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### THE POST OFFICES OF WYOMING: PART VIII, CARBON COUNTY

By Daniel Y. Meschter and Ruth Dolezal

Carbon County, erected on December 16, 1868, was the third of the original four Wyoming counties created by the Dakota Legislature. Like the others, it stretched across the entire territory from Colorado to Montana. Later, Carbon County was reduced as Johnson County was partitioned from the north, and Natrona County was cut from its center portion. On February 5, 1886, part of the southeastern corner was transferred to Albany County because the mining camps there were more convenient to the Albany County seat Laramie than to the Carbon County seat at Rawlins. At the same time, a somewhat larger part of Sweetwater County containing the village of Baggs and the Little Snake River valley was added to southwestern Carbon County for similar reasons.

Carbon County is highly diversified both from geographical and cultural standpoints. Its terrain includes alkaline flats, rolling prairies, fertile river bottom lands, forested mountain slopes, and high rocky peaks. Its rich historical tradition encompasses outlawry, range wars, labor strife, mining, and rugged individualism in a matrix of conservative animal husbandry, in-

dustry, and solid community life.

The county's postal history is equally diverse. The transportation industry is the most historic. A pre-territorial post office at Fort Halleck (not listed) was the first in present day Carbon County. It was located at an important point on the Overland Trail during Civil War days. A series of post offices between Aurora and Rawlins, including Carbon and Percy on an abandoned part of its route, was on the railroad. Fort Steele was a military post built in 1868 to protect railroad construction crews from the dangers of Indian attack. Coal mining at Carbon, Hanna, and Dana served the needs of the railroad before coal was phased out as a locomotive fuel in 1955. Wagon trails led south by way of Sulphur, Muddy, Baggs, and Dixon to isolated settlements in northwestern Colorado. Others led into the upper Platte River valley by way of Rankin, Bennetts Ferry, and Swan to ranch headquarters and mining camps in the southeastern part of the county. Still other trails led north from the railroad at Rawlins and Medicine Bow.

Unlike most Wyoming counties, Carbon County has had a long and varied history of metal mining beginning with abortive attempts at gold and silver mining at Seminole, Seminoe, Iron, and Ferris in 1875. Similarly, gold rushes to Dexterville, Altamont, and Gold gave rise to short-lived post offices at those places. More successful mining ventures in the mountains between Savery and Encampment spawned closely-spaced post offices at Battle, Rambler, Dillon, Copperton, and Rudefeha, plus a freight transfer station at Elwood. A copper smelter at the end of a 16-mile long aerial tramway from Rudefeha was served by post offices at Encampment and Riverside. In the past decade, uranium mines at Shirley Basin have been among the most important in the nation.

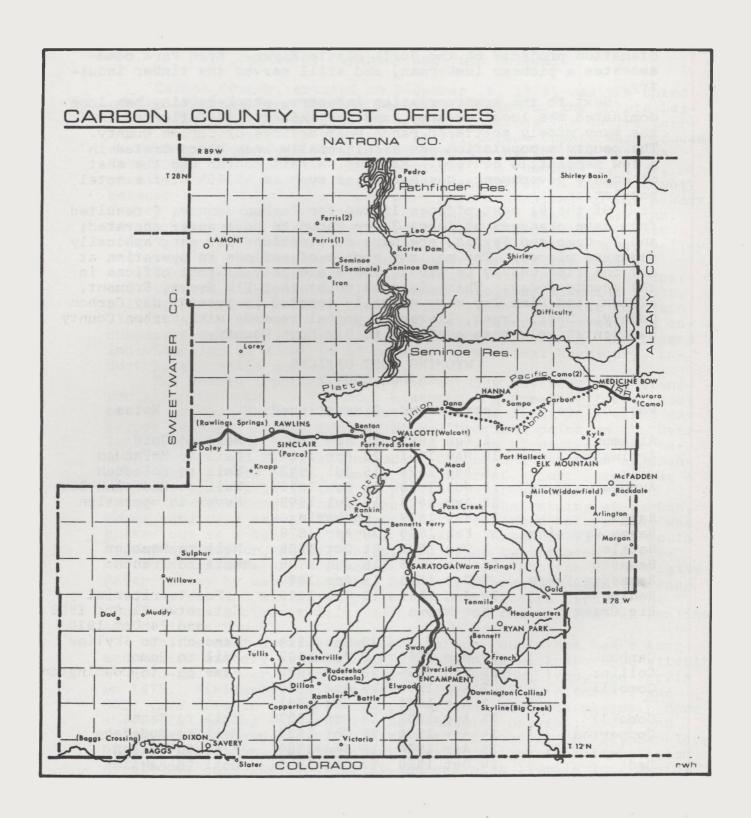
Saratoga, formerly called Warm Springs, has won fame as a resort spa. Seminoe Dam and Kortes Dam were the sites of reclamation projects on the North Platte River. Ryan Park commemorates a pioneer lumberman, and still serves the timber industry.

Next to the transportation industry, stock-raising has long dominated the local economy, and the industry is reflected in the many widely scattered ranch post offices of Carbon County. The county's population has traditionally been concentrated in a few mercantile centers. Rawlins, a rail center and the seat of county government, has housed as much as 40-50% of the total population.

Of the 91 post offices listed for Carbon County, 8 resulted from name changes; at least 2 are known to have never operated; and 2, Como and Ferris, are name duplications for geographically separate places. The maximum number of offices in operation at any one time was 32 in 1904. There are only 15 post offices in the county today. There is some doubt that Elk Grove, Fremont, milton, and Pine Top were actually located in present day Carbon County. Shell Creek, listed in postal records with Carbon County has tentatively been assigned to Big Horn County.

