison)	
Fort Hayes	OH	Court Aut II	
Fort Heath	MA	Coast Artillery	
Hill, A.P. Mil. Res. (See A.P. Hill Milit Fort Houston, Sam (See Fort Sam Hous	2	(auton)	
Fort Huachuca	AZ	Military Reservation	25,688
·Hunter-Liggett Military Reservation	CA	Training Area	1,396
Indiantown Gap Military Reservation	PA	Training Center	27,002
Fort Jackson	MS	Coast Artillery	
Fort Jackson	SC	Infantry Training Center	78,724
Fort Jay	NY		
Jefferson Barracks	МО	Range	1,516
Fort John Curtis	VA	Coast Artillery	
Key West Barracks	FL KY	A Sahari & Danisanant Terining Coster	60,537
Fort Knox Fort Lawton	WA	Armor School & Replacement Training Center Seattle Port of Embarkation	00,557
Fort Leavenworth	KS	Command & General Staff School	12,488
Fort Leonard Wood	MO	Engineer Replacement Training Center & Division Camp	46,152
Fort Levett	ME	Coast Artillery	
Fort Lewis	WA	Army Ground Forces Training Center	67,269
Fort Lincoln	ND	Military Reservation	
Fort Logan	CO	Military Post	6,973
Fort Lyon	ME	Coast Artillery	
Fort MacArthur	CA	Coast Artillery	
Madison Barracks	NJ ⁵	Military Reservation	2,102
Fort McClellan	AL	Infantry Replacement Training Center	44,296 1,447
Fort McKinky	TX ME	Cavalry post Coast Artillery	1,44/
Fort McKinley Fort McPherson	GA	Reception & Reclassification Center	6,252
Fort McRee	FL	Coast Artillery	0,232
Fort Meade	SD ⁶	Ground Forces Training Center	2,091
Fort Meade, George G. (See Fort Georg	ge G. Mead		
Fort Miles	DE	Coast Artillery	
Fort Miley	CA	Coast Artillery	
Fort Missoula	MT	Military Reservation	
Fort Monmouth	NJ	Signal Corps Laboratory	21,345
Fort Monroe	VA	Coast Artillery School	6,668
Fort Mott Fort Moultrie	NJ SC	Coast Artillery	
Fort Myer	VA .	Coast Artillery Military Reservation	4,958
Fort Niagara	NY	Army Service Forces Training Center	4,619
Fort Oglethorpe	GA	Womens Army Corps Training Center	13,675
Fort Omaha	NE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Fort Ontario	NY ⁷	Pre-Basic Training Station	2,396
Fort Ord	CA	Army Ground Forces Training Area	51,253
Fort Pickens	FL.	Coast Artillery	
Plattsburg Barracks	NY8	Military Reservation	The same of the sa
Fort Preble	ME	Coast Artillery	
Presidio of Monterey	CA	Reception Center	5,652
Presidio of San Francisco	CA OK	Military Reservation	5,721
Fort Revere	MA	Coast Artillery	
Fort Riley	KS	Cavalry Replacement Training Center & School	35,985
Fort Ringgold	TX9	Cavalry Post	854
Fort Robinson NE		7.00	
Fort Rodman	MA	* Coast Artillery	
Fort Rosecrans	CA	Coast Artillery	
Fort Ruckman	MA	Coast Artillery	
Fort Russell, D.A. (See Fort D.A. Russ			
Fort Sam Houston	TX	Military Reservation	26,544
San Carlos War Dog Traing Center	CA		262
Fort San Jacinto	TX	Coast Artillary	
Fort Saulsbury	DE	Coast Artillery Military Port	12.006
Fort Sheridan Fort Sill	IL OK	Military Post Field Artillery School & Replacement Ttraining Center	13,005 51,802
1 014 9111	ON	reservation of the representation reading center	71,002

Table 2 - DOMESTIC U.S.ARMY FORTS, BARRACKS AND RELATED MILITARY RESERVATIONS ACTIVE DURING WORLD WAR II

Name of Post	State	Primary Activity	Troop Capacity
Fort Snelling	MN	Army Service Forces Reception Center	6,898
Fort Standish	MA	Coast Artillery	
Fort Stark	NH	Coast Artillery	
Fort Strong	MA	Coast Artillery	
Fort Sumter	SC	Coast Artillery	
Fort Taylor	FL	Coast Artillery	
Fort Terry	NY	Coast Artillery	
Fort Thomas	KY	to the last transfer of transfer of the last transf	
Fort Tilden	NY	Coast Artillery	
Tobyhanna Military Reservation	PA		
Fort Townsend	WA	Coast Artillery	
Fort Travis	TX	Coast Artillery	
Fort Tyler	NY	Coast Artillery	
Vancouver Barracks	WA	Staging area for Seattle Port of Embarkation	7,545
Fort Varnum	RI	Coast Artillery	
Vint Hills Farm School	VA	Signal Corps Training Center	1,833
Fort Wadsworth	NY	Coast Artillery	
Fort Warren	MA	Coast Artillery	
Fort Warren, Francis E. (See Fort F	rancis E. Warn	ren)	
Fort Washington	MD	Adjutant Generals School	2,888
Fort Wayne	MI	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	
Fort Wetherill	RI	Coast Artillery	
Fort Whitman	WA	Coast Artillery	
Fort William Henry Harrison	MT ¹⁰	Ground Forces Training Area	
Fort Williams	ME	Coast Artillery	
Fort Winfield Scott	CA	Coast Artillery	
Fort Wood, Leonard (See Fort Leon	ard Wood)		
Fort Wool	VA	Coast Artillery	
Fort Worden	WA	Coast Artillery	
Fort Wright	WA		

Declared surplus 17 Mar 44

Table 3 presents the particulars of postal servce provided for the World War II domestic forts. arracks and military reservations, except the Coast artillery posts. Readers may recall that Army camps nd cantonments were given a similar display in able 4 of Part III [La Posta, Vol. 26, No. 2 (May 995)].

In addition to the name of the installation, the able identifies the city or town responsible for the ostal needs of the fort, the name of the designated ostal subunit which handled mail for the fort (if uch a subunit was authorized), the dates of operaon for this subunit

Collecting Covers fromWWII Domestic **Forts**

A collection of postmarks from domestic forts of the WWII era makes a wonderful addition to a broader U. S. fort collection (Civil War era, Indian Wars forts, etc.). It can also form a logical extension of a military postal history collection with a World War II focus. Many of the domestic forts housed large numbers of service men and women, and examples of covers and cards are rather plentiful fifty years after the event. Other forts, barracks and related military reservations were quite small and locating examples of surviving mail from them can provide todays collector with a stiff challenge.

Declared surplus 5 Apr 44

Declared surplus 2 Jun 44

⁴Declaredinactive 20 Mar 44

Declared surplus on 4 Feb 44

Declared surplus 24 Mar 44

Declared inactive 21 Feb 44

⁸Declared surplus 28 Jan 44

Declared surplus 15 May 44

Declared inactive 28 Feb 44

TABLE 3 - Postal Units Associated with World War II Domestic Forts, Barracks & Military Reservations