# WYOMING POST OFFICES CARBON COUNTY

Post Office	Established	Discontinued	Notes
Altamont Arlington	5 Feb 1892 19 May 1902 18 Aug 1925	12 Nov 1892 30 Apr 1924 15 Jul 1943	Mail to Gold Mail to McFadden Mail to McFadden
Aurora	15 Jul 1889 28 Apr 1899	11 Jun 1895 15 Jul 1899	Mail to Medicine Bow Never in operation
Baggs	21 Nov 1879	Operating	4
Baggs Crossing	12 Feb 1879	30 Apr 1879	
Battle	1 Dec 1898	21 Oct 1905	Mail to Rambler
Bennett	14 Feb 1888	15 Jun 1909	Mail to French
Bennetts Ferry			
Benton	29 Jun 1868	16 Oct 1868	Pre-territorial
Big Creek	Not known		Est. btwn 31 Aug 1906 and 24 Oct 1910
		30 Sep 1924	Name ch. to Skyline
Carbon	17 Mar 1869	2 Jan 1907	Mail to Como
Collins	25 Sep 1884		Name ch. to Downington
Como(1)	7 Aug 1879		
	2 Aug 1880	19 Oct 1881	
Como(2)	25 Aug 1902	14 Sep 1907	Mail to Hanna
Copperton	24 Apr 1900	31 Oct 1901	Mail to Rudefeha
	15 Apr 1904	15 Sep 1909	Mail to Dillon
Dad	24 Oct 1910	31 Jan 1940	Mail to Rawlins
_	9 Mar 1901	14 Sep 1901	Mail to Rawlins
Dana	14 Jul 1889	19 Aug 1892	Mail to Percy
Dexterville	21 Jan 1895 14 May 1886	30 Sep <b>191</b> 0 11 Aug 1887	Mail to Hanna Mail to Dixon



Post Office	Established	d Discontinued Notes
Difficulty	8 Feb 1904	
Dillon Dixon	22 Dec 1902	
DIXON	24 Jan 1874 19 Jan 1882	
Downington	26 May 1902	
Elk Grove	24 Dec 1866	
Elk Mountain	5 Sep 1877	
Elwood	31 Jul 1900	
Encampment	22 May 1897	
Ferris(1)	24 Feb 1875	
Ferris(2)	4 Jan 1878	
Fort Fred Steele		
		7 Apr 1967 Mail to Rawlins
Fort Halleck	5 Jul 1870	
Fremont	16 Mar 1877	
French	6 Apr 1892	2 30 Nov 1937 Mail to Saratoga
Gold	9 Jan 1891	
	21 Feb 1901	<b>4</b>
Green	6 Oct 1888	
	10 Sep 1894	
Hanna	11 Jan 1890	
Harrison	15 Jan 1896	
Headquarters	19 Oct 1891	
Herman	31 Mar 1893	
Iron	19 Aug 1898	
Knapp	31 Aug 1906	
Kortes Dam	16 Jul 1947	
Kyle	10 Mar 1938	
Lamont	2 Mar 1934	
Leo	13 Dec 1883	
Lorey McFadden	9 Jun 1904 25 Mar 1921	<del>-</del> · · · · · - · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Mead	31 Mar 1893	
Medicine Bow	4 Jan 1869	
Milo	15 Mar 1909	
Milton	2 Jan 1883	
Morgan	16 Nov 1896	
	27 Feb 1925	
Muddy	27 May 1893	
Osceola	10 Jan 1900	
Parco	11 Apr 1923	
Pass Creek	24 Jul 1920	
Pedro	8 Dec 1913	3 28 Feb 1935 Mail to Leo
Percy	31 Dec 1868	3 2 Jan 1878
	7 Jun 1880	
	8 Jan 1887	
Pine Top	17 Mar 1873	
Poor	18 Jun 1886	
Rambler	29 May 1900	
Rankin	5 Feb 1892	2 30 Sep 1897 Mail to Rawlins

Post Office	Established	Discontinued Notes
Rawlings Springs		4 Mar 1876 N. ch. to Rawlins
Rawlins	4 Mar 1876	Operating
Riverside	17 Jan 1901	
	17 Feb 1905	15 Aug 1910 Mail to Encampment
Rockdale	21 Mar 1882	14 May 1906 Mail to Arlington
Rudefeha	22 Sep 1900	15 Dec 1905 Mail to Dillon
Ryan Park	12 Jul 1937	Operating
Sampo	10 Apr 1910	15 Aug 1912 Mail to Hanna
Sandstone	14 Jan 1898	23 Dec 1898 Mail to Slater, CO.
Saratoga	5 Feb 1884	Operating
Savery	8 Jan 1880	10 Jun 1880
	22 Jun 1880	14 Mar 1882
	7 Feb 1889	15 Nov 1890 Mail to Dixon
	15 Mar 1910	Operating
Seminoe	28 Sep 1885	14 Mar 1894 Mail to Ferris
Seminoe Dam	3 Jul 1936	19 Jan 1973 Mail to Sinclair
Seminole	25 Apr 1872	4 Aug 1875
Shirley	19 Mar 1890	24 Jan 1891 Mail to Carbon
	11 Feb 1898	30 Sep 1945 Mail to Leo
Shirley Basin	1 Jan 1961	Operating Rural Station of Casper
Sinclair	1 Jan 1943	Operating
Skyline	30 Sep 1924	30 Sep 1925 Mail to Encampment
Slater	9 Jul 1883	24 Dec 1888 Moved to Routt Co., CO
Sulphur	20 Sep 1883	4 Sep 1895 Mail to Muddy (?)
Swan	27 Jun 1881	18 Feb 1893 Mail to Collins
	18 May 1893	13 Nov 1894 Mail to Collins
Tenmile	20 Nov 1900	1 Feb 1901 Rescinded
Tullis	27 Apr 1926	30 Sep 1949 Mail to Dixon
Victoria	31 Mar 1900	30 Sep 1904 Mail to Slater, CO.
Walcott	27 Jun 1902	Operating
Warm Springs	4 Oct 1878	5 Feb 1884 N. ch. to Saratoga
Widdoefield	15 Jun 1895	
Willowglen	20 Jul 1889	6 Feb 1891 Never in operation
Willows	27 Mar 1896	30 Nov 1899 Mail to Rawlins
Wolcott	28 Dec 1900	27 Jun 1902 N. ch. to Walcott