Name of Post	Civil Post Office	Designated Postal Unit	Esta blished	Discontinued	Notes
A.P. Hill Military Reservation	Bowling Green, VA	None			
Fort Allen, Eathan (See Fo		NOISC			
Fort Belvoir	Fort Belvoir, VA	Independent P.O.	?? ??? 1935	Operating	
Fort Benjamin Harrison	Indianapolis, IN	Fort Benjamin Harrison Branch	23 Aug 1910	?? ??? 1987	
Fort Benning	Columbus, GA	Fort Benning Branch	?? ??? 1931	Operating	Was Ind. P.O.
Fort Bliss	El Paso, TX	Fort Bliss Branch	1 Sep 1916	Operating	Was Ind. P.O.
Boise Barracks	Boise, ID	None			
Fort Brady	Sault Ste. Marie, MI	None			
Fort Bragg	Fayetteville, NC	Fort Bragg Branch	1 Jul 1941	Operating	
Fort Brown	Brownsville, TX	None			
Carlisle Barracks	Carlisle, PA	Carlisle Barracks Branch	10 Oct 1943	Operating	
Fort Clark	Brackettsville, TX	Fort Clark Branch	1 Mar 1943	5 Aug 1944	
Fort Crook Fort Custer	Fort Crook, NE	Independent P.O. Fort Custer Branch	15 Sep 1896	30 Dec 1966 31 Dec 1947	
Fort D.A. Russell	Battle Creek, MI Marfa, TX	Fort D.A. Russell Branch	15 Aug 1940 1 Oct 1942	11 Jul 1945	
Fort Davis	Washington, DC	Fort Davis Branch	17 Jan 1944	Operating	
Fort Des Moines	Fort Des Moines, IA	Independent P.O.	4 Jun 1904	15 Nov 1955	
Fort Devens	Ayer, MA	Fort Devens Station	1 Jan 1933	?? ??? 198?	
Fort Dix	Wrightstown	Fort Dix Branch	15 Aug 1917	4 May 1941	
Fort Douglas	Salt Lake City, UT	Fort Douglas Branch	15 Aug 1942		
Fort Eathan Allen	Burlington, VT	Fort Ethan Allen Branch	1 Jul 1917	15 Dec 1943	
Fort Eustis	Newport News, VA	Fort Eustis Branch	1 Mar 1941	30 Sep 1944	
			1 Mar 1945	30 Apr 1946	
Fort Fisher	Wilmington, NC	Fort Fisher Branch	10 Mar 1943	25 Aug 1944	
Fort Francis E. Warren	Cheyenne, WY	Fort Warren Branch	1 May 1942	c1946	
Fort George G. Meade	Washington, DC	Fort George G. Meade Branch	1 Jul 1941	31 Dec 1941	
Fort Harrison, Benjamin (See Fort Benjamin Harriso	on)			
Fort Harrison, William He	enry (See Fort William He				
Fort Hayes	Columbus, OH	Fort Hayes Station	?? ??? 1922	post-1960	
	A.P. Hill Military Reservat	ion)			
Fort Houston, Sam (See F	,	T. 1 . 1 . 1 . 1 . 1 . 2	# E 1 1001	f 1 1074	
Fort Huachuca AZ	Fort Huachuca, AZ	Independent P.O.	5 Feb 1891	5 Jan 1974	
Hunter-Liggett Military Reservation	Jolon, CA	None			
Indiantown Gap Military	Joion, CA	THORE			
Reservation	Annville, PA	Indiantown Gap Branch	1 Mar 1941	30 Jun 1946	
Fort Jackson	Columbia, SC	Fort Jackson Branch	15 Aug 1940	Operating	
Fort Jay	New York, NY	Governors Island Branch	26 Nov 1917	?? ??? 198?	
Jefferson Barracks	St. Louis, MO	Jefferson Barracks Station	1 Mar 1941	31 Dec 1946	
Key West Barracks	Key West, FL	None			
Fort Knox	Fort Knox, KY	Independent P.O.	?? ??? 1932	Operating	
Fort Lawton	Seattle, WA	Fort Lawton Branch	1 Sep 1941	28 Feb 1945	
Fort Leavenworth	Fort Leavenworth, KS	Independent P.O.	19 Oct 1841	Operating	
Fort Leonard Wood	St. Louis, MO	Fort Leonard Wood Branch	1 Apr 1941	1 Apr 1944	
Fort Lewis	Tacoma, WA	Fort Lewis Branch	16 Oct 1927	Operating	
Fort Lincoln	Bismarck, ND	None	0.14 1000		
Fort Logan	Fort Logan, CO	Independent P.O.	3 May 1889	Operating	
Madison Barracks	Sackets Harbor, NJ	None Fort McCleller Branch	a1025	Oncerting	
Fort McClellan Fort McIntosh	Anniston, AL Laredo, TX	Fort McClellan Branch None	c1935	Operating	
Fort McPherson	Atlanta, GA	Fort McPhearson Station	15 Dec 1942	?? ??? 198?	
Fort Meade	Fort Meade, SD	Independent P.O.	29 Jan 1879	Operating	
	ee Fort George G. Meade		27 Jali 1077	Operating	
Fort Missoula	Missoula, MT	None			
Fort Monmouth	Red Bank, NJ	Fort Monmouth Branch	21 Oct 1940	Operating	
Fort Monroe	Fort Monroe, VA	Independent P.O.	?? ??? 1941	?? ??? 1972	Was Fortress Monroe
Fort Myer	Arlington, VA	Fort Myer Station	1 Jul 1942	Operating	
Fort Niagara	Youngstown, NY	None			
Fort Oglethorpe	Rossville, GA	Fort Oglethorpe Branch	c1917	15 Jan 1947	
Fort Omaha	Omaha, NE	None			
Fort Ontario	Oswego, NY	Fort Ontario Station	1 Feb 1941	29 Feb 1944	
Fort Ord	Monterey, CA	Fort Ord Branch	1 Nov 1940	Operating	
Plattsburg Barracks	Plattsburg, NY	Military Branch	8 May 1917	1 Aug 1947	
Presidio of Monterey	Monterey, CA	Presidio of Monterey Station	1 Nov 1937	Operating	
Presidio of San Francisco		Presidio Station	1 Jul 1902	Operating	
Fort Reno	El Reno, OK	None Fort Pilou Prench	1 Jun 1017	Omanetina	Was Ind P.O
Fort Riley	Junction City, KS	Fort Riley Branch	1 Jun 1917	Operating	Was Ind. P.O.
Fort Ringgold TX	Rio Grande City, TX	None			

TABLE 3 - Postal Units Associated with World War II Domestic Forts, Barracks & Military Reservations

Name of Post	Civil Post Office	Designated Postal Unit	Established	Discontinued	Notes
Fort Robinson	Fort Robinson, NE	Independent P.O.	9 Sep 1879	?? ??? 1953	
Fort Russell, D.A. (See I		mocpetioent 1.0.	y bep rois		
Fort Sam Houston	San Antonia, TX	Fort Sam Houston Station	c1916	Operating	
	San Amonia, 1A	Fort Sam Houston Station	C1710	Operating	
San Carlos War Dog	S C . L CA	Name of the state			
Traing Center	San Carlos, CA	None			
Fort Saulsbury	Milford, DE	None			
Fort Sheridan IL	Fort Sheridan		1	Relate the in	
Fort Sill OK	Lawton, OK	Fort Sill Branch	15 Aug 1917	Operating	
Fort Snelling	Saint Paul, MN	Fort Snelling Branch	1 Jul 1918	Operating	Was Ind. P.O.
Fort Thomas	Newport, KY	Fort Thomas Branch	c1913	c1950	was Ind. P.O.
Tobyhanna Military	all the tradepartments				
Reservation	Tobyhanna, PA	None			
Vancouver Barracks	Vancouver, WA	None			
Vint Hills Farm School	Warrenton, VA	None			
Fort Warren, Francis E.	(See Fort Francis E. Warr	en)			
Fort Washington MD	Washington, DC	Fort Washington Branch	15 Jan 1942	15 Oct 1944	
Fort Wayne MI Detroit	None				
Fort William Henry					
Harrison	Helena, MT	Fort William Henry Harrison Branch	24 Aug 1942	c1946	
Fort Wood, Leonard (Se	e Fort Leonard Wood)				
Fort Wright	Spokane, WA	Fort Wright Station	11 May 1907	15 Jul 1950	
and more light of	datability to visua	orani tenoni bovi il imperili	mos oritornoby		

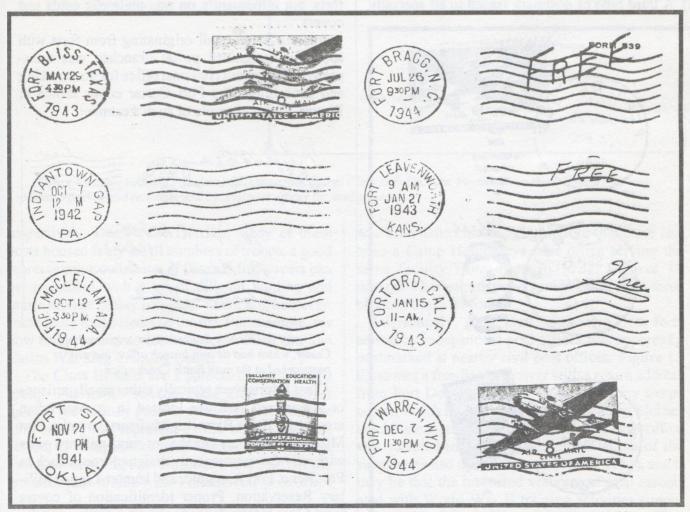


Figure 4. Postal branches at most of the Class I forts cancelled mail with machines. The markings illustrated here are representative.

A close examination of Table 3 reveals that WWII era domestic forts may be divided into three classes based upon the type of postal service provided for their troops: Class I - large military posts served by specially designated branches of a nearby civil post office; Class II - small military posts with no specially designated postal units; and Class III - "antique" military posts surviving from an earlier era when forts were served by independent post offices.

Examples of cards and covers from Class I forts are rather easy to find in dealers stocks and accumulations of WWII era postal history. Most such military reservations postmarked mail with machine cancellations. Figure 4 illustrates a selection of such markings. It is also possible to find covers postmarked with steel duplex handstamps from most, if not all, of these major domestic forts (figure 5). A third type of postmark issued to all specially

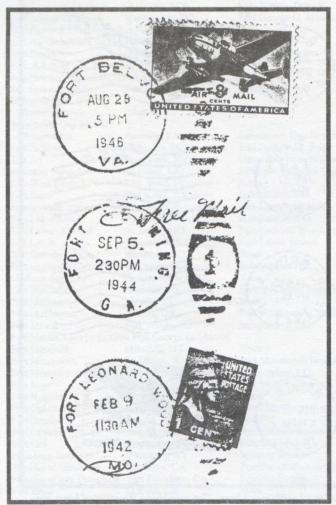


Figure 5. Branches at most Class I fort occassionally postmarked mail using steel duplex handstamps such as these.



Figure 6. While not commonly found on first class mail (except philatelicexamples) utility daters such as this were issued to branches serving Class I forts.

designated branches and stations was the double circle utility dater (figure 6). Typically used to cancel stamps on parcels, money orders or non-first class mail business, examples of postmarks of this type appear frequently on philatelic mail from the forts, but infrequently on non-philatelic cards and covers

In some cases, mail originating from forts with specially designated postal branches was transported to the parent civil post office for postmarking and cancelling. The Fort Custer cover shown in Figure 7 is an example of such treatment.



Figure 7. This free franked cover originated at Fort Custer, which had its own branch office, but was postmarked at the mail Battle Creek office.

Class II forts were typically either small garrisons or specialized facilities located in or near urban areas, e.g., Boise Barracks, Madison Barracks, Fort Missoula, and Fort Omaha; or rural military posts with very few permanently assigned troops such as Fort Reno, Fort Ringgold, and Hunter-Liggett Military Reservation. Proper identification of covers from Class II forts depends almost entirely upon the return address. Figures 8 and 9 illustrate free franked covers from Fort Omaha and Fort Wright



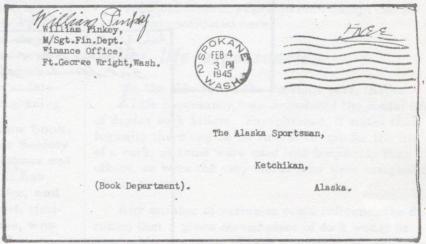


Figure 8 (above left) and 9 (below right) illustrate typical Class II fort covers. Forts such as these lacked their own postal branches and relied on nearby civil post offices for mail service.

respectively. Despite the fact that many of these posts housed fairly small numbers of troops, a good representative collection of Class II fort covers can be assembled with a bit of diligent hunting and rather modest outlay of funds. There are, however, some fairly tough items on the list. For example, see how long it takes to locate a cover from the San Carlos War Dog Training Center.