Note: (?) - records indicate mail to Muddy, but Muddy listed as discontinued at the time.

A REMINDER!!! Pat Hall and the Wyoming Bicentennial Commission, State Office Bldg., Cheyenne, Wyoming 82002, are hard at work on a postal history volume for Wyoming's bicentennial celebration. This is sure to be a valuable reference book, and one that we'll all want for our libraries, but Pat needs help. Specifically, he is seeking illustrations of covers and cards mailed from Wyoming post offices. So far, he has turned up several from the 1868-99 period, but he desperately wants DPOs from the 1900-1920 era. If you can help, please write Pat and tell him what you have.

### TERRITORIAL TIMES By Sheldon H. Dike

(This article first appeared in Western Express, it is being reprinted with permission of the author.)

We so often read of the hardships endured by early settlers and miners in our early territories that it is refreshing to know that all was not rough going for some. Although Christmas will be past when this reaches you, I thought you might be interested in the following description of a Christmas dinner in Denver City, Kansas Territory, in 1858. The description was sent with other news to the editor of the Omaha Times by one A. O. McGrew. His letter was dated 29 December 1858, was published in the Times on 17 February 1859, and was republished in the Colorado Magazine, Vol. 14, pp. 15-25. What follows is a quotation from part of his dispatch.

"Editor of the Omaha Time: -- A brief retrospect of occurances since my sojourn in this portion of the country; ...a description of our Christmas festival; ... and a few of the leading events of the day ... may not be the least interesting news matter set before your readers, and (since) the departure of Sander's & Co.'s express from Fort Laramie offers favorable opportunity for sending news to the states, or, as some of the boys facetiously term it, "to America," I shall jot down such information...

"Talking of Christmas, Mr. Editor, have vou poor frozen victims of the states, the remotest idea of what a real old-fashioned Christmas celebration is, and would it hurt your feelings or spoil your appetite, if I were to rehearse some of the savings and doings of that eventful day; and set before you our 'bill of fare' on that occasion, not an imaginary one, either, but a faithful record of the luxuries under which the board groaned—enough to tempt the appetite of the most fastidious gourmand? And as the day waned, and the good cheer disappeared, wit and sentiment flowed as freely as the sparkling wine, from which they emanated.

"In order to have the affair come off with as much eclat as possible a meeting was called to make suitable arrangements. The meeting was called Dec. 21st, and I make the following extract from the minutes of the secretary:

At a meeting held at Camp Spooner for the purpose of making arrangements for celebrating Christmas day in a suitable manner, J.S.Lowry, Esq., was called to the chair, and Hon. Wm. Clancy appointed secretary. Mr. Lowry having in a brief speech set forth the object of the meeting.

Mr. E. Matthews /moved/ that committees be appointed, whose business it should be to make the necessary arrangements.

On motion of Mr. J. C. Latta, Messrs. Spooner, Perkins, and Long were appointed a committee of arrangements.

On motion of Mr. E. H. Warner, Messrs. Baker, M'Lachlin, and M'Grew were appointed a committee of resolutions.

On motion of Jno. Burssee, Messrs. Franklin, Way, and Stevens were appointed a committee on toasts.

On motion of Mr. Perrin, Messrs. Forbes, Hobbs, and Dumont were appointed a committee on invitation.

On motion of Mr. E. Hay, Messrs. Frary, Sullivan, and Orum were appointed chief cooks.

Among the invited guests, were General Larimer, E. P. Stout, Esq'r, S. S. Curtis, and about fifty others. The day, as I said before, was as bright and beautiful as ever shone upon the face of animated nature; not a breeze whispered through the leafless branches of the trees, and everything seemed to be enjoying a general repose. The boys, with their invited guests, lolled lazily around on logs, smoking their pipes or spinning innumerable yarns about their gold prospecting and hunting expeditions. The cooks, or rather, 'culinary professors,' were steaming over their different departments, now turning a choice saddle of venison, then looking to the pastry to see that it was done to a nicety. One was moulding the fresh rolls of butter into all kinds of fantastic shapes, another cracking nuts, so as to be ready for mastication. Anon, a head would protrude from a cabin door, with a cry of 'more wine for the pudding sauce,' would again disappear within those precincts, which were at least sacred for the time, to labors of the disciples of 'Soger.' But, I am forgetting the dinner, which was the great feature of the day. The guests having taken their seats at the board, Hon. William Clancy was invited to take the head of the table; on his right was General Larimer, and on his left, Dr. Steinberger, who acted as secretary. Dinner having been fully discussed, the chairman called the board to order, and while they were coming to order, I will tempt you with the bill of fare:

Platte River Gold Diggings Bill of Fare Christmas----1858

Soups

Oyster soup.

Ox tail.

Fish

Salmon trout, with oyster sauce.