The Class III forts are a particularly interesting group. The term "antique" was used earlier, for most of the military posts in this class date from the 19th century and represent a time when forts were served by independent post offices. Fort Monroe, Fort Leavenworth, Fort Huachuca, and Fort Meade are examples of this type. Fort Belvoir post office

was established in 1935, but before that there had been a Camp Humphreys post office serving the same facility from 1920 to 1922. Figures 10 through 12 illustrate covers originating from three of these Class III forts.

Interestingly, some mail originating from forts served by independent post offices was apparently postmarked at nearby civil post offices. Figure 13 illustrates a free franked cover with a return address from Fort Des Moines, the Womens Army Corps center, which has been cancelled with a Des Moines machine cancel. The Fort Des Moines post office was established in 1904 (an earlier office of the same name had operated from 1837 to 1855), and it may be that the increased volumes of mail associated with World War II training activities simply overwhelmed the facilities of the small post office and they called upon nearby Des Moines for mail cancelling assistance.

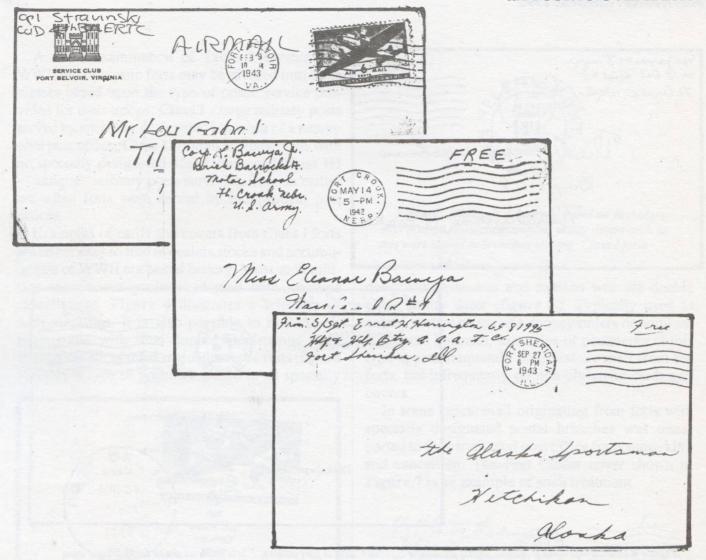


Figure 10 (top), 11 (center) and 12 (bottom) are typical of the covers originating from Class III domestic forts during the WW II era.

In summary, collecting postal history material from the WWII era domestic forts, barracks and related military reservations can be an enjoyable and challenging persuit. Quite a large volume of cards and covers have survived, allowing the collector ample opportunity to build a substantial collection at very little cost. On the other hand, hoewever, there were a few WWII domestic military posts from which it should prove rather difficult to find mail.

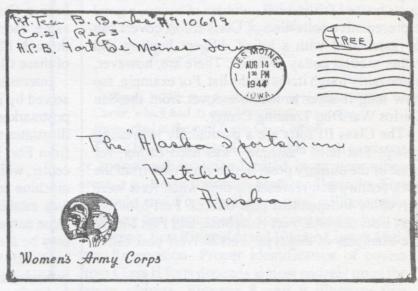


Figure 13. Although Fort Des Moines was served by its own independent post office, some mail from the fort was postmarked in Des Moines.

1860s-1870s Fancy Cancels of Philadelphia-2

by Tom Clarke

The purpose of this article, continued from July, 1995, is to introduce to La Posta readers the interesting, if not spectacular, fancy canceled covers from Philadelphia. Only those created at the main post office are under consideration, excluding the area's few sub-station fancies.

Since these cancels are, according to the habit of the time, mostly non-year-dated, the article's goal is to correlate usage over time and give them proper date parameters. Though the data will be forever spotty, it should be appreciated that a collector's ability to even partially date an otherwise undateable cover is highly desirable. This is a beginning.

**Since Part One's appearance, a new book, sponsored by the US Philatelic Classics Society has appeared: James M. Cole's Cancellations ank Killers of the Banknote Era, 1870-1894. It has provided several items new to this writer, and they have been added. It's arrangement, similar to Skinner's 1845-1869 classic volume, was gratefully used as a source here.

Canceler dials covered

For this concluding installment, the dial types listed below are the pertinent ones keyed to and illustrated with their known killers.

[#104 -the 103 type with patent and patent-like duplex bars; considered previously (*La Pos-ta*, Sep. 1992, p.25-30)]

#105-107 -Carrier daters, non duplex

#110-111 - these supplanted the balloon 103s and 104s, the small duplexes, and the balloon DC carrier cancel (the #106 and 107s) by early 1866

[#112 -first Phila. one-piece duplex cancel --no fancies, just the standard bullseye killer]

#113

#114

#115 -the primary workhorse of the period

#116 Carrier cancel

#117 NY-bound train mail cancel

#121 Carrier cancel

#125 Carrier cancel

#130

#131 Carrier cancel

#132 -the second workhorse, in use after 1870; it was followed by experimental one-piece duplex ellipses in 1877, etc. (see *La Posta*, July 1994, p. 20-30)

#678 Foreign mail -a reused domestic cancel-

ers, #131-2

#679 Foreign mail -ditto, #131-2

[#680-682 distinctly Foreign mail design and so not considered here]

Killer life expectancies

In the side-bar in the previous part, "Killer Life Expectancy," we considered the useful life of duplex cork killers. Paraphrased, it states that logically there can be no rule of thumb for the life of a cork, as some were used less frequently than others, as were the very clerks who were assigned to utilize them.

Any number of variables could influence the duration that a given carved piece of cork would be servicable: the grade of cork, temperature, humidity variation, the acidity of the ink supply, etc. As the days proceed, wear and tear erodes the surface. Devices are dropped, cast across the desk, wiped and rinsed in solvent. The sharp edged, precise image that comes with a newly cut cork face weakens as the days and weeks proceed into a blur.

The familiar 1868-9 "Mummers" fez hat fancy, in blue or black, for example, is one with which collectors are familiar. The progression of its fitness over time is easily visible (illustrated in Part I).

Likewise, the striking "ray-burst" killer. From few examples (not considered as worthy to save?) than the "Mummer", a parallel progression from sharp to obscure can be established and an approximation of its placement during the usual 2-3-4 week long lifespan can be approximated Educated guesstimates can be made for most corks' lives thus.

With the "screaming eagle" too, serviceability is observed as pristine, intermediate, or late state, similar to postage stamp plate wear. Keeping in mind the many variables affecting them, we can ap-

proximatly gauge the average cork's usage dates. Other more routine dating factors assist in placing killers in their proper series and sequence, that is, once the initial work of determining the dial's subtype series is confirmed.

Missing types

Thus, the progression of killer use can help us zero in on the actual usage year. However, in all probability, killers were mis-cut or were otherwise too delicate that self-destructed quickly, and for which we have no examples to bear witness of their existence. Consider the following:

Assume that killer A were carved and, from cover evidence, seemingly placed in service on or about May 3rd. It gave relatively nice impressions for most of its first two weeks, then inexorably began a slide toward oblivion over the last two weeks of its life, with a last known use on June 6.

Then we have an apparent succeeding killer, type B, utilizing the precise dial subtype as killer A. According to surviving covers, it exists from June 10 with no further examples known after July 1. This set of hypothetical circumstances, to be able to delimit usage of cancels so closely, is very satisfying. However, this sort of very welcome data does not prove that another, or even two or three, as yet unidentified killers weren't created between June 7th and June 10th. We must accept the limits of our ignorance and keep open the chance for new identifications, freely admitting that any such charts as follow are wide open to amendment.

Subtype and dial-killer series

Interpretation of pre-determining and listing all subtypes of each major dial type before attempting to correlate their killer series. In the 1870's, the time of the yearless cancels we are discussing, methods for precise duplication of exactly alike handcancelers wasn't possible. Each was individually engraved and crafted.

To unsuspecting eyes, the dial portion of cancelers are quite similar to one another, but distinctions can be seen in letter spacing differences and angle, slight differences in dial diameter, etc. Welcome aid comes when rim knocks or missing rim portions are found on corresponding dials, so that, these dials and their accompanying killers can at least be grouped into roughly similar time slots.

Recognizing that dials were difficult to manufacture as carbon copies of one another, how much more impossible was it for two independently inspired clerk killer-carvers to make the precise same design. Thus, these individualized killers can, vice versa, help determine the particular dial they belongs to when carefully compared to another, even when only partially struck. (Of course, except for very carefully created and preserved covers, ie, those non-smudged, smeared, over-inked, and non-worn, improper families of killers can occur.)

Conservative judgment is the order of the day, with a resulting large "pile of possibles," to show proper concern for the vagaries of precise kinship allocation. Thus, we must first judiciously allow for the individual dial's subtypes. Then we must very prudently recognize our personal limitations when analysing and assigning these crude ink-blot killers. The eye and our active imaginations may well suggest a false chronology. Chaotic results ensue when mixing and superimposing wrong dials and killer series' upon one another, all to no one's benefit.

Caveats in interpretation

Note that cork killers often rotated in their housings. This rotation should not be a factor when placing cancels in state- let alone date-sequence. Covers of the same date and state can show corks in different attitudes. Without understanding this, comparing covers spaced at several days, let alone hours, would yield fruitless identification and frustrating conclusions.

Incomplete elements, also, within a killer can be misleading. Missing portions of a killer may simply be due to the uneven base of the folds of the letter contained beneath. Consideration must be given to the existing elements and their placement, the extent of inking, and the physical dimensions of the cork (though cork edges would be the first to suffer damage, shrinkage, over time). Corks may easily have been RE-CARVED with the aim of touching up such damage to sharpen it. A touch of intuition and a smattering of sage insight comes in handy.

Additionally, keep in mind that the same cork can reflect a marked difference in appearance based merely on the angle at which the cancelling device struck the cover. Top-angled versus bottom-angled strikes, and particularly dial-angled strikes, when compared to a full perpendicular-struck cancel will bear this out.