Boiled

Corned beef, buffalo tongue, mutton, pork, ham, beef tongue, elk tongue.

Roast

Venison, a la mode; buffalo, smother; antelope; beef; mutton; pork; grizzly bear, a la mode; elk; mountain sheep; mountain pig.

Game

Mountain pheasants; mountain rabbits; turkeys; ducks; sage hen; prairie chickens; black mountain squirrel; prairie dog; snipe; mountain rats; white swans; quails; sand hill cranes.

Extras

Potatoes baked; potatoes, boiled; rice; beans, baked and boiled; beets, squashes, fried; pumpkins, stewed.

Desert

Mince pie; currant pie; apple pie; rice pie; peach pie; mountain cranberry pie; tapioca pudding; bread pudding; rice pudding.

Fruits

Brazil nuts; almonds; hazel nuts; filberts; pecans; wild currants; raisins; prickly pear; dried mountain plum.

Wine List

Hockheimer; madeira; champagne; golden sherry; cherry bounce; hock; Monongahela whiskey; claret; brandy; Scotch whiskey; Ja. rum; Bourbon whiskey; taos lightning."

McGrew's dispatch continues with an account of numerous resolutions, toasts, and songs that followed the repast. To wind up the day he wrote:

"Adjourning to Auraria, we found the town alive with an influx of miners, some of whom were dressed in the most fantastic and grotesque manner that an active imagination, and the application of the skins of wild beasts, could possibly devise. In a short time, an immense fire was blazing in the public square, and Terpsichore answered to the voice of Orpheus. Light hearts, merry countenances, and active feet were soon in motion, and the dance continued until midnight. Beneath many a rough exterior, were hearts that throbbed with pleasant thoughts of home. Groups of Indians, with their squaws and papooses, filled-up the background. It was a picture that Rembrandt would have contemplated with delight."

One of the toasts that was given at dinner was the following to Christmas Day: "May we never be less able to celebrate it than at present, and may we enjoy many a happy return of it."

I hope your Christmas holiday was as pleasant.

\* \* \* \* \*

MAP ENTHUSIASTS, may I recommend the periodic listings of L. S. Straight, P.O. Box 106, New York, NY 10016. Straight's lists are published frequently at irregular intervals, and contain thousands of old maps from all parts of the world. Prices vary according to the rarity of the map, but seem quite fair. These are truly objet d'art. Many are hand colored, and most are very detailed. To obtain Mr. Straight's lists, which are free, write him direct and let him know which part(s) of the world you might be interested in. His lists for "The Americas" are of outstanding value and interest to Western postal historians.

### RESEARCH NOTES: THE POSTAL ROUTE MAP

Most of us are familiar with the modern postal route maps published for individual states by the U. S. Government Printing Office. They are generally available for less than one dollar, and provide handy references for locating existing post offices. Many people may not be aware, however, that similar postal route maps may still be purchased for states and territories dating from the 19th and early 20th century. These maps have been preserved by agencies of the Federal government, and, while the selection of old postal route maps is by no means complete, it is possible to obtain high quality photostats for ones' own reference library. The purpose of this report is to provide details of acquiring copies of postal route maps from two agencies of the Federal government and to offer some idea of what maps are available for the states and territories of the West. It should be noted in passing, however, that state, local, and university libraries as well as, state and county historical societies map also have copies of postal route maps.

The National Archives Collection contains many Western postal route maps of the late 19th and early 20th centuries, and copies are available as positive photostats at reasonable rates. Most of these old maps are quite large (see listing below), and the photostat sheets measure 17 x 23 inches at a cost of \$1.25 per sheet. Prices are subject to change, of course, and anyone who wishes to order a map copy must first write the archives to obtain a price estimate. The address is:

Director, Cartographic Archives Division, National Archives and Records Service, General Services Administration, Washington, D.C. 20408

Postal route maps in the National Archives collection have been listed in Special List No. 29, "List of Selected Maps of States and Territories." This list, which contains nearly 900 entries, is available free from the National Archives at the address above. In order to provide readers with an idea of the scope of the collection, the following table lists the complete holdings of postal route maps available for the 11 western states plus Alaska and Hawaii. Listings in this table have been greatly abbreviated to conserve space. A complete listing appears thusly:

Item 135. Post Route Map of the State of Colorado...Drawn by A. P. Dinsmore...up to date of October 1, 1879.

l inch ti 11 miles. 32.5 x 43.25 inches. Published.
Frequency and types of mail service, mileages between post offices, discontinued post offices, counties, towns, railroads, military posts, and physical features. Post routes in colors to show frequency of service. Continental Divide is identified and shaded green.