Simply, care must be exercised when interpret-

ing "differences" in similar cancels where none may exist. You, too, look different upon rising compared to the 11AM meeting with colleagues.

Method and results

By using cancel transparencies made on a reliable copier and then judiciously aligning the resultant images one by one upon each questionable cover helps to remove the "personal equation" from the mix and allow for precision. (But, still, always be willing to make provision for 'uncertains' and 'unknowns.' Cover interpretation, unlike politics, requires brutal honesty and is forever the best policy. It is an intriguing and time consuming, but amazingly satisfying, little job. The process properly done results in varying heighth stacks of likedial covers, and soon, with them, alike killers. Separate timeline series of the fancies can then be generated and charts constructed.

A proper population of covers is necessary to draw convincing conclusions. Of the thousands of covers produced at the post office, only hundreds remain --if we can find them-- to come to the attention of interested local cancel specialists. These few must bear the brint for an imperfect but anaccurate-as-possible sketch of a decade or more of postal endeavor.

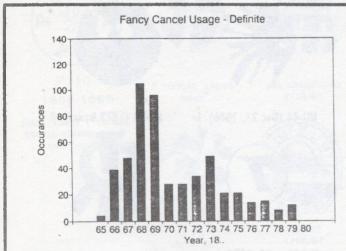
Completed, one's efforts will also suggest, for instance, how many clerks had been occupied in the

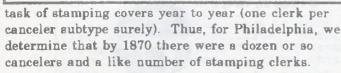
18 individual cancelers/clerks, and 23 by 1888. This is clearly evident by noting the succeeding duplex canceler's integrated killer-numerals which denote the number of canceling cages and/or clerks.

Usage period graphs

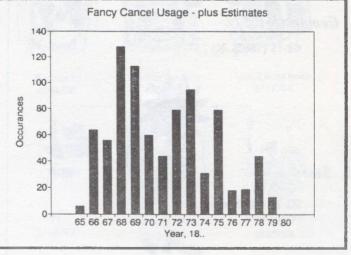
It is interesting to see the dominant usage periods of Philadelphia's fancies displayed on simple charts. Fancy momentum was strong in the late 60s, but then so was a willingness to docket covers with send/received dates. The late 60s data also are more definitive, naturally, because identity the 1869 issue leaves little room for speculation. The 1870s issues are more of a problem, but then, so are the correspondents, who took little or no time to record the comings and goings of mailings on the front or back of covers. Delightful news for exhibitors and other purists who prefer pristine items, but a sad development for detailed research. (Perhaps it was the boom-time hustle and bustle in the North after the close war that led to this sloppier accounting and lack of concern to detail?)

The difference in the two charts reflects the definitely datable items and then those along with guesstimated items. The total pop-ulation of covers is small, 544 covers, and only 52% [of those in the writer's collection] were year datable, thus the large number of killers in the unknown year categories.





Future evidence backs that assumption. Growth mirrored the rapid expansion of the country. By the beginning of the 1880s need called for 15, and then



The Cole book

Included next are the illustrations of the Philadelphia fancies noted by James Cole in his new work. They represent some of the interesting types to be found. The charts that follow will show many more.

Cole reference of 1870-1894 fancies of Philadelphia

James Cole frankly admits that his work necessarily had to be representative rather than complete. The "whimsical carvings of clerks and postmasters" continue through this next period but now are supplemented by the growth of government cancelling devices. These include varied "bullseye" and "barred-oval" style killer components as well as the beginnings of machine made impressions.

Here we select only those items of whimsey located by Cole over many years of tracing cancels from catalogs and while attending exhibitions, etc. Likewise, his work does not claim to be exhaustive. By their absence, it shows that Philadelphia clerks were not willing, or were not permitted, to spend part of their wages on these privately manufactured shortcuts to supplement their own creativity. So, not included in the Philadelphia series are the well known wheels of fortune, kicking mules, stars, pinwheels, "US Mail," "POD," etc.

There are no typed descriptions as in the Skinner-Eno book, just drawings with location and dates if known. The arrangement is roughly based on the arrangement in the S-E book, but simplified into four large divisions. (Note the Roman numerals, I to III, with pluses and minuses, which indicate rarity/collectibility: I represents common/not in demand; II, scarce/considerable demand; and III, rare/strong demand.)

1- Geometrics

GR-15 (1882) I-



11- Stars

STX-29 (1870 issues) II-



111- Crosses [none]

IV- Pictorial

SH-100 Blue (1873 issues) | RN-24 (1870 issues) | II+





LCK-1 (1879 issues) | HE-14 (1879 issues) | I





HE-15 (1879 issues) II



CV-20 (1873 issues) II



Bi-14 (1873 issues) ||+

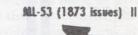


JO-44 (1873 issues) II





NU-44 (Dec 21, 1886) I+







Li-9 (Aug 31, 1874) 1-



(Excluded are the 1880s duplexes and a Station B fancy (ML-118 II))

The charts

The fancy charts are straight forward. From those items identified and dateable, collectors can narrow down usages of their own covers and letter contents as well as otherwise undatable associated markings of Philadelphia or any other town.

Naturally, La Posta readers can help. The large number of 48% undateds is unacceptable. Look for docketing and contents if you have similar covers (but do accompany the information with xeroxes for unambiguous identification, please. Particularly, readers can help by adding examples missing here. (That number is manifold since he never bothered to collected fancies per se). Please send clear copies (reimbursed) and other pertinent cover/letter information to Box 290145, Davie FL 33329-0145. May these charts rapidly fill.

N.B. Thanks goes in particular to collector-writer Edward T Harvey of Pitman NJ for sorting through his vast collection for pertinent covers. His help greatly expanded these listings. Further grati-

tude is extended to all the other collectors who have sent material over the past decade assisting in the production of the Philadelphia Catalog and ultimately these lists.

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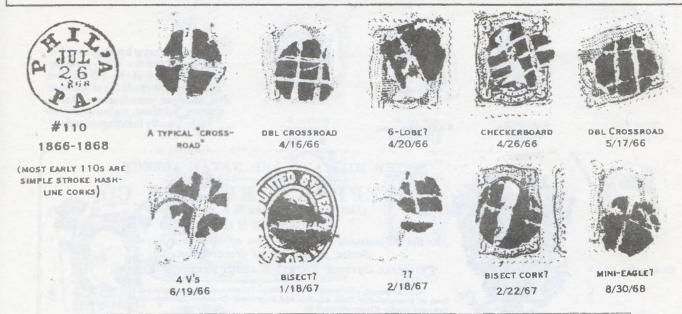
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NOTE: in the following charts, the definition of a "fancy" cancel is any cork obliterator more armate than a standard "crossroad,"X-design. Odd crossroads, however, qualify, as do solid corks.

No indication of subtypes is needed as the corks will identify themselves; date ranges merely indicate observed usages. Since grilled stamps were not available in Philadelphia before February 1868, that fact helps pinpoint many cancels.



This listing has grown to such an extent that it requires continuation through the next issue. Note, though, that the writer maintains his aplomb by holding fast his promise to complete the project in two parts —he will simply stretch this second portion till it is complete.

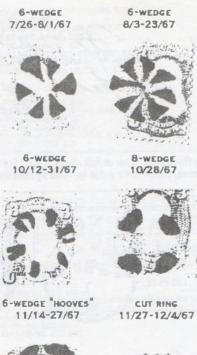
Thanks to correspondents who commiserated with the grueling ordeal of his recent short-distance move which slowed the appearance of this segment. Hopefully, too, with O.J.'s travails finally behind us, we can get back to our covers, their markings, sanity intact.



Jos E Deville Co









SAME, MEDIUM

1/2-27/68





SQ.8-WEDGE 3/15/66

77

3/14/66

6-WEDGE

4/24/67



8-WEDGE 5/10-18/67



6-WEDGE 8/29/67



6-WEDGE 10/30/67



CUT RING 12/9/67



AING 1/29-2/16/68



CHECKERBOARD 3/16/66



6-WEDGE 5/23-6/14/67



6-WEDGE 9/3-10/4/67



8-WEDGE 11/7/67



CUT RING 12/16-27/67



CUT RING 2/22-24/68



6-WEDGE 4/17/67



6-WEDGE 7/18/67



6-WEDGE



CUT RING 11/12-18/67



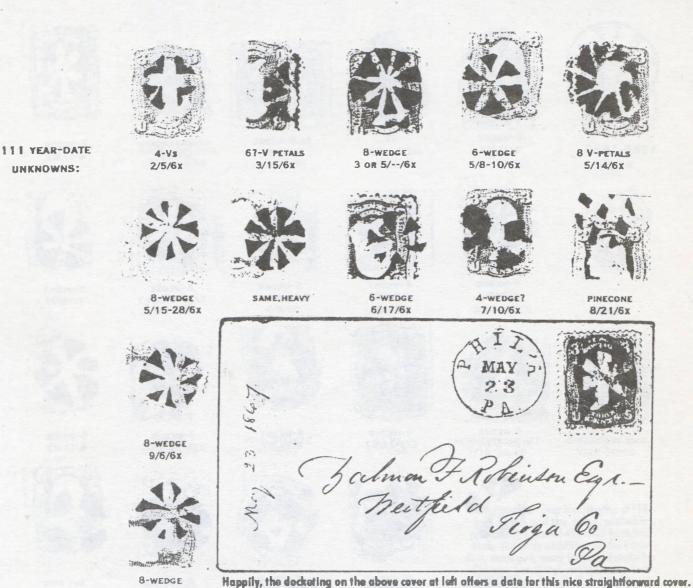
4 SEG. RING-LIGHT

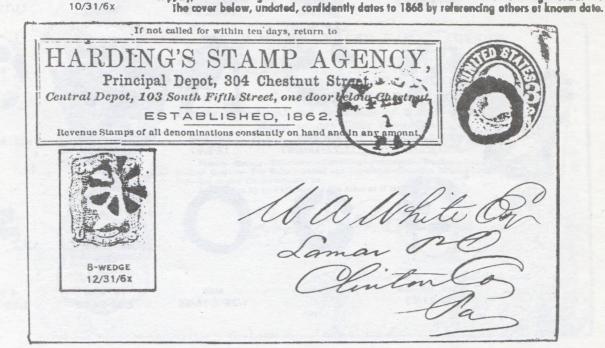


6-PETAL 2/28-3/1/68



UNKNOWNS:





RANDY STEHLE MAIL BID SALE NO. 62 16 Iris Court. San Mateo, CA 94401

CALIFORNIA

CALIFORNIA

OCI ALMOND, 1910 F DOANE O/S ON PPC (89/23 SBE-195 LKU). E \$20

OCI BLACKBEAR, 1910 F 4-BAR ON PPC (71-35). EST. \$8

OM BUTCHER RANCH, 1912 F 4-BAR ON PPC (71-35). EST. \$8

OCI BLACKBEAR, 1910 F 4-BAR ON PPC (71-35). EST. \$8

OCI BL. MONTE, 1907 SL. REDIRECTIONAL MARKING ON PPC. EST. \$8

OCI BL. MONTE, 1907 SL. REDIRECTIONAL MARKING ON PPC. EST. \$8

OCI BL. MONTE, 1907 TO ACDS REC'D ON PPC (88-14). EST. \$15

OCI BL. RIO, 1907 F DOANE O/S ON STAINED PPC (86-11). E \$25

OCI BL. RIO, 1907 F DOANE O/S ON STAINED PPC (86-11). E \$25

OCI BLIME, 1908 F 4-BAR ON PPC (11-12). EST. \$12

OCI FICHT ROSS, 1912 F 4-BAR ON PPC (17-28). EST. \$12

OCI FICHT ROSS, 1912 F 4-BAR ON PPC (93/10). EST. \$20

OCI HEMLOCK, 1910 VG TYPE 1 DOANE ON PPC (90-13). EST. \$20

OCI HEMLOCK, 1910 VG TYPE 1 DOANE ON PPC (90-13). EST. \$20

OCI BLACKBEAR, 1910 VG TYPE 1 DOANE ON PPC (90-13). EST. \$20

OCI BLACKBEAR, 1910 VG TYPE 1 DOANE ON PPC (90-14). EST. \$20

OCI BLACKBEAR, 1910 VG 4-BAR ON PPC (88-11 RIV-477 LKU), EST. \$20

OCI BLACKBEAR, 1910 VG 4-BAR ON PPC (88-11 RIV-477 LKU), EST. \$20

OCI BLACKBEAR, 1910 VG 4-BAR ON PPC (88-11 RIV-477 LKU), EST. \$20

OCI BLACKBEAR, 1910 VG 4-BAR ON PPC (88-11 RIV-477 LKU), EST. \$20

OCI BLACKBEAR, 1910 VG 4-BAR ON PPC (88-11 RIV-477 LKU), EST. \$20

OCI BLACKBEAR, 1910 VG 4-BAR ON PPC (88-11 RIV-477 LKU), EST. \$15

OCI MOHAWK, 1914 VG 4-BAR ON PPC (88-12), EST. \$12

OCI MOHAWK, 1914 VG 4-BAR ON PPC (95-20 RIV-579 EKU), E \$12

OCI MOHAWK, 1914 VG 4-BAR ON PPC (05-20 RIV-579 EKU), E \$12

OCI MOHAWK, 1914 VG 4-BAR ON PPC (95-20 RIV-579 EKU), E \$12

OCI MOHAWK, 1914 VG 4-BAR ON PPC (95-20 RIV-579 EKU), E \$12

OCI MOHAWK, 1914 OF 4-BAR ON PPC (95-20 RIV-579 EKU), E \$12

OCI MOHAWK, 1914 VG 4-BAR ON PPC (95-20 RIV-579 EKU), E \$12

OCI MOHAWK, 1914 FA-BAR ON PPC (95-20), EST. \$8

OCI BLACKBEAR, 1910 FA-BAR ON PPC (95-20), EST. \$8

OCI BLACKBEAR, 1910 FA-BAR ON PPC (95-20), EST. \$8

OCI BLACKBEAR, 1910 FA-BAR ON PPC (95-20), EST. \$10

OCI BLACKBEAR, 1911 FO DOANE ON PPC (95-20), EST. \$10

OCI BLACKBEAR,

COLORADO

039 BRADFORD, 1895 F CDS AS BACKSTAMP ON COVER (89-95). E. \$50
040 HIGHO, 1908 G CDS ON PPC (89-30). EST. \$8
041 (LA)KEWOOD, 1916 G PARTIAL 4-BAR ON PPC (12-20). EST. \$20
042 NEWETT, 8/408 EKU VG DOANE ON PPC (95-18). EST. \$25
043 NOEL, 1912 VG LITE 4-BAR ON PPC (09-23). EST. \$20
044 PICEANCE, 1909 VG FORWARDING 4-BAR O/S ON PPC (92/29). \$15
055 SUMMIT OF PIKES PEAK/PPAHCG., 1923 F MAGENTA DC ON PPC. \$8
046 THOMASVILLE, 1906 G+ CDS REC'D ON PPC (90-18). EST. \$15

MONTANA

047 COALVILLE, 1911 G+ 4-BAR ON PPC (07-12). EST. \$35
048 CORBIN, 8/30/08 G+ LKU DOANE REC'D ON PPC (87-43). E \$6
049 CYR, 1909 VG 4-BAR REC'D ON PPC (08-14). EST. \$25
050 FULTON, 1910 G+ LITE DOANE ON PPC (88-14). EST. \$15
051 HOWARD, 1911 F 4-BAR ON NP PPC W/NP PERFIN (83/24). E \$15
052 NEWLON, 1911 VG 4-BAR ON PPC (81/13). EST. \$20
053 PINECREEK, 1909 VG DOANE REC'D ON PPC (04-14). EST. \$8
054 RUBY, 1914 G+ LITE 4-BAR ON PPC (01-24). EST. \$8
055 WOLD, 1911 VG 4-BAR ON PPC (09-12). EST. \$75

NORTH DAKOTA

056 CANFIELD, 1908 F DOANE ON PPC TO JAPAN (05-12). EST. \$8 057 KLARA, 1908 F 4-BAR ON PPC (98-09). EST. \$20 058 NEWPORT, 1912 VG 4-BAR ON PPC (02-14). EST. \$6 059 RUDSER, 1908 F DOANE REC'D ON PPC (08-17). EST. \$6 060 SKERMO, 1915 G+ 4-BAR ON PPC (08-14). EST. \$15

OREGON

081 BOOTH, 1908 F 4-BAR ON PPC (07-14). EST. \$12
062 LEABURG, 1908 VG CDS ON PPC (77-07). EST. \$8
063 MELVILLE, 1910 G CDS ON PPC (91-22). EST. \$8
064 NATRON, 1910 VG 4-BAR ON PPC (92-224). EST. \$12
065 MOUNT TABOR, 1896 F CDS BACKSTAMP ON CREASED CVR. (79-01) 15
066 PROSPER, 1914 F LITE 4-BAR ON PPC (93-29). EST. \$10
067 WALKER, 1/1/06 VG EKU DOANE RECTO ON PPC (91-25). EST. \$8
068 WELLS, 1913 VG 4-BAR ON PPC (80-36). EST. \$8
069 ZUMYWALT, 1908 F DOANE ON PPC (03-36). EST. \$8

SOUTH DAKOTA

070 DANTON, 1912 VG 4-BAR REC'D & O/S ON PPC (09-17), EST. \$15
071 HELMICK, 1909 G+ CDS ON PPC (86-10), EST. \$18
072 MENTOR, 1912 VG 4-BAR REC'D ON PPC (09-17), EST. \$15
073 MINNEKAHTA, 1908 G CDS ON PPC (917:4), EST. \$5
074 MOREAU, 1910 VG 4-BAR ON PPC (07-16), EST. \$20
075 ROCKERVILLE, 1908 F4-BAR ON PPC (07-16), EST. \$8
076 SEIM, 1911 VG 4-BAR ON PPC (01-18), EST. \$18
077 VERNON, 1911 F4-BAR ON PPC (11-18), EST. \$15
078 WINTHROP, 1910 VG 4-BAR ON PPC (83-11), EST. \$15

WASHINGTON

079 COYLE, 1911 VG 4-BAR ON PPC (08-28), EST. \$12 080 EAGLECLIFF, 1914 F 4-BAR ON PPC (75/36), EST. \$6

081 EAGLE GORGE, 1912 VG 4-BAR ON PPC (91/32), EST. \$8 082 EDEN, 1910 F 4-BAR ON PPC (99/35), EST. \$6 083 ELECTRON, 1910 F DOANE ON PPC (03-42), EST. \$8 084 FRANKFORT, 1900 F CDS ON PPC (90/18), EST. \$12 085 FRAVEL, 1912 64-BAR ON PPC (90-18), EST. \$8 086 GETCHELL, 1912 VG 4-BAR ON PPC (90-18), EST. \$10 087 REGENTS PARK, 1910 VG 4-BAR ON PPC (09-17), EST. \$12

RPOs

BOB GETCHELL, 1912 VIS 4-BAR ON PPC (09-19), EST 510
087 REGENTS PARK, 1910 VIS 4-BAR ON PPC (09-17), EST 512

RPOS

BOB ALBUQ & LOS ANG, 1900 VIS (984-F-1) ON COVER EST 515
089 ALLIANCE & DENVER, 1915 (946-C-1) ON PPC. EST 58
080 ARLINGTON & CONDON, 1930 VIS (986-F-1) ON PPC. EST 58
080 ARLINGTON & CONDON, 1930 VIS (986-F-1) ON PPC. EST 515
081 ASIA RES & MILLW 1916 VIS (1946-C-1) ON PPC. EST 515
081 ASIA RES & MILLW 1916 VIS (1946-C-1) ON PPC. EST 515
081 ASIA RES & MILLW 1916 VIS (1946-C-1) ON PPC. EST 515
081 ASIA RES & MILLW 1916 VIS (1946-C-1) ON PPC. EST 515
082 EEARDS & FLORAAGT 1881 GH, 718-D-1) ON SPINDLED GPC. 512
083 EILLINGS & THERMOP, 1911 F (861-H-1) ON PPC. EST 510
085 EHLAND & BELLE LELLIN, 1908 GH, 1910-1) ON SPINDLED GPC. 512
086 EHLAND & STAMPORD, 1907 VIS (465-F-2) ON PPC. EST 510
087 BRIDGEPORT & GUERNEY, 1910 SO (505 ON PPC WO STAMP E 58
086 EUFF, NY & EAST EMP, PA, 1909 F (148-C-1) ON PPC. EST 511
087 BRIDGEPORT & GUERNEY, 1910 SO (506-P) ON PPC. EST 58
1910 COLON SPOSS & CORECK, 1910 VIS (666-P) ON PPC. EST 58
1910 COLON SPOSS & CORECK, 1910 VIS (666-P) ON PPC. EST 58
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1910 COLON SPOSS & CORECK, 1910 VIS (668-P) ON PPC. EST 58
1910 EUGENER & POWERS, 1936 VIS (602-D-1) ON PPC. EST 58
1910 EUGENER & POWERS, 1936 VIS (602-D-1) ON PPC. EST 58
1910 FRESNO & FAMIOSA, 1916 GH (677-B-1) ON STAINED PPC. 58
1916 FRESNO & FAMIOSA, 1916 GH (677-B-1) ON STAINED PPC. 58
1917 FRESNO & FAMIOSA, 1916 GH (677-B-1) ON STAINED PPC. 58
1917 FRESNO & FAMIOSA, 1916 GH (677-B-1) ON PPC. EST 512
1917 GALES & KEAT SUBMINITY, 1907 VIS (193-B-1) ON PPC. EST 512
1918 GATE (6.8 EAUTO SUBMINITY, 1907 VIS (193-B-1) ON PPC. EST 512
1918 GATE (6.8 EAUTO SUBMINITY, 1907 VIS (193-B-1) ON PPC. EST 515
1919 GALESBURG & HAVANA, 1909 VIS (193-B-1) ON PPC. EST 515
1919 GALESBURG & HAVANA, 1909 VI

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I am looking for a plate block (or other selvedge multiple) of the 1938 red-and-blue eagle airmail stamp (C23) signed by the designer, William K. Schrage, and the engraver, Charles A. Brooks.

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A year's subscription to the Society's quarterly journal. **LA CATASTROPHE**. is included in membership. The first edition of the journal is planned for the first quarter 1995. Articles on any aspect of interrupted mail service and reviews of books on the subject eagerly are solicited. Manuscripts should be sent to and advertising rate cards requested from the Society's Editor-In-Chief:

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Original 1912 POD Navy Mail Clerk's Manual 38 pages, mint condition except for two small marker lines on cvr. 1 clipped page corner.

Marble

Newcastle

cornercard Crystal River & San Juan RR cc, 1909 Marble duplex, Aspen flag bs 1893 cds gov cd

ALABAMA

Craig

1938 4bar "Emergency mail service by airplane" hs

ARIZONA Grandview Tucson **CALIFORNIA**

1880's hanstamp 3c Bn

San Francisco

San Francisco

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Denver Denver

Denver

Dolores Durango Durango

Granite Highlands

Fort Garland

Highlands Sta

Hill Top Langford

Leadville

Leadville

1906 Doane ppc

1927 air mail cvr to Omaha w/4 Burgovne stamps Huge wrapper w/mil censor and stps from Shanghai 194

190? 4bar on ppc stp torn 1912 4bar (colo lite) ppc 1877 town mark, docketing 1909 4bar ppc 1939 pictorial D & F

advertising corner card 1872 2 cvrs w/encl 1880 long letter to Fort Klamath Ore, "Lawlessness"

1972 4x7 Postage due bill w/many due stamps

1898 cds bit of rim missing 1890 cds

1896 Denver & Rio Grande Express money env. used 1905 cds on telegraph cvr

sent via U.S. Mails 1897 purple "clock" as rec. 1893 cds returned and struck twice gov card

1898 gov cd Fwd 4x many markings etc.

1916 spelled as two words 1892 cds on gov cd spindle holes at bottom

1897 s.l. registered (mag) w/8c Sherman, 2c red.

188? ornate Hotel Kitchen

Oakview Ouray

Pagosa Springs Pandora

Parlin Sawpit

Telluride

Vance CONN Windsor Hill DELAWARE Felton **GEORGIA**

Lafayette ILLINOIS Frankfort

Lodi Station St Anne HAWAII Honolulu

Honolulu

1914 4bar ppc (Col) lite 1909 great real photo of town & Mtns Sal & Ouray rpo

1891 cds.

190? locally made photolith of Ingram, Pandora etc. 1893 cds

189? Denver & Rio Grande

Express money env. Large w/much printing, used. 1898-99 four Rio Grande Southern shipping receipts w/battleship revenues

1899 cds on cvr front

1891 cds

1881 purple cds

1900 cds

1908 ppc non-std RFD handstamp straightline 3c 1851 manuscrpt Purple sraight line PPC

1941 Pretty "Paradise of the Pacific" cachet. Slogan can. 1952 slogan canc on cd

Honolulu	"Hawaii Chinese Centennial Week Aug 10-18 1952" 1914 Mid-Pacific Carnival Duke Kahanamoku surfing	Las Vegas Santa Fe Santa Fe Santa Rosa	1886 cds 1888 fancy duplex 1894 cds 1911 duplex ppc
	photo ppc sent from N. Dak!	Springer	1910 duplex
KANSAS		Tucumcari	1908 Ige bold cds no killer
Fancy Creek	1889 manuscript	New York	
Fort Leavenworth	1883 lots of enclosures	Albany	1860's cut-punch cancel
Rosalia?	191? RFD RFD block letter	Carmel	1891 cds
	handstamp	Champion	1860's manuscript
Wilder	1880 manuscript open rgt	East Westmoreland	1877 hand stamp
KENTUCKY		Henderson	1860's green blue town
Jeffersontown	1910 4bar ppc		as fwd cancel. Wash DC
Key West	1909 4bar ppc		cancel & missent ms,
LOUISIANA		Kinderhook	1883 nice cvr to Mexico
Collinsburgh	1890 cds	Upper Lisle	1893 cds
Fort Necessity	Fancy 1889 cds	West New Brighton	1902 Doremus dotted bars
Elbe	1889 manuscript	West New Brighton	w/odd Hampden mac as b/s
Winnsborough	1889 cds as backstamp	West Point	1870's h/s, to Denver
MAINE	•	NORTH DAKOTA	1670 S 11/S, to Deliver
E Palermo	1870's manuscript		1 lot 1908-20, Keene,
New Sweden	1894 cds USDA penalty imp	4bars, duplex etc	
West Mount Vernon	1895 cds USDA penalty imp		Westhope, Hillsboro, Deep
MARYLAND		Olifford	Clifford, Beresford, Russel
Baltimore	1890 gov cd w/1c blue	Clifford	1921 huge nonstd 4bar
	added to Hamburg	Hurd	1914 4bar ppc into design
(Green)? Spring Furnace	_	Maxbass	"Maxbass R2" scribble ppc
Lapidum	1880's, pretty	Powers Lake	1911 doane ppc
MASS	1000 S, pretty	Williston	1908 Ppc from Norway "Fwd
Bardwell's Ferry	1910 RFD h/s unusual		Williston N.D." s.l. Point hnd
East Stoughton	1886 purple fancy as fwd	See Hawaii!	
Groton	1000 for all minds albitaire	OHIO	1880's manuscript
	1890 fancy purple dbl circ 1899 cds	-Campbellstown 907-7	1000 3 manuscript
Shutebury MICHIGAN	1099 Cus	Cincinnati	1838 FL to Tenn 183/4 man
	1070's handstown	Derby	1909 doane 2c Alaska- Yuk
Byron	1870's handstamp	Glenville	1881 triple circle
MINNESOTA Minnetenka (lake?)	1000 Danna DBC		1880's large purple cds 1500
Minnetonka (lake?)	1908 Doane PPC	Mohawkville	1898 cds
Minneapolis	1909 Riverside Sta. Pnuem	Orrville	1894 to Bulgaria!
MICCICOIDDI	machine cancel.	Rows	1898 registerd cvr
MISSISSIPPI	4040 4 4- 4 4 4	Sego	1870's manuscript
	1846 red cds turned cvr to	Sharonville	1870's straightline
NERRACIZA	Washington City DC, faults		
NEBRASKA	4040 Maio Otto at a all abata	OREGON	
Wakefield	191? Main Street real photo	The Dalles	1899 duplex, local returned
Nevada			to writer pointing hand
Dayton	1915 reg cvr, repaired.	Fort Klamath	1880 letter from Denver.
Winnemucca	1894 reg cvr to Germ 230/1		See Denver listing.
NEW JERSEY		La Grande	1885 cds to West Point
Canton	1885 huge purp dbl circ h/s		M.A., land office enclosures
NEWMEXICO		PENNSYLVANIA	
Concha Dam	1936 magenta 4bar	Ernstville	1881 manuscript
Deming	1889 cds	Lee's X Roads	1878 manuscript
East Las Vegas	1889 cds some ltrs lite	Lumberville	1892 cds
Eddy	1890 cds	McClure	1908 RFD manuscript
Gallup	1910 real photo ppc of	Oak Station	1912 Doane on Gov cd.
	cowboys "Roman Riding"	Perryopolis	1860's manuscript fwd'd