POSTAL ROUTE MAPS IN NATIONAL ARCHIVES

State E	ntry #	Date	Scale	Sections	Size Each Sect.
ALASKA	29	l Dec 1901	l"=40mi.	2	36x26 inches
ALASKA	37	1 Jan 1915	l"=40mi.	2	36.5x25 "
ALASKA	39	1 Jan 1917	l"=40mi.	2	36x25.5 "
ARIZONA	587 <b>*</b>	1 Oct 1885	l"=12mi.	2	38.5x29.5 "
ARIZONA	64	1 Jan 1917	l"=12mi.		40x32 inches
CALIFORNI	A 114*	1 Dec 1876	1"=12mi.	1	56.5x49 inches
CALIFORNI		1 Oct 1885	1"=12mi.	4	31x27 inches
CALIFORNI		1 Jan 1917	1"=10mi.	4	36x31 inches
COLORADO	135	1 Oct 1879	l"=llmi.	1	32.5x43.25 in.
COLORADO	142	1 Oct 1885	l"=10mi.	1	34x46 inches
COLORADO	152	1 Jan 1917	l"=10mi.	2	36x25.5 in.
HAWAII	209	1 Apr 1914	l"=9mi.	1	29.5x44 in.
HAWAII	212	1 Jan 1917	l"=9mi.		29x44 inches
IDAHO IDAHO IDAHO IDAHO IDAHO IDAHO IDAHO	495* 496* 498* 499* 500* 501*	1 Dec 1883 1 Oct 1885 1 Dec 1886 1 Feb 1887 1 Apr 1891 1 Jun 1891 1 Jan 1917	l"=15mi. l"=15mi.	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	43x30 inches 44x29 inches 44x29.5 in. 44x27.5 in. 44x27.5 in. 43.5x27.5 in. 49.5x32.5 in.
MONTANA (	Same may	ps as for Ida	aho)		
NEVADA (	Same may	ps as for Cal	lifornia)		
NEW MEXIC NEW MEXIC	0 591	1 Oct 1885 1 Jun 1902 1 Jan 1917	1"=20mi.	2 1 1	38.5x29.5 in. 24x19 inches 39.5x33 in.
OREGON OREGON OREGON OREGON OREGON	710* 711* 713* 715* 717	1 Jan 1880 1 Aug 1883 1 Feb 1887 1 Jun 1891 1 Jun 1897 1 Jan 1917	l"=12mi. l"=10mi. l"=10mi. l"=10mi. l"=10mi.	2 2 2 2 1 1	23.5x36 in. 30x43.5 in. 29x44 inches 28.5x43 in. 34x43.5 in. 34x43.5 in.
UTAH	798	l Jan 1917	l"=10mi.	1	42.5x31.5 in.
UTAH	799	l Jan 1918	l"=10mi.		42.5x31.5 in.

WASHINGTON (Only with Oregon on Nos. 710, 711, 713, & 715)

WYOMING (Same as maps for Idaho)

Note: \* indicates more than one state shown on map.

The Library of Congress Collection of postal route maps is probably even more extensive than that of the National Archives. I must say probably, for no central listing is known to exist outside the library's own extensive card catalog. In order to find out which maps are available in the Library of Congress collection, write:

Chief, Reference Department, Geography and Map Division, The Library of Congress, Washington, D.C. 20540

It is necessary to ask for maps available for a specific state, territory, or portion thereof. For example, I was in need of postal route maps of the Willamette Valley of Oregon, so on a visit to Washington, I called the Geography and Map Division to ask them what maps were available. After a brief search, they told me what they had, and I ask for price quotations on six of them. Shorty, I received a letter listing the maps I wanted, and containing price quotations for both negative and positive photostats. The prices were a bit higher than those quoted by the National Archives, and, since this took place nearly three years ago. I will not detail the prices. The maps I ordered covered only the postal routes of the Willamette Valley, and they dated from years different than those in the National Archives. The dates of the maps were: 1877; March 1, 1879; April 1, 1887; February 1, 1892; June 1, 1897; and June 1, 1900. The photostats were exceptionally high quality, but as they are in black and white the color coding of the route frequency is lost.

That pretty well concludes my knowledge and experience with obtaining maps of postal routes from the Federal government. The maps are tremendous research aides, and in my opinion well worth the price. One word of caution, however, allow plenty of time once you begin the ordering process. Six to eight weeks is about normal, and if the agency in question is particulary busy it may be even longer.

**\*\*\*** 

### LIFE giving you a PAIN?

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97.3% of LA POSTA's authors report that they feel better after contributing an article to LA POSTA. Why not try it today?

### ARIZONA TERRITORIAL POSTMARKS [Continued from 5/2] By Dr. Sheldon H. Dike

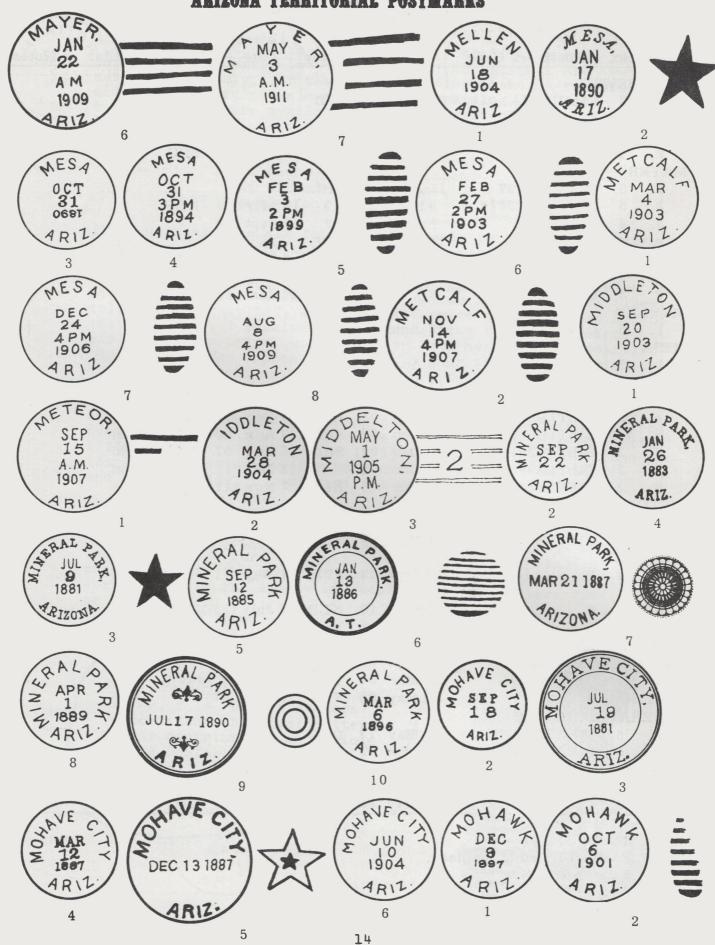
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3.		C1eN1RRB25		Aug		NLP	6 Sept		*	Star	
4.	3	C1bN1RRB28		Oct	82	JOT	26 Jan	83	HHL	Grid	
5.	3	C1bN1B27	1	May	63	*	21 Apr	87	JOT	-	

### Notes:

Town

- 1. Reads "Mellen"
- Earliest listed is on piece.
   With "ARIZONA."
   With "ARIZ."