LA POSTA\NOVEMBER 1995

6			LA POSTA\NOVEMBER 1
Port Trevorton	1866 manuscript		1895
SOUTH CAROLINA	net 5891 on stay	Columbians	5c w/ 1894 rare International
Anderson	1920's Anderson Corn Rur		New York wavy bar mach
	Sta purple 4 bar ppc		can.
Littles Mills	1895 as backstamp	Cross Border	Canada sm queen and 3c
SOUTH DAKOTA			US banknote Fwd N. Scotia
Colman	1892 large purple cds on 2		to Calais maine (manuscript)
	U.S. Grant cards.		to outlie man (management)
Garretson	1902 RFD handstamp	Unusual Doanes	Barney, Orilla Iowa purple
Ca. (0.00)	o/size envelope	Cridodal Dodrido	doanes on ppc
Minnesela	1891 cds cnr nicked	Everett, Mass prexies	15 and 11/2 ct prexies used
TEXAS	1001 000 on moned	Lverett, ivides prexies	to register parcel post 1945
Austin	Aeronautic Br. 1918 duplex	Natick, Mass prexies	2 15ct, 1 3ct prex used on
Southard	4bar 1 1/2 yr P.O. ppc	realick, mass prexies	reg cvr "Refused FWD'D) sl
UTAH	40ai 1 1/2 yi 1 .0. ppc	Marrian	
Ogden	Ogden Union Railway CC.	Mexico	1940 reg cvr to III w/many
Ogden	RRB. 1890's not post used	LIO militam.	stamps and "Prohibited" hs
VERMONT	TITID. 1090'S HOT post used	US military	1941 4bar Marine Det
VERIMOINT	1892 cover w/8 cancels on		Bermuda
	back. Wheelock, Lyndonv		1000 7
East Charlotte	1890's cds 5 cncls on back	Phillipines	1906 Zamboanog duplex
Sheffield	1890 cds 4 cncls on back	db Retion for	on 2c o'print, fwd'd to U.S.
VIRGINIA	1890 COS 4 CHOIS ON DACK	Pan Am Expo	1901 expo can ties 2c loco
	1990 ada	dial (dimed 90of)	pretty cover
Hamp Sid. College	1880 cds	Parcel Post	(2) 2 cent PP & (1) PP Due
Happy Creek	1870's manuscript		on July 16, 1913N.Y. lgl cvr
Louisa C.H.	187? handstamp on gov cd.	Paris Expo 1900	1900 U.S. penalty cc
Old Point Comfort	1863 (Docketed) D. circle		w/french stp & cds
Petersburg	1880's box handstamp blue	Prexies	Ft McDowell Cal 3x10c, 5c,
MACHINIOTONI	"Steamer ???", "Fwd'd" s/l		and defense 1c on W.D.
WASHINGTON	- 11 1010 the same		"Essential" air mail cvr
Winslow	odd 1912 4bar ppc	Samoa	1931 Pago Pago double
WEST VIRGINIA	m by title		circle on gov env to Missouri
Harrison	1914 magenta 4bar ppc	Scientific	Lot of 13 1960's solar, surv,
Little Georgetown	1887 double circle govt cd		& other obs. & sta cc
North Mountain	1894 cds	Ship Letters	1819 and 1825 folded ltrs
WISCONSIN			w/6 in red circle
Kenosha	1888's reg w/10c bn and	Siam	1905 gov card from Germ. 2
- Interest to	circ. "registered" hs		stps miss. Bangkok rec'd
WYOMING		Trans- Mississippi	4x on 1898 San Fran. cvr to
Coldspring			Germany
Dubois	1922 duplex real photo	Athens Pa	1x w/1c green on 1898 cvr
	two-owe-tee pass		
Encampment	1906 photolith view of town	U.S. Officials	1,3, 12c interior stps on cut
Morgan	1909 cds ppc		down Igl cvr Wakeeny Kans
Wilson	1939 2 4bars nice air mail cvr	PMG Report 1892	Starting to come apart but
	with world fair stps		still in fairly good cond 1165
Yellowstone Park	1937 mag Thumb Sta 4bar		pages, shipping extra
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26 30	1.50	2.62	3 75	7.14
31 35	175	.104	4 35	8 78
35 40	2 00	3 48	4 98	9 48
41 45	2 25	3 92	5 61	10 68
46 50	2 50	4 36	6.24	11 88
5P55	2 75	4 78	6 84	13 02
56 60	3 00	5.22	7 47	14 22
61-65	1 25	5 66	8 10	15 42
66 70	3 50	6.10	873	16 62
71 75	175	6 52	9 13	17.76
76 80	4 00	6 96	9 96	18 96
81 85	4 25	7.40	10.59	20 16
86 90	4 50	7 B4	11.22	21.36
91 95	4 75	8 26	11 82	22 50
96 100	5 00	8.70	12.45	23 70
101 110	5 50	9 58	1371	26 10
111 120	6 00	10 44	14 94	28 44
121-130	6 50	11.32	16.20	30 84
131 140	7 00	12 18	17 43	33 18
141 150	7 50	13 06	18 69	35.58

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\$1:25 Minimum Charge Any Ad

ANNOUNCEMENTS

MAIL SALES with postal history to delight any collector. Ask for free catalog. Juno Stamps, 1765A Juno Ave., St. Paul, MN 55116-1467. [26-6]

2,000+++ LOTS in Mail Bid Sale #16: hundreds of DPO's, Doanes and other small town postmarks. Plus: RPO's, ships, machines, military and much more! If you're not on our mailing list, why not? Write or call for sample catalog. Also: sell your duplicates and excess material through our sales. Write or call for details. Jim Mehrer, 2405-30th Street, Rock Island, IL 61201. Phone: (309) 786-6539. [26-5]

WASHINGTON, OREGON, IDAHO collectors, join the Pacific Northwest Postal History Society. Dues \$10.00 annually includes subscription to the Society journal. To join, or for more information, write: Tom Pomeroy, 1909 Nut Tree Drive NW, Salem, OR 97304-1110. [26-6]

TOWNS: WANTED

ALL STATES, plus RPO's, classic ships, etc.; use our Mail Bid Sales to sell your duplicates and excess material. Write/call for details. Jim Mehrer, 2405 - 30th Street, Rock Island, IL 61201. Phone: (309) 786-6539. [26-5]

TOWNS: WANTED

ALABAMA POSTAL HISTORY before secession (1/11/1861) wanted. Send for offer made by check, or send photocopy and price. Van Koppersmith, P.O. Box 81119, Mobile, AL 36689. [26-6]

LAKE CITY, COLORADO & Hinsdale County, Colorado wanted. Bill Strauss, HC 64, Box 366, Big Lake, TX 76932 [27-4]

HAWAII, YUKON and ALASKA postal history wanted to 1959. Also buy Hawaiian stamps with town cancels off cover and fancy cancels and fort cancels on 19th century U.S. officials. Steve Sims, 1769 Wickersham Dr., Anchorage, AK 99507. [27-2]

HAWAI'I, Copies of all postmarks between ca. 1840 and 21 August 1959 seriously needed for postal history studies; including service, ship, transit and other related markings. I will pay copying and post, and credit each contributor. Phil Kay, P. O. Box 920, Kaunakakai, HI 96748. [27-3]

LOUISIANA POSTAL history material (1790-1917). All responses seriously considered. Ron Trosclair (APS), 1713 Live Oak St., Metairie, LA 70005 PH: (504) 835-9611 [27-3]

MISSISSIPPI POSTAL HISTORY before secession (1/9/1861) wanted. Send for offer made by check, or send photocopy and price. Van Koppersmith, P.O. Box 81119, Mobile, AL 36689. [26-6]

TOWNS: WANTED

NORTH DAKOTA: All postal history wanted, from territorial to modern. Send photocopies or on approval. Gary Anderson, 698 E. Hoyt Ave., St. Paul, MN 55106 [27-3]

OREGON - MAJOR collector wants covers before 1900. Also buying tougher DPO's and handstamp RFDs. Please mail photocopies. Ross Willey, 3930 SE 150th Ave., Portland, OR 97236 [27-1]

SOUTH DAKOTA postal history from territorial to modern wanted for my personal collection. Top prices paid. Ken Stach, 212 E. Woodglen Road, Spartanburg, SC 29301. [27-4]

UTAH BRANCH PO POSTMARKS. Need Salt Lake City branches/stations: Air Base, Army Air Base, Granger-Hunter, Hunter, Kearns 1942–46 only, Pioneer 1920-45 only, Sugarhouse Station 1899-1908 only; Ogden's Station A, NPO 10295; Delta's Topaz Br cds only; Brigham's Bushnell General Hospital Sta. Any numbered station/branch of any Utah PO. Received markings/special delivery/general delivery/ect. for anu Utah Branch/Station. Send photocopy or approval with price. Dennis Pack, 1915 Gilmore Ave., Winona, MN 55987 [26-6]

WEST POINT, NEW YORK covers – stampless to WW II – wanted for personal collection. Send on approval or photocopies. Prompt response promised. Richard Helbock, P. O. Box 135, Lake Oswego, OR 97034 [27-4]

WISCONSIN POSTAL History material (1825-1900), especially Fond du Lac, WI. Darren Mueller, 8869 S. Oak Park Dr., #10, Oak Creek, WI 53154. [26-6]

EXPIRATION DATE SHOWN AT END OF EACH AD, i.e., [26-5], MEANS AD WILL EXPIRE WITH THIS ISSUE

AD DEADLINE FOR NEXT ISSUE: NOV. 21, 1995

TOWNS: WANTED

WISCONSIN Pre-1910 covers, manuscript postmarks, stampless, unusual especially wanted. Also Upper Peninsula of Michigan, same period. Bill Robinson, Box 12492, Green Bay, WI 54307 [26-5]

WYOMING TOWNS on cover or card 1900 and later, especially DPO's dated before 1950. Copies/approvals appreciated. Leonard McCabe, 1249 N. Calaveras, Fresno, CA 93728 [27-3]

DOANES: WANTED

DOANE CANCELS: Buy and trade Doane cancels of all states. Send photocopies or on approval. Gary Anderson, 698 E. Hoyt Ave., St. Paul, MN 55106 [27-3]