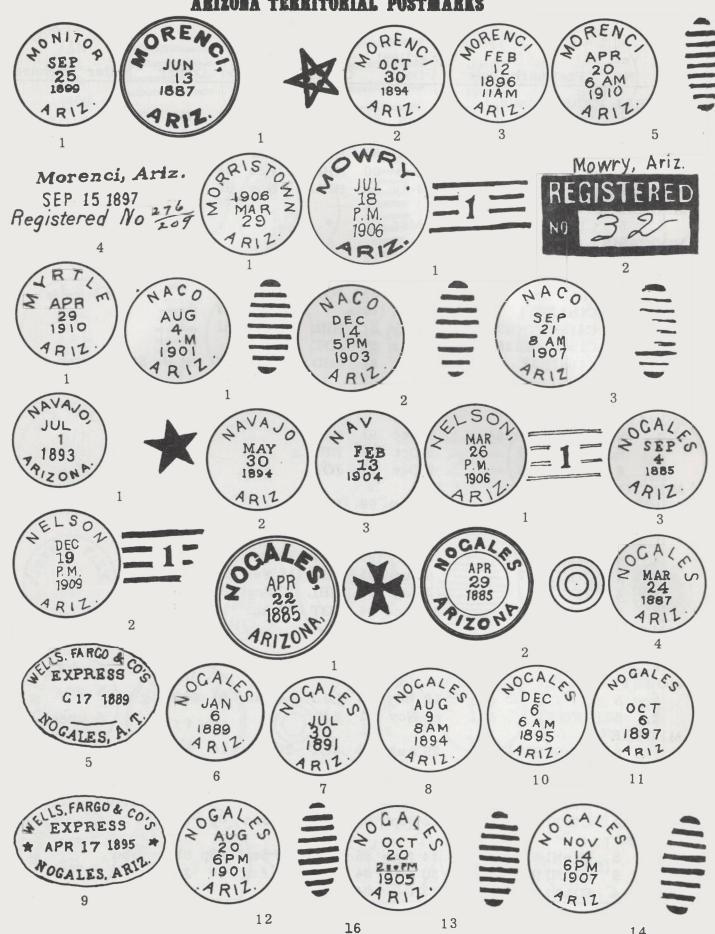
- 5. Spelled "Middleton."



Town												
type	Val.		E	arlie	st		]	Lates	t			
No.	No.	Postmark Code		Date		Owner		Date		Owner	Killer	Notes
MINE	RAI.	PARK (Cont'd.)						-				
6.	4		1.3	Jan	86	SHD	6	Apr	26	JOT	Grid	
7.		C1eS1B28½		Dec		JOT		Mar		?	Wheel of	fontuno
		_									wheel of	Tortune
8.	3			Oct		HHL			90	?	PD 4	
9.		~			90	HHL				HHL	Target	
10.	3	C1bN1BBR27½	29	July	95	HHL	?	Nov	02	HHL		
MINN				3.6	0.5	.4.					a	
1.	5	C1bN1B29	1	Mar	US	*					Grid	
MOCC				T	1.0	0						
1.		C	I	Jan	12	?						
MOHA			0.0	_		7.O.M	_		0.0			
1.	8	M		June				Aug		?		
2.		C1bA1B24		Apr					?	DLJ		
3.		C41bN1RRB34		_			18	Aug	81	?		
4.		C1bN1BBR26		Mar		JOT						
5.	5	C1bS1B34		Nov				Dec		NLP	Star in st	ar
6.	4	$C1bN1B27\frac{1}{2}$		Apr		?	29	June	04	?		
7.	4	A	13	Apr	06	?						
MOHA	WK											
1.	6	C1bN1BBR26½	9	Dec	97	HHL						
2.	6	C1bN1B28	6	Oct	01	HHL					Grid	
3.	6	A?	6	Dec	09	JOT						
MONIT	TOR											
1.	7	C1bN1BBR27½	25	Sept	99	HHL						
MORE		4										
1.	5	C21bN1B33	13	June	87	HHL	9	Oct	88	JOT	Star	
2.		C1bN1BBR27				HHL			94	NLP		
3.		C1bT1B27		_				Feb	96	SHD		1
4.		REG				HHL				HHL		•
5.	3	C1bT1B29		June		JOT		_	10	HHL		
MORR			41	June	04	301	20	Apr	10	HHL		
	4		20	Mon	06	CIID						
	4	CIBNIB212		Mar			า 4	3.6	1 1	0		
		C	12	reb	UO	NLP	24	May	11	?		
MOWR		ח	1.0	T1	0.6	NIT D	4	T	0.77	0		
1.				_		NLP	4	Jan	07	?		
2.		REG	?	Nov	11	?						
MYRT		G11 271 D0E1	00		0.0		0.0					
1.		$C1bN1B27\frac{1}{2}$	29	Aug	08	JOT	29	Apr	10	HHL		
NACO		G41 m4 m0.01			0.1							
				_		HHL					Grid	
2.						HHL					Grid	
3.		C1bT1B29 $\frac{1}{2}$	12	Sept	06	HHL	23	Jan	08	HHL		
NAVA.												
	6	C1eN1B25½	14	June	85	SHD	12	Sept	93p	SHD	Star	
2.		C1bN1BBR27 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>					9	Aug	94	JOT		
3.		C1bN1BBR28	13	Feb	04	?	-					
Notes:												

Notes:

<sup>1.</sup> Both listed are on piece.