ADVERTISING COVERS: WANTED

TEXAS HOTEL covers wanted. The cheaper, the better. Bill Strauss, HC 64, Box 366, Big Lake, TX 76932 [27-4]

URGENTLY NEEDED: Pre-1900 Philadelphia, PA advertising covers illustrated with buildings and street scenes. Also any paper memorabilia or postal history from the Philadelphia Centennial of 1876. All correspondence answered. Member APS. Gus Spector ,750 S. Main Street, Suite 203, Phoenixville, PA 19460. [26-6]

LITERATURE: FOR SALE

"CROSS-REFERENCE Guide to U.S. RPOs" identifies RPOs back-to-front where the first town name is obscured or partially struck. (100 pages, 7,500+ listings). "Abbreviations and Misspellings in U.S. RPOs" identifies those cryptic components of RPO cancels. (16 pages, 2,000+ listings). Get the expanded second printings of both essential references for only \$18 postpaid. Jim Mehrer, 2405-30th Street, Rock Island, IL 61201. [26-6]

"WAR DATES" and "Beyond War Dates and More!" geographical and chronological listings of wars, occupations, new nations from World War I up to the Korean War. Both: softbound 170 pages. \$28.00 postpaid USA (Canada & Overseas add \$2.00). VANDAM, Box 8809L, Anaheim, CA 92812. [26-6]

SERIAL RUNS of popular publications: Transir Postmark Collector, 1870-1994 - \$10 per year; Heliograph, 1987-1994 - \$10 per year; and La Posta, 1984-1993 - \$10 per year. Also the green book of MPOS History - \$50. All sent postpaid. Bob Kisken, 226 Buena Vista, Ann Arbor, MI 48103. Phone 313-663-3115. [27-1]

MISCELLANEOUS: WANTED

C24, C38 and C46 commercial covers, unusual destinations, in period mail, No FDC. Bob Markovits, Box 891, Middletown, NY 10940, [27-3]

CIVILIAN CONSERVATION CORPS covers wanted all states. Send priced photocopies or approvals. Harold Richow, 31552-58 Railroad Canyon Road, Canyon Lake, CA 92587. [26-5]

MONTANA TERRITORIALS; Saskatchewan; Assiniboia; Yukon; Newfoundland cancels, covers, viewcards; early bison/buffalo-related covers. Approvals/photocopies welcomed! Dean Mario, Box 342, Saskatoon, Sask., Canada S7K 3L3. [27-3]

PRECANCELED George Washington Bicentennial stamped envelope entires, any city, Scott U523-U528. Ken Lawrence, P.O. Box 8040, State College, PA 16803 [26-6]

US Scotts 179, 185 Foreign destinations, photostats only for possible use in article in progress in CCP. Help appreciated; unusual rates, usages, proofs, essays, etc. Bob Markovits, Box 891, Middletown, NY 10940 [27-1]

WANTED - US COVERS to foreign destinations using 3 cent commemoratives during period 1934 to 1954. Non-philatelic mail - Np FDC. Roger Schnell, 4800 NE 20th Terrace, Fort Lauderdale, FL 33308. [27-1]

AIRMAIL COVERS - Commercial Only; No First Flights or philatelic -United States to destinations in Europe, Africa, Asia and Oceania dating from before 1938. Also C1-C6 on commercial covers to foreign or domestic addresses. Send priced on approval or photocopies, or request my offer. Richard Helbock, P.O. Box 135, Lake Oswego, OR 97034 [26-6]

US SCOTTS #U88, U185, U186 unusual material especially covers, proofs, essays, the 7c Vermillion. I will even accept photostats of covers you do not want to sell for my CCP continuing article. Bob Markovits, Box 891, Middletown, NY 10940. [27-1]

U. S. OFFICIAL ENVELOPES (U01-U069), covers and early penalty covers. Send photocopy or item with price or phone (903) 784-8777. Schmidt, 4325 Smallwood Road., Paris, Texas 75462. [26-5]

WESTERVELT LOCALS, Chester, Orange County, New York. Need information, covers, fakes. Bob Markovits, Box 891, Middletown, NY 10940. [27-1]

OVER 1,500 DEDICATED POSTAL HISTORY BUFFS READ THESE PAGES CAREFULLY EACH ISSUE.

IF YOU HAVE SOME-THING TO SELL, SOME-THING YOU WISH TO BUY OR EXCHANGE, OR MERELY SEEK CONTACT WITH OTHERS WHO SHARE YOUR PARTICU-LAR INTEREST IN THE HOBBY, THERE IS NO CHEAPER, MORE EFFI-CIENT, WAY TO REACH PEOPLE THAN TO PLACE A CLASSIFIED AD IN LA POSTA.

IT'S AS EASY AS 1, 2, 31

1)JUST WRITE OUT YOUR MESSAGE ON A SHEET OF PAPER;

2)COUNT THE WORDS (Don't worry too much about the exact count we are not that fussy);

3)SELECT THE NUMBER OF TIMES YOU WOULD LIKE THE AD TO APPEAR AND SEND US THE AD WITH YOUR CHECK (see rates on page 77).

THEN JUST SIT BACK AND LET US TAKE YOUR MESSAGE TO THE PEO-PLE YOU WISH TO REACH.



La Posta Publications Proudly Announces

A Major New Reference for Postal Historians & Genealogists POSTMASTERS & POSTOFFICES OF THE UNITED STATES

1782 - 1811 By Robert J. Stets

This 300+ page book is the result of the author's four year search of the *Letter Books of the Postmaster General*, a previously underutilized source of U.S. postal history information. Stets lists almost 3,000 post offices and 6,200 postmasters, thousands of whom were previously unreported in philatelic literature. More than 700 "first postmasters" show dates of appointment earlier than previously published dates for those postmasters.

The book is divided into three major sections: 1) Postmasters listed alphabetically for the United States as a whole; 2) Post Offices listed alphabetically for the United States, and; 3) a state by state listing of post offices, their postmasters and dates of appointment. Each state listing is preceded by selected items from the *PMG Letter Books* so that other researchers will be

encouraged to explore this resource in more detail.

A brief historyof the U.S. Post Office precedes the master lists and reveals details of several activities that have hitherto received little or no philatelic publicity. The Washington-Cleveland-Detroit Express Mail of 1807-08; the Washington-Athens-New Orleans Express Mail of 1807-09; the PMG's Report of the new Distribution System that began about 1800 are among the subjects covered. Helpful appendices include a record of growth of the U.S. postal system, official records available in The National Archives and the Library of Congress, and a bibliography of previously published postal history publications for states east of the Mississippi.

Price: \$32.50 (laminated soft cover) postpaid from La Posta Publications P.O. Box 135, Lake Oswego, OR 97034 Phone or Fax: (503) 657-5685

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Following a brief introduction to the Rural Free Delivery system in the United States and the conventions involved in the collecting of RFD markings, Richow presents a 50 page illustrated type chart with full size tracings of every known major RFD cancel variety. The heart of the book is a 170 page table arranged alphabetically by state and listing every recorded RFD cancel by post office with dates of use and market value shown for each marking. The book concludes with numerous illustrations of RFD stationery, Christmas cards and related ephemera.

The Encyclopedia of R.F.D. Cancels II will be published in sturdy hand sewn signatures bound in durable laminated card covers. The format is 8.5x11 inches and the book will include approximately 280 pages. The printing will be limited to just 600 copies.

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La Posta Publishes two types of Ads: Display & Auction/Net Price. Details for placing each are as follows: DISPLAY ADS - May be run on a contract basis for one, three or six insertions. Ad contents may be changed at any time, provided proper notice is given. Contract rates for ads of varying sizes are as follows:

Ad Size	One Issue	Three Issues	Six Issues
1/8-page	\$13.00	\$29.90	\$54.60
1/4-page	\$30.00	\$69.00	\$126.00
1/2-page	\$55.00	\$126.50	\$231.00
1-page	\$100.00	\$230.00	\$420.00

These charges include Type setting & Layout

AUCTION/NET PRICE ADS: The charge for placing a 1/2-page ad is \$45.00; 1-page \$90.00; 2-pages \$170.00

These prices are for prepaid camera ready copy. Add \$15 typing charge is for 1/2-page auctions, \$\$35 for 1-page auctions; and auctions over 1-page must be camera ready or provided on computer disc.

Ad Deadlines are as follows: Dec/Jan issue - Nov 20; Feb/Mar issue - Jan 20; Apr/May issue - Mar 20; Jun/Jul issue - May 20; Aug/Sep issue - July 20; Oct/Nov issue - Sep 20.

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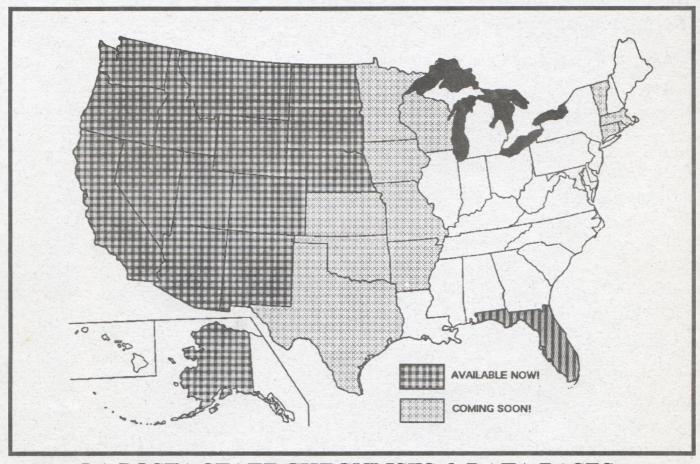
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Nebraska Post Offices	\$8.00	\$17.95
Nevada Post Offices	\$4.50	\$11.95
New Mexico Post Offices	\$5.00	\$11.95
North Dakota Post Offices	\$6.00	\$14.95
Oregon Post Offices	\$4.50	\$14.95
South Dakota Post Offices	\$6.00	\$14.95
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