14

Town												
type	Val.		E	arlies	st		]	Latest	t			
No.	No.	Postmark Code		Date		Owner		Date		Owner	Killer	Notes
NELS	ON											
1.	5	A	26	Mar	06	SHD	7	Nov	07	?		
2.	5	В	19	Dec	09	*						
NOGA	LES											
1.	5	C21eN1B34	31	Mar	84	HHL	22	Apr	85	NLP	Cross in	circle
2.	4	C41eN1B30	28	Oct	84	?	29	Apr	85	SHD	Target	
3.	4	$C1bN1BBR26\frac{1}{2}$	21	Aug	85	NLP	10	Feb	86	HHL		1
4.	4	C1bN1BBR26	24	Mar	87	NLP						
5.	5	EX	28	Oct	88r	NLP	17	Aug	89r	HHL		
6.	4	C1bN1B26	6	Jan	89	*						
7.	3	$C1bN1B26\frac{1}{2}$	25	July	90	?	26	Aug	92	?		
8.	3	$C1bT1B28\frac{1}{2}$	18	June	93	*	22	Oct	95	HHL		
9.	5	EX	9	Nov	92p	SHD	26	Jan	96p	HHL		
10.	3	C1bT1B27 $\frac{1}{2}$	3	May	95	?	16	June	96	NLP		
11.	3	C1bT1B27 $\frac{1}{2}$	6	Oct	97	SHD	10	Nov	99	?		
12.	2	C1bT1B28	19	Apr	00	?	18	June	02	HHL		
13.	2	C1bT1B28 $\frac{1}{2}$		July		?		Jan	07	?	Grid	
14.	1	C1bT1B29 $\frac{1}{2}$		July			22	Oct	10	?	Grid	
15.	2	REG	13	Nov	11	?						
NOON												
1.		C1bN1BBR27	18	Jan	90	HHL	4	Feb	90	SHD		
NORT												
1.		C41b'1N1B27 $\frac{1}{2}$			85	NLP						
2.	6	C1b'1N1B?	26	Aug	87	*						2
NUTR			0.4	<b>.</b> .	0.4				0.0			
1.	5	C1bN1BBR27		Sept				July		?		
2.	4	В	21	May	80	?	29	Apr	11	?		
ОСНО					0.4							
1.	7	M		Aug		HHL						0.0
2.	7	C21eN1B?	24	Sept	84	?						2,3
OCTA		O11-311-D97-1	1.0	Λ .	00	0						
		C1bN1B27 $\frac{1}{2}$		_			0.1	Δ	0.0	0		
		C	1	Feb	09	SHD	41	Aug	09	f		
OLDG			_	N/10 ***	0.4	9	20	Λ	0.6	NII D		4
	5	A	3	May	04	?	49	Aug	06	NLP		4
OLIVE	7	C1bN1BBR27	9	Morr	0.0	HHL						
ORAC		CIDNIBBR21	ŗ	MOA	90	nnL						
1.		C21bN1RRB28	25	June	01	пп	20	A 110	Ω1	2	Tanget	
2.		C1bN1BBR27				HHL ?		_			Target	
3.		C1bN1BBR27		-		, NLP					Grid	
ORAII		CIDIID25	10	Dec	00	NLF	23	1404	11	301	GIId	
		C1bN1B28	22	Oct	01	NLP	23	Tan	04	?		
2.	3			Apr		NLP		Apr				
Notes:		С	4	Apr.	00	- 1	-00	Thr	10	ИПЕ		

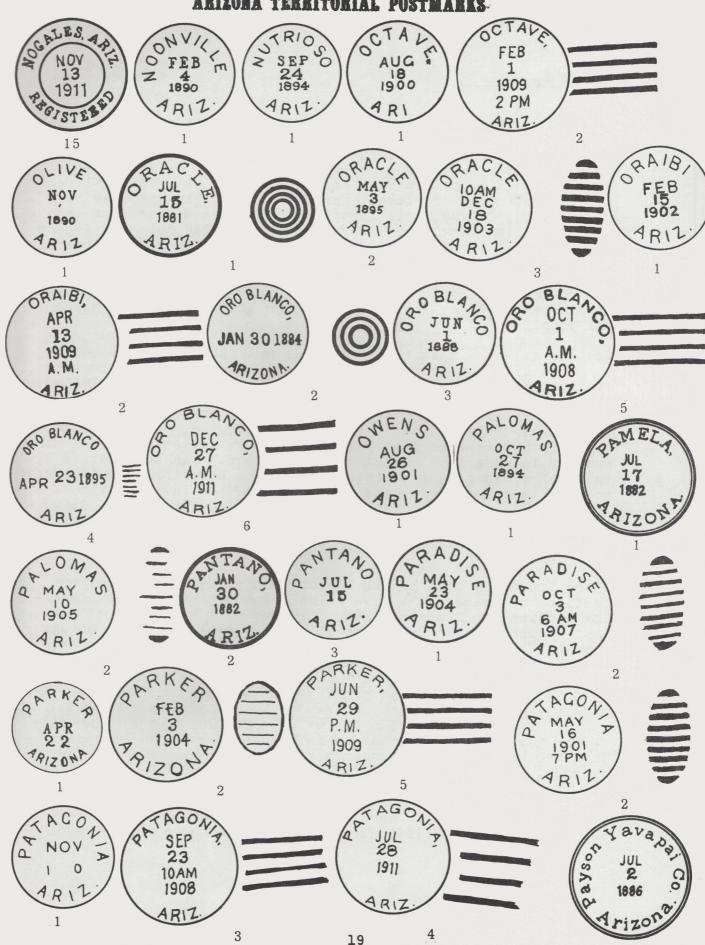
### Notes:

- 1. Also with block date.
- 2. Listing taken from photo.
- 3. Receiving mark. Skull and cross bones killer. Looks suspicious.
- 4. Two words in the strike.

Town										
type	Val.	*	Earlie	st		Latest	t			
No.	No.	Postmark Code	Date	!	Owner	Date		Owner	Killer	Notes
ORO I	BLAN	ICO								
	5-4		27 Oct	79	SHD	2 June	80	?		
		C1 eS1 B27 ½				22 Dec			Target	
		C1bN1BBR27 1/2						HHL	0	
4.	5	C1bS1B28	23 Apr	95v	HHL				Grid	
	4		1 Oct							
6.	4	C	27 Dec	11	?	3 Jan	12	*		
OWEN	IS									
1.	5	C1bN1B28	26 Aug	01	SHD					1
PALN	IERL	EE								
1.	5	A	24 Sept	06	HHL	20 May	08	HHL	*	
PALO	MAS									
1.	5	C1bN1B28	29 Oct	94	NLP					
2.	5	C1bN1B28	10 May	05	HHL			*	Grid	
PAME	ELA									
1.	7	C21eN1RRB32	17 July	82	HHL					
PANT	ANO									
	6		15 July	81	*					
2.	5	C21bN1RRB27 $\frac{1}{2}$	30 Jan	82	HHL	29 Aug	88	NLP		
3.	5	$C1bA1BBR26\frac{1}{2}$	15 July	94	SHD	20 Sept	94	JOT		
4.	3	С	2 Apr	11	?					
PARA										
		C1bN1B27 $\frac{1}{2}$								
		C1bT1B29½	3 Oct	07	HHL	7 Oct	10	SHD	Grid	
PARK										
1.			22 Apr							2
			3 Feb						Oval grid	
	4		25 Jan							
	4		3 July							
	4	C	28 Jan	10	NLP					
PATA			9 Ma	9	CIID					3
$\frac{1}{2}$ .	4	C1bN1B27½	? Nov			1 Nov	07	?	Grid	3
3.	3	C1bT1B29	16 May 23 Sept		SHD ?	2 Nov	10		GIId	3
3. 4.	3	C C	4 Jan			11 Nov				
PAYS			TJail	10	MINI	II NOV	11	DIID		
1.	6	C21e3N1rrB33 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	13 Jan	85	?	2 July	86	HHL		3
2.	6	C1bN1B26	11 May			2 July 24 ?	88			O
3.		C1bN1BBR26 $\frac{1}{2}$	? ?		) SHD	<u> </u>	55	1111		3
4.	4	C1bT1B28	21 Jan	01	* *					4
5.	2	C C	19 Dec		?	21 Dec	11	?		-
			20 200							

### Notes:

- 1. Three known with same date.
- 2. Earliest listed is with 3-cent "71 stamped envelope
- 3. Earliest listed is on piece.
- 4. Earliest listed is a receiving mark.



#### EDITOR'S COMMENTS

Well, friends, here we are in another brand new year. 1974! It still doesn't sound just write, and I'll be writing 1973 on my checks for the next few months, but we'll all get used to it in time. I can't remember a year when there were quite so many ominous sounding predictions being made about the way we live, and in particular of course, consume energy. The stories out of Portland, Oregon, this first week of the new year have been exceptionally startling. Long lines at the gas pump, rationing by individual service station operators, and hundreds of people stranded without gasoline all sound like very bad news. It does seem a little unfair that the people of the Beaver State, who led the rest of us in self-imposed energy conservation measures, should be the first among us to suffer acutely from the pinch at the pump.

Now, we all know that this column is not the place to discuss subjects like the energy shortage. I could make an attempt to legitimize my thoughts by tying the likely increase in time we all spend at home to a plea for an expansion of postal history research efforts, but that's a little like rubbing salt in the wound so I won't do that. As a public service, though, I can not help but mention that practically all the materials one has need of to undertake postal history research can be obtained by mail. For example, the postal route maps described herein are an excellant starting point for some types of investigations. I won't belabor this. You've heard it all before, but if any of you think that now is the time that you might like to get involved with a postal history project, just drop me a line and I'll be only too happy to lend you a hand.

There are a few good pieces of postal history on hand for our forthcoming issues. We have Johnson County, Wyoming; the catalog listing for Clatsop County, Oregon; a brief survey of the post offices of the Dutch Harbor, Alaska area; and the Montana Territorial listing which is in the final stages of preparation. WE NEED MORE!!! How about some information on the postal past or present of Utah, or Nevada, or Idaho, or Washington? What about some RPO or express studies? Do any of you have special knowledge of cancellation devices? Why not review a recent postal history publication for us? There are just so many different kinds of things that an interested person could become involved with, it is impossible to list them. Seriously, my friends, give some thought to getting involved. I can't offer you any financial reward, but the rewards will be there just the same.

My heartiest wishes to each of you for a prosperous new year. RICHARD W. HELBOCK, 1635 Mariposa Drive, Las Cruces, NM 88001

